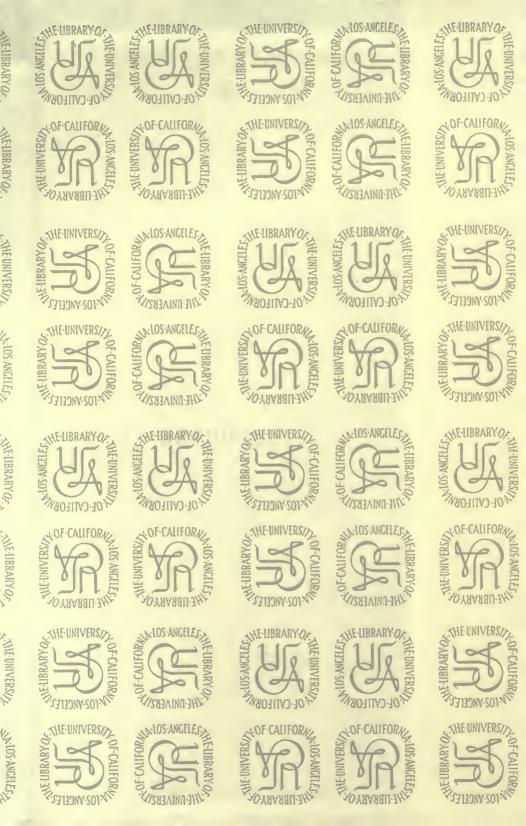
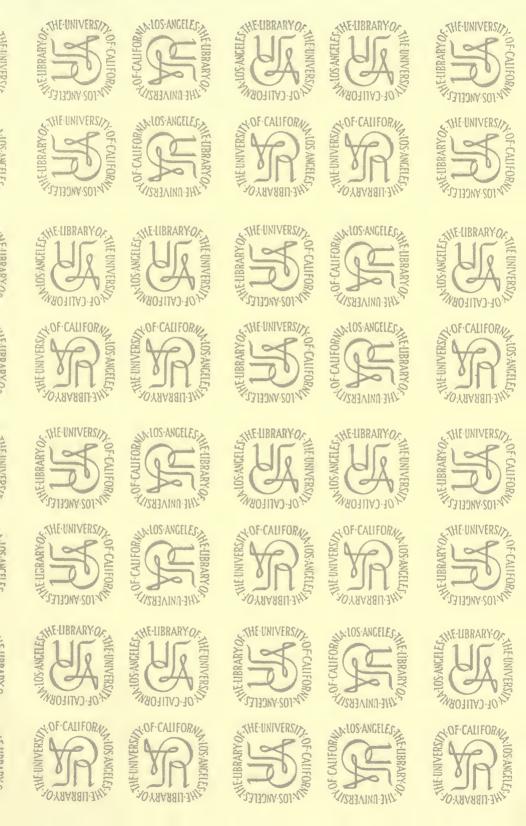


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ANALYTICAL READER.

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SHORT METHOD

FOR

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LEARNING TO READ AND WRITE CHINESE,

BY

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REV. W. A. P. MARTIN. D. D.

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OF

THE AMERICAN PRESBYTERIAN MISSION.

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PART I.—THE METHOD

For euphony's sake I have called it *Short*; though in strictness, the adjective ought to have been placed in the comparative degree. There is no *positively* short road to an acquaintance with Chinese. But the method explained and illustrated in the following pages proposes, in some measure, to abridge the labor.

This it effects in two ways-

First, by furnishing the student with precisely those characters which he needs to know;

Secondly, by laying them open to the eye, and impressing them

on the memory.

In neither of these respects does it lay claim to entire originality, nor is it a doubtful experiment. It treads in a safe path, at the entrance of which the natives have planted finger-boards, though they have not pursued it quite as far as we propose to venture.

They discovered the needle; it was reserved for others to use it in crossing the ocean. They analyze with beautiful simplicity a few scores of family names—we seize the hint and launch into the sea of words, confident that it shows us the way to the further shore. They select a thousand characters as a capital for beginners; and with a view to aiding the memory, combine them into verse. We borrow the idea, and duly acknowledging our obligation, proceed, as we believe, to improve upon it. Their thousand were taken at random; we take twice the number, and select them by a regular process which required years of painstaking. They govern the distribution by no laws but those of metre. We too arrange them in verse; but dispose them in such a manner that they are presented to the learner in a steady gradation, according to the frequency of their occurrence. These, and other leading features, require further elucidation.

1. The Selection of Characters.

Several years ago I commenced a volume, on a plan somewhat similar to that of the present work. Its progress was interrupted by a voyage to America; but when I returned, I was enabled to resume the task on a better basis. At first I had been guided in the selection of characters by no surer rule than the judgment of a Chinese scribe, who culled them from the pages of K'anghi's Dictionary. I was now favored with a list, formed on scientific principles, in which every character was placed with numerical precision according to the frequency of its use.

For this, I was indebted to Mr. Wm. Gamble, Superintendent of

the Presbyterian Mission Press.

Mr. Gamble prepared it for a purpose very different from mine, viz. to ascertain the proportion in which the several letters would be required in casting a font of metallic type; and to determine in what order the types should be arranged, so as to bring those in most common use, nearest to the hand of the compositor Both of these ends it succeeded in effecting—preventing a waste of metal in casting useless type, and increasing the rapidity of "composition". But it was obvious that a collection arranged with such elaborate care might be adapted to a higher end—to save the time expended in learning rare or useless characters, and abbreviate for foreign students, or Chinese pupils the tedious task of acquiring the written language. The process by which these tables were constructed is well stated by Mr. Gamble, in an "Introduction", the greater part of which I take the liberty of transcribing, for the sake of the information it contains.

"In order to the better understanding of the following lists of selected characters, it is necessary to give some explanation of the manner in which they have been prepared, and of the object

which has been kept in view in their preparation.

"When the art of printing first sprung up in the Western world, printers found it necessary to compute the relative frequency with which each letter of the alphabet occurred in order to ascertain how many type of each sort it would be necessary to cast, so that there should not be too many of one letter and too few of another. Thus for ordinary English book work the proportion of each letter in a fount are, of e 12000, of t 9000, of a 8500, of i n o and s, each 8000, of r 6200; while k only occurs 800 times, q 500, j and k 400, and k but 200. They also in arranging them in cases, placed those that occurred most frequently in adjoining compartments and near the hand of the compositor, for the purpose of thereby promoting rapidity in the composition or setting up of the type.

"But in China the use of metallic type has been of such modern

date, that little has as yet been done towards ascertaining the relative frequency with which characters occur in the general literature of this peculiar language. This remark holds good even with reference to its christain literature, which is now becoming pretty extensive, and in which those who are engaged in missionary operations are more particularly interested. In consequence therefore of the want of correct data on which to form a scale, as printers call it, of the characters in the written language, the method hitherto in use, of arranging founts of Chinese metallic type, has been such that not only have the type themselves taken up much room, but the compositor in going from case to case for each type has unavoidably consumed so much time, as thereby to render composition both expensive and tedious.

"With the view therefore of making some improvement upon the former method of arrangement, as well as of ascertaining how many of the 40919 characters contained in K'ang-hi's Dictionary are in common use, especially in the class of books used and published by those engaged in the Missionary work; an examination was made of 4166 octavo pages; including the whole Bible together with twenty seven other publications printed at our press, and embracing in the aggregate nearly one million two hundred thousand characters. In conducting this examination two Chinese scholars were employed for two years each, and it was carried on in such a manner as to secure as much accuracy as

possible. The result is shown in the two following lists.

"The first list which is arranged in the usual manner by Radicals and Strokes, contains every character which occurs in the above mentioned books, amounting in number only to 5150 different characters. The number of times each of these characters occurred is placed opposite to it in figures, which when added together show an aggregate of 1166473 characters. It may here be proper to add that in the Scriptures containing the total number of 676827 characters there were found 4141 different ones. In the Old Testament there are in all 503663 characters and 3946 different ones; the version used being that printed at the London Mission press. In the New Testament there are in all 173164 characters and 2713 different ones; the version used being that printed at the Presbyterian Mission press.

"That so few characters are of general use as is shown by this statement may seem somewhat incredible to those who have not examined the subject, and who having been accustomed to hear the number of characters in the Chinese language stated to be forty to eighty thousand, suppose that in order to be able to read or translate Chinese books, a knowledge of some tens of thousands of characters is absolutely necessary. Our calculations are however corroborated by the author of the Chinese work called the 十三經集字

Shih san king tsih ts who states that the E Four Books contain 2328 different characters; the E Five Classics contain 2426 different characters which do not occur in the Four Books, and that the whole number of different characters in the Thirteen Classics is 6544. This includes 928 rare or obsolete characters occur in the Four Books, and that the whole number of different characters in the Thirteen Classics is 6544.

curring in the 爾雅 Ready Guide, almost all of which might be

omitted, thus leaving less than 6000 characters.

"The SECOND LIST, like the first one, consists of all the characters different from each other that are to be found in the total number examined, but here it is intended to exhibit them arranged according to their numerical use, or the relative frequency with which they occur. For this purpose they are divided into fifteen groups, in each of which is contained all the characters occurring between a certain number of times each, as, between 1000 and 10000 times each, between 900 and 1000 times each, between 800 and 900 times each, and so on of the others. The first group, however, has all those that occurred over 10000 times each; and the fifteenth group includes the 850 mentioned above as taken from another list, which ought properly to be placed in a group by themselves.

"The group—the number of different characters in each group—their minimum and maximum numbers—together with the total number of times that the characters of each group occurred:

is shown in the following table:—

			~			
Group.	No.	Different	Cha.	Min. & Max	. Nos.	Totals.
1st.	de es es es	13	wa ee ee	_ 1	0000	214156
2d.		224		1000 -1	0000	563126
3d.		16		900 -	1000	15150
4th.	~	19		800 -	900	16344
5th.		44		700 -	800	32757
6th.	~~~	47		600 -	700	31167
7th.	~ ~ ~ ~	59	-1-	500 -	600	32116
8th.		99		_ 400 -	500	44258
9th.	~~~	112		300 -	400	38024
10th.		197		200 -	300	47932
11th.		400		_ 100 -	200	56627
12th.		207		75 -	100	17637
13th.		301		50 -	75	18508
14th.	44	547		25 -	50	19497
15th.		3715		. 1-	25	19036
		0000				7.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.
		6000				1166335

"As the result of this investigation two most inp rtant facts to the printer are established. First: that five or six thousand well selected characters are sufficient for all practical purposes; which is, about one-seventh of what is in the language. This has been long known in China, but appears to have been overlooked by those interested in such matters in Europe. Second: that a very few characters, from the great frequency with which they occur, constitute the great body of those in a book, and that the great majority occur exceedingly seldom. Thus, as already stated, the first group has 13 characters which were found to occur in the whole number examined 214156 times, which is more than onesixth of the whole. Again putting the two first groups together there are 237 characters whose sum is 777282, which is considerably more than one-half of the whole. And again putting the first eight groups together we have 521 characters whose sum is 949074, or nearly nine-elevenths of the whole. On the other hand, the last or fifteenth group has (after deducting the 850 which should not be in this group) 2865 characters, which were found to occur in the whole number examined 19036 times, or less than one-sixtieth of the whole. And again if we add the fourteenth and fifteenth groups together we have 3410 characters, whose sum is 38533 or only about one-thirtieth of the whole. The character Z Che, alone occurs 42068 times which is oftener than the sum total of these 3410 characters.

"From a knowledge of these facts we have been enabled to arrange a large fount of Chinese metallic type in so compact a manner that the compositor can reach any type he wants without moving more than a step in any direction; and by having placed, say five hundred, of the most numerous characters together, he has more than three-fourths of all he uses just under his hand, almost as conveniently as a fount of Roman type are arranged in an English printing office. The result of this arrangement has been to render the work of the compositor at least three times as rapid and cheap as it could be done under the old arrangement of the fount."

It is certain that the proportions of Mr. Gamble's list will hold good, with very little alteration, for the entire range of classical Chinese, all the works examined, having been revised by native writers on classic models; though they would undergo considerable modification, if applied to the Mandarin or other vernacular dialects. They not only confirm the observation of that early Sinologue Premare, that "a good knowledge of four or five thousand characters is sufficient for all ordinary purposes," but furnish

us with a safe guide in selecting that limited number.

 Λ word as to the form, in which these characters are marshalled.

Solon published his laws in verse; and for the same reason a judicious mother makes rhyme the vehicle of her nursery lessons. We thus remember the length of the months, long lines of kings, and many detached facts, which might long since have been given to the winds, but for the jingling chain that binds them together. Two senseless syllables imprint on the brain the colors of the solar spectrum; and longer, but equally senseless words serve to fix in memory the classifications of Grammar and the formulas of Logic. How much more powerful the association, when sense, sound and rythm are all combined! We have then a "three-fold cord not easily broken". With such a bond I have sought to connect these pearls, collected as it were from the ocean sands.

The credit of executing the plan is due, in no small degree, to my Chinese scribe, *Ho Sien-sheng*, a Bachelor of Nankin; and whatever defects attach to mine, I am sure, competent judges will agree that he has performed his part with exquisite skill.

He was placed under more embarrassing restrictions than those imposed on themselves by the monkish triflers of the middle ages, or our own acrostic and alliterative poets of the last two centuries.

The first law of the composition, as of its native model, the 千字文 Ts'ien ts wen, was that each word should occur but once. The second, that he should confine himself to two thousand characters previously collected.

The third, that this limited number was to be subdivided into parcels of a few hundreds each, beyond which he was not at liberty

to expatiate.

With all these disadvantages to contend against, in addition to the restraints of verse, Ho Sien-sheng has succeeded in producing a poem, the first half of which is almost as lucid and free, as it could have been, if the treasures of the Lexicon had been placed at his disposal. The latter part, from the nature of the case, is a little more obscure, but it reflects no less credit on the ingenuity of the composer.

The author of the *Ts'ien ts wen*, if tradition is to be believed, might have adopted the language of the Prisoner of Chillon.

"My hair is grey; but not with years,
Nor grew it white
In a single night
As men's have grown from sudden fears".

They "grew white in a single night", but it was in consequence of the exertion required in arranging in a poetical form, a thousand arbitrary words—a task imposed on him by a despotic master. Ho

and I, who only fungor vice cotis, may not exhibit the same outward demonstration of our labors; but we have experienced enough to believe the story of our predecessor in the thorny path*

II. The Analysis of Characters.

The object of this part is to introduce the foreign learner to the orthography of the language, and to supply the Chinese with

what they have never had—a Spelling Book.

The want of that elementary manual, may excite Surprise, but the reason is obvious. Their language, is not, as ours, essentially phonetic; and the analysis of its sounds affords no clue to the composition of its characters. With us orthoepy and orthography are intimately connected, and mutually aid each other, though they are far from coinciding. In China, they altogether part company; one speaks wholly to the ear, the other addresses itself entirely to the eye. The system of fan ts'ih relates to the former; the latter, which is incomparably more difficult, has to be learned without the aid of any system. The dictionary presents each character as a whole, and sometimes gives its component parts by way of conjecture as to its origin. But a simple manual, which proceeds from the parts to the whole, presenting first the elements, and then the words resulting from their combination, is still a desideratum.

There is proof too, that the want has been felt; at least in one small class of words: and in the same contracted corner, an expedient has sprung up which is worthy of being employed on a more extended scale. Custom requires the Chinese, on meeting to ask each other for their family names; but many of them being similar in sound, as among ourselves, Lee, Lea, Mc.Lean, Mc.Lain, Mac.Lane, &c. it was found difficult to understand the

answers without some further description. Thus: Q. What is the name of your illustrious family?

Ans. The name of my ignoble line is Chang.

Q. How is it written?

Ans. It is Stand up early chang, not long bow chang; i. e. it is the chang composed of 立 and 早 not that composed of 弓 and 長: it is 章 not 張.

* A native author thus relates the origin of that curious work.

太平廣記云梁武帝於大王書中搨一千字不重者每字片紙雜碎無序召周與嗣謂之曰卿有才思為我韻之與嗣一夕編綴進上鬢髮皆白

The Chings and Changs are by this means distinguished into numerous clans, each wearing its own livery.

The following is a table of the surnames, which are thus fami-

liarly analyzed.

FAMILY NAMES ANALYZED.

	姓	氏	俗		解	
人	可可	何	古	月	乃于	古月
弓	長	張				
			子一	系		孫
耳	東	陳	.=	馬		馮
立	早	章	水	王		汪
言	午.	許	圈	古		周
人	未	余	人	專		傅
走	肖	趙	求	衣		裘
木	子	李	西	貝		賈
立	里	童	禾	呈		程
魚	包	愈	魚	日		魯
木	易	楊	由	共		黄
水	I	江	雙	木		林
肿	曷	葛	言	甚		諶
成	Ш	盛	道	眞		愼
人	見	倪	未	撇		朱
八一	木	米	區	欠		區太
言	者	諸	木	土		杜

享耳	郭	肿 祭	萘
門耳	聞	木 每	梅
丘 山	岳	龍共	龔
口 天	吳	曲日	曹
卯 金 刀	劉	方人也	施
八王女	姜	言身寸	謝

This is Spelling; and if names are thus spelled out, in order to enable the hearer to write them properly, why may not other characters be subjected to the same treatment? The majority are capable of a neat division into two or three elements, each of which is a distinct whole having its own sound and sense. In this case there can hardly be a doubt as to the advantage of

applying the solvent.

But there are cases in which its expediency is less clear. Where an element is neither an integer nor a radical, I have sometimes thought it worthy of separate attention, on account of its frequent occurrence in other combinations. And again where these imperfect elements closely resemble certain characters; as the parts of 民 differ but slightly from 口 Ke'u and 氏 Shū, I have thought it safe to borrow the names of those characters for the sake of preserving the recollection of that resemblance, leaving the difference to be learned by observation. It is better to run the risk of learning them with a trifling error than not to learn them at all. So the natives have thought, who give 耳東 as the components of 東 and 口天 as those of 吳。

I may as well remark here, that the whole design of this little manual is to aid the student in getting the characters as they are now written; not to serve him as a guide to their etymology. For that, he must penetrate deeper than the forms of the living present, exhume fossils, pursue them through successive ages, and divers meta norphoses; and then become acquainted, not with families, as in the languages of western Asia, but with individuals, an employment certainly not the most edifying for a beginner. Our analysis will familiarize him with the composition of characters; but it

will be for the vulgar end of enabling him to read and write, not the gratification of philological curiosity. It agrees in the main, with the distinction of radicals and primitives; but it does not proceed on it as a basis, because that would be fatal to the end in view, which be it remembered, is orthography—not etymology. This compels us to place the upper element before the lower, and the left before the right, irrespective of the position of the radical, because this is the order which the natives observe in writing.

To begin with the radical, would be like spelling an English word by beginning with the root or suffix. Again, in dissecting characters with this view, it is of less moment to hit the joints than to divide them in such a manner that they may readily be

recomposed. It is easier to spell cy-clops, than cycl-ops

III. The Translation.

A translation injurious to a lad, may be highly beneficial to a person of mature judgment. It is for such only, that the present is made; and for so terse a composition, something of the kind is not merely a convenience, but a necessity. The style is exceedingly elliptical, and with all the aid of native teachers, and dictionaries, the learner would be liable to lose the meaning of many a sentence. This translation, though not superseding those indispensable auxiliaries, is so constructed, as in a degree, to perform the office of both.

The mode of rendering is determined by the end proposed. If that were to introduce the reader, to a Chinese poem, I should choose those expressious best suited to represent its thoughts and spirit. But the end is the study of words; and this obliges me reddere verbum verbo.

As far as the sense would admit, I have given only the fundamental significations, leaving the reader to infer those that are collateral and derivative. For instance, \(\frac{1}{2}\) is rendered \(\life{life}\); and this places him in possession of its other meanings, such as \(\live{live}\), to \(\live{leget}\), \(\live{leget}\), \(\live{leget}\), \(\lefta \) born &c. Each character, in general, may thus play several parts—appearing without any change of form, as a substantive, adjective, verb, or adverb, according to its position in a sentence—a feature of the language, which makes the knowledge of two thousand an important acquisition.

Words introduced to complete the sense, excepting particles and

pronouns, are printed in italics.

The order of the text has been strictly adhered to, and each line represented by a verse in the translation; so that the reader can easily ascertain what words and characters correspond—an arrangement which renders it equally available for a student of either language.

This rule, which in any language would be fatal to the elegance of a translation, is peculiarly embarassing in Chinese; and while endeavoring to make it strictly literal it has sometimes been necessary to neglect a grammatical idiom in order to give due relief to the idea of each particular character.

IV. The mode of study.

The student may learn the characters from the simple text by the help of the translation, and the elements from the table in Part III. marking opposite to each its sound as given by a Chinese teacher according to the dialect which he desires to cultivate. When the first chapter is completed, some book, say the christain = \Rightarrow which is much easier than the native work of the same name, or one of the Gospels, may be taken up by way of practice. The student will be surprised to find himself already in possession of more than one half of the characters. On completing the second chapter, he would have more than nine tenths, and on arriving at the end of the fourth chapter, he will make the pleasing discovery that in any ordinary book the unknown characters are few.

The reading of native tracts on moral subjects* will then prove an agreeable pastime; and the Confucian Classics, with this preparation, will be found less arduous than they are usually regarded.

In order to acquire a thorough mastery of these staple characters, it would be well for the student to proceed to Part III, and apply himself to their orthography. For this purpose he should prepare a blank book ruled in columns answering to the vertical lines of the Chinese. In this the sounds and sense of the characters, and their elements should be written down; placing the elements first. Thus:—

Yih | Muh | We One | Wood | Not-yet &c.

One or two lines might he taken as a lesson; the sounds committed to memory precisely as a column in an English spelling book; and the characters recomposed by combining the elements.

* The following are some of the most elegant and popular.

朱子家訓 Chu-ts' Family Monitor.

關帝覺世經 Kwan-ti's Classic for Wakening the World.

文昌陰篇文 Wen-chang's Essay on Providence.

太上 感 應 篇 Tai-shang's tract on Retribution.

戒海女文 A Dissuasive Essay on the Drowning of Daughters.

It should not be regarded as learned until all the characters can be reproduced from the written sounds, without reference to the printed text. To aid in fixing these select characters in the mind, at once and forever, a kind of mnemonics will be found of great service. The student should invent them for himself; seizing on any association, however absurd, which may happen to strike his fancy. The following may serve as specimens.

MNEMONICS.

推 心 隹 The ONLY needful—an excellent heart.

大 一人 GREAT—one-man, the Emperor.

天 一大 HEAVEN—the one great.

批 土也 The EARTH is earth.

洲 水也 A POND is water.

海 水每 The SEA—water everywhere.

秋 火禾 AUTUMN—fire in the rice fields.

盖 羊口 Good—a lamb-like mouth.

亞 近 EVII—an inferior heart.

林示 PROHIBITION—showing two trees and forbidding one.

性 心生 NATURE—the heart born with us.

水型 火西土 SMOKE (of opium)—the fire of the western dirt.

里耳口王 The SAGE—a prince with ear and mouth i. e. a great teacher.

The Chinese see in 為 a resemblance to 馬 and describe it as 馬 為 ma we; why may not we, in 來 to come, see 从人士 three men coming to a cross road? In 從 to follow, see 從 five men following an augur &c.?

Associations arbitrary and ludicrous are sanctioned by native usage; and the foreign student would do well not to despise them.

When the two thousand characters are thoroughly mastered, it will be of great advantage to go over them, writing under each such others as may be connected with it, by regular derivation,

or casual resemblance. Thus:

未 Suggests	木末水珠抹妹 &c.	
生:	性姓星醒腥笙產 & @	·
民	The state of the s	
來	徐萊賚 &c.	
前		
有		
<u></u>	上上上上上。	
帝		

The habit of thus grouping on a familiar basis, all the characters, the student may be able to recall, will augment the amount of his treasures, and confirm him in their possession. In this manner, the original number may easily be tripled or quadrupled.

An appropriate sequel to the study of these common characters, will be that of the several styles in which they are written.

These are six in number.

1. The clear square letter usually preferred in books, and so called from the dynasty of Sung, under which it came in vogue in connexion with the art of printing, then first invented.

- 2. 档 書 The Pattern style—the happy mean between the stiff sharp angles of the foregoing, and the wavy, flowing, but uncertain lines of the two following. The most important documents are always engrossed in *Kiai-shu*; and large works are frequently printed in it.
 - 3. 行書 Running-hand—that employed in ordinary business.
- 4. ‡ The grass letter—running hand run wild, so as to resemble entangled grass. Though courtesy requires the scholar to apply the name of ts'au ts as a depreciative epithet to any specimen of his own chirography; to attain grace and ease in the management of this style is an object of ambition.
- 5. Fig. an ornamental hand formerly employed in engrossing official documents, whence the name; though for that purpose, it has now given place to the *Kiai-shu*. It is still much used however, for scrolls, monumental inscriptions, and book-prefaces.
- 6. Figure 13 by foreigners called the Seal character on account of its most frequent use. It is also much used for inscriptions on monuments and in adorning the title pages of books.

The 1st. 2nd. and 5th. stand related to each other somewhat

as the Roman, Italic, and Black-letter of our letter press.

The 3rd., 4th., and 6th., may be compared to the Round hand, Running hand, and German text of our chirography. But while, in our own printing and penmanship; all the varieties may be learned, by a little attention to the comparison of a few forms; to acquire a knowledge of the different styles in Chinese, is a labor of more difficulty. It requires the careful comparison of of some hundreds of leading forms, and in addition to this, the

aid of constant practice.

But this is a task which the student will hardly feel himself at liberty to decline. For without it, he is liable to be confounded, not merely confused, by constantly meeting his old friends in new disguises. Not only will he be perplexed by inscriptions on monuments, which he meets in travelling, and the prefaces or title-pages of elegant works; but the proclamation of a mandarin, the bill of a shop-keeper, or the letter of a native friend, will prove an annoying puzzle. The foreign student of German may indulge his tastes, without troubling himself to decipher reams of handschrift; but if resident on the banks of the Rhine he would find it somewhat inconvenient not to be able to learn for himself the contents of a familiar note. For the resident in China, the styles of business and correspondence are equally indispensable.

The six styles are arranged in the order of their importance. The first is that used in the text and analysis; and the reader will have the advantage of seeing it in at least two sizes of type.

Of the others, specimens and exercises are included in Part III. and for materials to practice on, the learner needs be at no loss. Monuments, sign-boards, prefaces, and letters—old ones which a native friend may submit to his perusal—will all come to his aid and further his progress.

VI. Use in Schools.

With us the first stages in climbing the hill of knowledge are so gentle that the young scholar saunters on unconscious of effort. In China they are so precipitous, that a large proportion of those who attempt the ascent, fall back in despair. To grade the steep, facilitate the acquisition of the elements of education, and promote the efficiency of christian schools was my prime object in preparing the Chinese portion of this work.

Via trita via tuta is a good maxim; but it should not prevent us mending the "old paths". That they have been trodden by the feet of millions is no evidence that they are incapable of improvement. Foreigners in China have not felt compelled to use wooden blocks in printing their books, just because the Chinese have done so ever since the invention of printing. And if metallic

types and revolving presses are improvements on the native mode of manufacturing books, why should it be taken as a foregone conclusion that the foreigner can suggest no better method for ac-

quiring a knowledge of their contents?

Is it not a fact that the majority of pupils in Chinese schools, never succeed in learning to read and write? And is it not an equally significant fact, that the man who can read fluently, and write correctly is regarded as a scholar? The apparatus for obtaining knowledge passes for learning, and rudiments are esteemed accomplishments.

To a certain extent this is owing to the difficulty of the written language, which is not much easier for the native, than it is for the foreign student; but it is due in part to imperfections in

the method of teaching.

A boy of eight summers attired for the occasion, in robes of ceremony, selecting a lucky day, enters on the career of a scholar, by doing obeisance to his teacher, and kneeling before the picture of Confucius. A book is placed in his hands, and he is taught the sounds of some half a dozen characters. These learned, he hands the book to the teacher, and turning his back recites his lesson in a sing-song tone, keeping time like a pendulum by the vibrations of his body. Day after day, he goes on cramming his memory with sounds and forms until he can patter off the Four Books and the Book of Odes as glibly as a breviary. But all this time he has not obtained the glimmering of an idea. He has got the symbols of thought, but not the thoughts.

This ordeal passed, he is deemed worthy of initiation into higher mysteries. The veil is gradually withdrawn, and a ray of light shed on each of those dull figures, kindling them into life, and transforming empty sounds into the articulate voices of human

language.

The intellect of the lad feels the stimulus, and wakes as from a hibernation; while his faculties unfold like the buds of Spring. Reading becomes a pleasure; and he delights to employ those signs—not till now significant—for the expression of his own

thoughts.

But how many youth are compelled by poverty to quit school before the dawn of this cheering period! And how many more toil on for years in unalleviated darkness because they are too dull to complete the preliminary process to the satisfaction of their teachers! What would be thought of the school-master who should compel his pupils to commit the Iliad to memory before translating a line? Yet this is precisely the time-honored system of the Chinese; and it is doing it no wrong to charge it with perpetrating the crime of mental infanticide on an enormous scale.

A partial remedy applied in many mission schools, is to require the teacher to deviate so far from the beaten track as to connect the sense of each character with its form and sound in the very commencement of his instructions. A further melioration would be to furnish the student with a selection of those characters in most common use, as the readiest way to the treasures of knowledge; and to teach him from the first to *spell* each one as an aid to memory, and a preparation for writing.

How far the first of these conditions will be met by the follow-collection may be inferred from the account already given of the principles on which it is formed, and whether the second will be answered by the analytical method, may also be inferred from the explantion on a previous page. It only remains therefore, to add

an observation or two in regard to the mode of teaching.

Who of us does not remember the young emulation which impelled us to learn pages of words, before we had any appreciation of their value, merely from the hope of standing at the head of a spelling-class? How intense the feeling grew when the school was divided into parties, and the combatants entered the lists two and two; the victorious boy, wearing his honors as proudly as a

champion of the ring!

The Chinese system of education is not destitute of this stimulus. The more advanced students contend for academic and civil honors with an ardor unsurpassed in any country. But it is wanting at that stage, at which an incentive is most needed. In the early portion of his course, each pupil pursues a solitary path, receives instruction alone, and recites alone, knowing little and caring less as to the progress of his fellows. In most primary schools, the class organization is wholly unknown, and the teacher repeats for each individual an amount of toil which would suffice for a whole form. By this mode of spelling these inconveniences may be obviated—the spur applied to the pupil, and labor saved to the teacher: classes may be formed, and recitations conducted precisely as in an English school, though in learning their lessons, pupils will require an amount of oral instruction, which is not called for in a language whose orthography is more purely phonetic.

An experiment made in our mission school while these sheets were passing through the press has proved highly satisfactory. In the morning, the teacher calls a class before him and gives them the sound and sense of the characters and their elements, and then requires them to copy the lesson into a book provided for the purpose in order to impress it on the memory, and accustom them to writing. In the afternoon he summons them to recite. He pronounces a character of the text, and the first pupil responds by giving its elements. The next character is analy-

zed by the second boy, and so on, until some one makes a mistake; when the character is passed on, and the boy who succeeds in spelling it correctly is promoted to the place of him who failed.

The exercise proves novel and exciting; and some of the boys who previously appeared indifferent as to progress, have begun to apply themselves with diligence. Memoriter recitation, definition of characters, translation into the Mandarin or vernacular dialect, and writing on the black-board, are additional exercises in which it is sought to inspire the pupils with the same emulation, and so render their progress pleasant as well as thorough.

I conclude this introduction with a statement of Ching Siensheng, a Nankin Siu-ts'ai, who is in charge of the school. "Since having the care of a school, I have often grieved over the difficulty experienced by young pupils in learning the points and strokes of our letters. Lately however a work has been prepared, entitled Jin-ts-sing-fah-"A new Method for Learning Characters". The method consists in resolving one character into several, and combining several into one. The most frequent characters in the Four Books and Five Classics are thus elucidated, so that the student not only learns them with little trouble, but gets at the ideas which gave birth to the characters. Moreover in learning one, he obtains a knowledge of three. I have employed this method in the instruction of my pupils and found it both expeditious and thorough".*

^{· *.} Part III. is published in a separate form for the use of schools.



PART II.

THE TEXT AND TRANSLATION.

常字雙千

CONSTANT CHARACTERS, A COUPLE OF THOUSANDS,

NOTE. .

Chap I. Contains 237 characters which occur, from 1000, to 10000 times, in the books examined, and the three following from the next group. 臺 温 日

Chap II. Contains 587 characters which occur from 200 to 1000 times, with the addition of the five following from the

next groups. 其邀 僭恭讓

Chap III. Contains 570 characters, which occur from 75 to 200 times, and six additional from the next groups. 稽均 終

Chap IV. Contains the the most frequent characters in the remaining groups, with an intermixture of useful characters com-

piled from other sources—in all 608. See page 4. The sum total of the four chapters is 2016.

The sounds are given according to the current Mandarin.

The vowels are those of the German, except that i and e before n and ng have the force of i in fin, and u in fun, s, ts, ch, and sh standing alone, have a strong sibillation, as in rats, church, pass, hush whenthe sound is prolonged.

The Greek aspirate represents a breathing, which can only be

learned from the living teacher.

<i>,</i>	造	•		
第 ti 一 yih	生 sheng 民 ming	日 jih 力 lih	亦 yih	も 復使 な な な な な な え な え は れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ れ
章 chang 論 len 古 ku		先 sien 開 p'ih 大 t'ien 地 ti	為 we 靈 ling	女 ni 分 hi 坐 wang 事 sh
	惟 we 一 yih 眞 chen	萬 wan 物 wuh 多 to	命 ming 處 ch'u 賜 ts'	謂 we 之 ch 日 yuih
	新 shin 無 wu 聖 sheng 能 neng	焉 yien 旣 ki 希 hi 目 ts'ia		夫 爾我 如 ju
	比 pi	量 i	显 yü	白 ts

CHAPTER. I.

DISCOURSES OF THE ANCIENT BEGINNINGS.

Creation

1.

Not-yet to life were people come, Before existed the Supreme Ruler, Only One True God, No holy one can compare with him.

2.

Six days he mightily wrought, First divided Heaven and Earth, Myriads of things multiplied (0),^a Both rare AND strange.

3.

Then also tempered clay,
Intending to make a spiritual being,
Decreed his place in the bestowed possession,
By thousands and hundreds all things gave.

4.

Again he sent one to order the family, Woman (0) went to serve him, And calling him, said, "Husband, Thou and I are as one self".

堕				
5 惡 fan fan f so	6 告 kau 三 yuin 可 k'o	中 chung 傳 chuan 亞 ya 伯 peh	以 i 致 ch 彼 pe 族 ts'uh	少意 i fe sih
好 wu 不 puh 立 lih 子 yü	或 hwoh 當 tang 見 kien 耳 r	羊 yang 祭 tsi 信 sing 心 sin	但 tan 安 an 利 li 名 ming	其 k'i 僕 p'oh 已 i 明 ming
然 jan	即 wen jien proper	長 chang 子 ts 若 joh 兄 hiung	愛 ai 身 shin 尼 niih 色 sah	即 tsih 由 yiu 是 sh 時 sh
勿 wuh 聽 t'ing 手 sheu 取 k'ü	得 tah 罪 tsue 因 yin 此 ts:	敵 tih 殺 shah 及 kih		大ta 水 shue 匹 s 行 hing

The Fall.

5.

Of all which they desired (0),
There was nothing not instantly granted,
Yet wished they the good and evil fruit,
They must-not listen to the hand's taking it.

6.

One informed them saying "Can eat, Perhaps you ought to see" (0), They heard the words, felt and took, Getting sin was because-of this.

7.

Their second son b Abel (2) Sheep offered, with a believing heart, Their elder (longer) son, as elder-brother, Vengefully killed him; thus it is till now.

8.

So caused that race, Solely to rest in gain and name, To love the body and dote-on beauty, Multiply horses and gather gold.

9.

The Father's mind was-not as formerly, His servant already clearly-saw, Then from that time, The great waters to the four quarters went.

10 卷 küin 撒 sah 全 ts'üin 死 s	Il 居 kü 八 pah 從 ts'ung 七 ts'ih,	降 放 放 数 ku 又 yiu 督 toh kiau	13 等 teng 間 kien 于 yü 三 san	14 相 siang 約 yoh 果 chung 士 s
何 ho 問 wen 停 ch'ai	各 koh · 拉 la 入 juh 門 men	甚 sheng 加 kia 世 sh 漏 fuh	倫 len 出 ch'uh 於 yü 五 wu	少 pih 知 ch 理 li 數 su
第 ti 歸 kwe 方 fang 蓋 kai		降 kiang 下 hia 耶 ye 穌 su	華 hwa 年 nien 至 ch 殿 tien	節 tsih 禮 li 宇 sheu
則 tsah 同 t'ung 義 i 人 jin		斯 s 實 shih 救 kiu 丰 chu	在 tsai 自 hwe sheu 書 shu	司 s 十 shih . 二 r 徒 t'u

10.

Whirled, scattered, the whole world died— Why ask for classes and companies! But those who turned to the square shelter, Then were the same-with righteous men.

11.

The dwellers eight, their followers (the animals) were by sevens, Each drew *them* into the gate.

Redemption.

12.

Therefore again, *He* watched-over taught, And greatly adding to the world's happiness, Sent down Jesus, (2)
He *is* really the Saving Lord.

13.

In rank, the midst of Three, In relations he came-out of the Five, " In the flower of his years, came-to the temple, In the assembly, he received the books.

14.

He joined in covenant many scholars, Certainly understood principles and numbers, Regulated rites, observed laws, And controlled his twelve disciples.

15 冷 len 迦 kia 城 ch'eng 邑 yih	王 wang 广 r y溫 wen 雅 ya	
巴 pa 米 mi 道 tau 路 lu	後 heu 章 chang 昭 chau 諸 chu	凡二百四十字
循 yiu 太 t'ai 國 kwoh 也 ye		
西 si 乃 nai 山 shan 乎 hu		

15.

Jerusalem and Capernaum, a city and town, To Babylon and Media were ways and roads, Judea (2) was a kingdom (0), Sinai (0) a mountain (0).

16.

A King, yet (and) meek and gentle, The after chapter illustrates these.

Notes.

a. (0) Marks the place of an expletive, which is untranslatable.
(2) indicates that two characters are rendered by one word.
() indicates that the word enclosed is the usual rendering, or an obvious explanation.

b. Lit. middle propagation.

c. In Foreign names, the characters stand only for syllables. Those for Abel, are it inferior or secondly, and it lord or uncle.

d. The 五倫 five social relations. 君臣, 父子, 夫婦, 兄弟, 朋友, The "flower of his years"—at the age of twelve.

e. The Synagogue. Luke IV. 16.

f. In names, the first or last character is frequently taken for the whole. The following are the significations of those in this verse

冷 cold, 迦 a Budhist deity, 巴 a handful, gripe or blow, 米 rice, 楢 like, yet, 太 great, huge, 西 west, 乃 (0).

出 綱 3 世 1 領 # mu 備pe ts'en 親 ts'ing 營 ying 歷 lih 氏 sh 緣 yuen 苦k'u 夢 mung 皮pi 瑟 sah 第ti 妻 ts'i 咸 kan 慕 mo 英作 nan 萱 chang 論lan 赦 sheh 暴 hien 少 shau 烈, hwoh 那 ye 穌 su 成 ch'eng 小 siau 產 ch'an 调 ko 興hing 拯ch'eng 功 kung 待tai 男nan 兆 t'au . 第 lau 教kiau mung 追 chue 蓮 lien 厥 küih 客 yung 選 süen 代 tai pen 頂 shuh 上出 tuan 利 ts'u 垂 chu'e I lan 整 sheng 稱 ch'eng 訓 hüing 性 sing A yih 汝 ju 較 kiau

曹 ts'au

新田 si

昌 kau

CHAPTER II.

TREATS OF THE RISE OF CHRISTIANITY,

Leading Topics.

1.

Himself formed a skin tabernacle, Pardoned transgression, succored refugees, In the chosen's (2) stead *paid* ransom— His fame and praise *become* more high.

2.

He fully passed-through bitter hardships, Displayed complete his meritorious toil, Pursuing HIS original beginning, We will condescendingly instruct you (2).

Christ's Advent.

3.

His mother (2) Joseph's wife, Of few *years* and small, waiting marriage ^b, Was of lily face and habitually correct, Her fragrant nature incomparably refined.

4.

Having from a dream conceived, She suddenly gave-birth to a male heir.

要時 東界 東 東 東 東 東 東 東 京 京 京 京 京 京 京 古 ら う い う い ら ら り ら り ら り っ り ら り り り り り り り り り り	后 heu 皇 hwang 最 tsue 忍 jin	君 küing	老 lan	受 9 洗 向 hiang 野 ye 翰 han
軍 küing 光 kwang 詳 ts'iang 視 sh	F hu 製ţ luh	率 soh 眷 küen 近 fan 止 ch	龍 lung 現 hien 首 sheu 舉 kü	悔 hwe 改 kai 務 wu 切 ts'ih
造 ts'au	夜 ye	仍 jin	免 mien	就 tsiu
室 shih	深 sheng	恐 k'ung	與 yü	洗 si
辱 juh	投 t'eu	革力 lah	幸 hing	河 ho
ling	遠 yuen	召 chau	哉 tsai	旁 p'ang
伏fuh	避 pi	挪 no	原 yuen	循 süin
拜pai	境 king	質 fu	靡 mi	儀 i
依i	藏 ts'ang	脱 t'oh	終 chung	莫 moh
大ts'	形 hing	去 k'ü	始 sh	hüih

His Infancy.

5.

From the Eastern border, friendly Masters, The host of lights minutely beholding, Approach the room, humbly arrive, Bow-down and worship according-to order.

6.

The king (2) was most unfeeling, Each door he cruelly punished, At night late (deep) *Joseph* dashed afar, And flying the region hid his person.

7.

Waiting till the prince deceased (2), He led his relations and returning stopped, Yet afraid-of a compulsory summons, Escaping bore away the child and went.

8.

When a beast is old, his hide is bare, but when a dragon appears, his head is raised, Escaped (avoided)(0)! how fortunate(0)! Originally he has no end or beginning.

His Baptism.

9.

Towards the desert John cried, Repent, reform, take-care to be earnest. Christ came to baptism at the river's brink, Observed the rite, and did not transgress.

	見			宣
10	11 試 當 ch'ang	12	13	14 道
譬pi	音 ch'ang	并 ping	修 siu	乘 ch'eng
樹 shu	遇 yu	令 ling	德 tah	馬盧 lü
結kih	魔 mo	俯 fu	圖 t'u	霍人 hwan
果 ko	式 sh	望 wang	報 pau	樂 luh
木 KO	br su	± wang	TX Pau	7
滴 shih	指 ch	算 tsun	IE chen	抢 tsung
	f并 ping	类 yung	直 chih	集 tsih
☐ k'eu			兩 liang	
維 we	争 tseng	强 k'iang	1	智 ch
悦 yüih	遺i	施 sh	虚 hü	思, yü
-X	± HI 7		奉 fung	1.11
否 feu	押 yah		1	條 t'iau
悉 sih	登 teng		詞 yü	声成 kiai
列jin	宫 kung		遵 tsun	張 chang
選f tuan	屋uh		遣 k'ien	布 pu
p=/1				
		- 1111	20	
	LLI.			
便 pien	崇 ts'ung		烏u	室 tsai
付fu	担 wan		新 kan	治 ch
焚 fen	担 wan pe		惑 hoh	屬 shuh
烈 lih	指 hi		余 yū	五 wu
W III	11的 111		小 yu	II wii

He used the parable of a tree bearing fruit; Suiting the mouth it *only* gives pleasure, Otherwise, totally the blade will-cut*it down*, Thereon *to be* handed-over to burning fierce.

His Temptation.

11.

He once met the Devil's trying,
Who pointing to loaves, strove to bestow them
And carrying him ascended a palatial house,
To a lofty wall was he led-up.

12.

Also bidding him bend-down and look abroad, Exalted glory he forcibly offered (gave).

13.

"Tocultivate virtue mapping-out its rewards, Makes honesty and rectitude both void. Obeying orders fulfilling my mission, How dare you tempt me"!

His preaching.

14. .

He rode an ass when he rejoiced (2), Together gathered the wise and stupid, The lines of command, spread-out (2), Saying "To rule and govern belongs to me.

抗症

		力也		
15	16	17 割川	18	19
攻 kung	NG hien	花 hwa	津 kü	熟 shuh
擊 kih	計 meu 上 wang	嫩 neng	失sh	志 wang
違 we	T wang	易i	tsai	足 tsuh
逆 niih	默 yuh	具女 pai	統 tsüih	畏 we
	The second secon			
بالاء	ville	नो <u>र</u>	17	+74
岩 ch'ang	遭 tsau	麥 meh	好 hau	便 tun
聚 tsü	患 hwan	掃 sau	H kiah	書 hai
俊 ching	沙 sha	定 ting	窗 luan	體ti
英 ing	cheu	留 liu	俱kü	魂 hwen
Acres (Acres)			mindson	11-11-12
				H-NILIIN 2
eh.	公士	類 lue	Att also	該 kai
	糸充 t'ung		17 ch'eu	1.
斥 ch'ih	非 hiah	反 fan	奴 nu	恃 sh
氣 k'i	的 tih	鳥niau	財 ts'ai	庇 pi
責 tsah	12:	HH-L alver	1-11 Hay 1	平主。whih
	裔i	# sheu	據 kü	釋 shih
		高 sneu	力家 Ku	个子 51111
	(百)	sneu	力家 Ku	小子 sinn
『拳 inσ				
[答 ing	TE chen	榖 kuh.	兵 ping	菲 tseh
H an	征 chen 途 t'u	榖 kuh. 養 yang	兵 ping	菲 tseh
隱 ing 暗 an 單 pih 陳 ch'eng	征 chen 途 t'u 遍 pien	榖 kuh.		

I attack and smite disobedient opposers, Constantly collect the excellent and brave, Self-will reprove, passion (vapor) rebuke, The secret and dark, to the utmost display."

16.

He fell-into plots, and fled 'imprisonment, Encountered affliction in the sandy isles,' Generally swayed the lineal descendants, In progressive journeys everywhere circulated.

His Teachings.

17.

The flower f tender easily wastes, Wheat in sweeping is certainly retained. Our race is contrary to birds and beasts, Which for grain to nourish do-not grieve.

18.

Dread loss, and calamity will-cease, Love war, and confusion comes-with it, If hatred rages, and riches are clutched, Soldiers seize and chariots drive them away.

19.

Who forgets him who is enough to be feared? He at-once injures body and soul. You ought to rest-on his protection (2), Dependently thank his grace and goodness.

	<u> </u>			定
學 hioh 别 pih 派 p'ai	哥 ko	22 目 muh 紀 ki 矜 k'ing	# pang ## pang ## tu ## sheng king	Mag fan Han Han Han Han Han Han Han Han Han H
支 ch 埃 yai H t'ien hü ch	弟 葉業 weh suh k'i	大 süih 志 ch 場 yang tsan 美 me	京 nan 中 peh 中 pan 經 king	舊 kiu 例 li sue 存 ts'un
敬 king 妄 wang 艮 liang 分 fen	履 li 武 wu 請 ts'ing	默大 meh 記 ki 所 k'i 文 wen	每 me 念 nian 僣 tsien 偽 we	羔 kau 牛 niu 特 t'ah 犢 tuh
記 tsu 禁 king chuh 極 kih	願 yuen 離 li 鄉 hiang 里 li	通 t'ung 達 tah 古 ku 史 sh	化 hwa 導 tau 平 p'ing 情 ts'ing	錫 sih 獻 hien 豈 k'i 於 hing

The doctrine distinguishes classes (2), Some in Eden (2), it promises to place, Reverence and deceit, it well divides, To curse forbids, in blessing is extreme.

His Disciples.

21.

By the sea, he called the brothers (2), They cast-aside their business, hasten to rise, His sandal steps beg to follow, Willing to forsake their neighborhood (2).

22.

Their eyes recorded his compassions (2), With a will they spread his praise, Silently memorised the prayer-form, Opened (2) their minds to ancient history.

23.

Kingdom, capital, province, metropolis, North and South, they half traversed, Ever thinking of the blasphemous and false, Reformed, led them, calmed their passions.

His Ordinances.

24.

Burnt males and the cutting of the flesh, By the old ordinance, though retained, Yet lamb, cow, ox, and calf, As gifts, and offerings, what pleasure?

	行			
25	26 奇	27	28	29
私s	著 chu	鬼 kwe	声日 i	助 tsu
會原 yü	語yü	逐 chuh	船 ch'uan	罕 han
kung	貴 kwe	病 ping)皮 po	賴 lai
濤 tan	响 yü	醫 i	mien	他 t'a
小时	י אין אין		μη	
	,	,		
葡 p'u	奇 k'i	汚 wu	息 sih	審 sheng
黄 t'au	畧 lioh	角星 kiai	風 fung	判 p'an
飲 ing	更 ken	不同 ho	舟 cheu	咸 hien
顶 k'ing	接 tsih)成 mih	底 ti	P. ki
J央 King	7女 tsin	1 1/X 11111		
開 k'ai	顧 ku	葬 tsang	愈, yū	罰 fah
型 t'ang	種 chung	某 mo	疾 tsih	犯 fan
in ch'eng		爱 ts'ing	提 hwan	廣 kwang
milian p				1
崔力 k'üen	傷shang	興 hing	觀 kwan	援 yuen
引 ying	又 sih	押 meng	活 hwoh	重 chung
, ,	-love		更 sang	權 k'üen
可是 chen	朝 chau	衣 i	诗 sh	不是 A LEI
部 chen 宣 süen 音 ing	歲 sue	婧 fu	-	獨 tuh
音 ing	F yüih	ikih	暑 hi	任 jin

But private supplication, public prayer, The grape (2), to drink and pour, To open the hall, and sincerely exhort, Adduce evidence, and proclaim the sound i—

His Miracles.

26.

Publishing *Christ's* words, we value parables His miracles briefly in-turn succeed, He guarded the plant, shepherded the bruised Evening and morning, for years and months;

27.

Devils expelled, sickness healed, The unclean released, misery extinguished, The buried in the grave, from slumber rose, Touching his clothes, a woman was cleansed.

28.

He visited a boat, on the wave's face And stilled the wind, in the bark's bottom, Recovered sick, around looked-on him, Revived dead, standing-by rejoiced.

29.

For help little did he depend-on another, Even the judgment (2) is all his own, He punishes offenders, widely rescues, And weighty authority alone sustains.

	預		克台	
古 ku 保 pau E sheng ying	書 書 等 sai 影 shoh	新 fe g yuen 古 kih 其 jang	X kung Yuh Yuh fu	動 tung 皆 hiai 新 sing 娶 k'ü
恒 heng 懷 hwai 恭 kung shun	錄 luh 久 kiu 兆 chau 伊 i	公員 tsung 對 tue 註焦 sue 其人 k'i	左 tso 右 yiu 近 king 交 kiau	香 hiang 供 kung 酒 tsiu 邀 yau
外 wai 暴 pau 内 nue 征 k'ien	皇y hwe 宇 yü 再 tsai 建 kien	街 kiai 哥 ko 谷 kuh 應 ing	餘 yü 論 lăn 尤 yiu 服 fuh	執 tsih 油 yiu 膏 kau 坐 tso
默 shu 幾 ki 單 chan 勝 sheng	計 ki 末 moh	俾 pe 譲 jang 九 kiu 思 s	班 pan 旅 lü 盡 tsing 招 chau	流 liu 血 hüih 憫 ming 號 hau

Firmly guard abundance full, Ever cherish respectful obedience, And outward violence, inward depravity, You almost-certainly (2) fight victoriously.

Prophecies.

31.

In scattered essays, Isaiah spoke, And the record long fore-tokened 1T, The demolished temple should again be-built, He fore-reckoned (2) the final period.

32:

Waste gardens turn to happy ground, Compare (2) the fulfilment-who will despise? In the streets songs, in the vallies answers, Must yield to repeated thought.

His Last Days

33.

Artisans, officials, poor and rich, Left and right held near intercourse, To his casual discourses heartily submitted, Their class companions all summoned,

34.

Moved together-with the Bridegroom (2), Odours offered, to wine invited, Held oil and anointed him sitting at meat. When flowed his blood, he pitiously cried.

凡五百七十六字

辖力			
35 世 慧 hwe pyü	度 toh	- V	器 偶 eu 像 siang 问 o 回 hwe
震 ching 角 koh 播 po 示 sh		祖 tsu 孫 sun 答 tah 述 shuh	銅 t'ung 鐵 t'ih 石 sh 木 muh
背 pe 架 kia 築 chuh 擅 t'an	提 ti 要 yau. 餐 fah kang	共 kung	創 ch'uang 誠 sh 破 p'o 淫 ying
納 nah 匱 kwe 載 tsai 器 k'i	合 hoh 享 hiang 永 yung 位 we	誓 sh 乏 fah 哀 ai 哭 k'uh	尚 shang 議 i 變 pien 俗 suh

Exhortation.

35.

Wisdom as the rain, mercy as the clouds, With thundering horn disseminate, show forth He bore the cross, and of it built an altar, As priests took the ark, and bore the vessels.

36.

Inspect the goods, estimate the silver,
The red and white', you must give—
We have handled important, taken-up leading-topics—

He is fit to enjoy an ever-lasting throne.

37.

His family (2), solitary and insignificant, Grandfather, grandson answer the record— May we together obtain conveyance to enter, Where it-is-sworn is no sorrow or weeping.

38.

Image likenesses, why dote-on (2),?
Brass, iron, stone, and wood,
Begin to be intelligent burst adulterous wiles,
Uppermost consider a change of customs.

Notes.

a. 親 usually signifies a near relation but the usage in this place, which is a frequent one, suggests the idea that one's nearest relation is himself.

Hereafter the pronouns will not be italicised, where they are plainly implied. This first line contains a natural, though inelegant figure for the incarnation.

b. Lit. letters, referring to the marriage contract.

c. The disclosure of Herod's real character. The "dragon" an emblem of the divine, refers to Christ.

d. Lusually means to perish.

e. "Sandy isles"—oases.

f. Though the following lines are not exact citations of Scripture, the reader will readily recall passages in which the ideas occur.

g. Lit. Elder brother and Younger brother.

h. "Thinking" compassionately.

i. Contract for 順音 音 the Happy Sound, the Gospel. There is here an ellipsis, which is readily supplied.

j. Lit. nine thoughts.

k. Lit. Desk. In. S. S. 約 匱 ark of the covenant.

l. "Red and white" Gold and Silver.

CHAPTER III.

	萬待		並加	
	1 事鞫 路 ki	2 辜 ku	3 學 量 liang	4
	路 k'i	吴 ku	重 liang	兒r 辈 pe
		处 kiu 以 .	ts'ai	車 pe
第ti	屍 sh 甦 su		,	記 eu
第 ti 三 san 章 chang	定 su	平主 King	授 sheu	請 tsung
章 chang				
iii lün	\- -	E	A-11-	H-10
人 jin	凌ling	雪 süih	衞 we 異 yih	赋 fu
事站	全 k'ung	宪 yüen	異yih	擇 tsah
	升 sheng	美戊 kien 巨 kü	扶fu	詩站
	异kü	E Ku	持 ch'	稽ki
	1-13-3a	est.	===	rife.
	寶 pau	是 küoh	chau	监 ch'
	座 tso	床 me	戎 kiai	牙 ya
	式sh	醒 sing	秀 yiu	sheng
	憑 p'ing	迷 mi	誨 hwe	声 kiang
		PA		N##
	 tsung	尝ing	書 cheu	返 hia
	ion tsung in ts' 追 p'eh	方 fu	即 wan) r
	担 p'eh	戊 ti	tim kien	tal küing
	具kü	J上 kū	兹ts	推 t'ñe

CHAPTER III.

HUMAN AFFAIRS

Accountability.

1.

Opening the cave, his corpse revived, Spurned the empty air, and rose aloft, The jewelled throne, he rested-on (2), Trial words, he will-speedily complete.

2.

Offences and faults, he judges^a lightly, Redresses^b wrongs difficult and huge, Arouses the blinded, awakes the deluded, And the gloomy palace^c withstands (2),

Diligence.

3.

Measuring talents, he commits (2), trusts; Encompasses with wings, supports, holds us, With edicts, prohibitions persuades instructs, Morning and evening mirror yourself in these.

4.

The boy's class should-read and recite, Songs select, poems search, Front-teeth and molars, repeat, expound, Remote and near equally generalize^d.

幼		壯		士
	0		0	9 業
5 年.	6	7 歲	8	
爱 yüen	秉 ping	幼 yiu	克 k'ah	博 poh
	質 chih	T ting		P者 sh
监 kien				A.R.A
製ing	清 ts'ing	斯 tsien	騎 kiau	篇 kien
孩 hai	[图 ts'ung		THE tsung	篇 p'ien
1% Hai	小心 is ung	The chang	THE USUNG	THE P TEN
		,	and the state of	
100				
пД	1407.	对对 .,	bts	п.
胎 t'ai	概 kai	省sih	窘 kiung	1
元yüen	P余 ch'u	染jan	扪 ih	筵 yien
	7		1	
誕 tan	雜 tsah	殊 ch'u	 kw'eng	- Andrew P
育 yuh	然 yuh	董 t'ung	第kiung	信曹 t'uh
H	المار ا		717	中央
				•
急 kih	反 suh	能 kwe	倘 t'ang	琴 k'ing
乳ju	遣 k'ien	謙 k'ien	小感 han	舰 kien
泣 k'ih) thung	襲 sih	墮 to	温 t'ğan
能 ki	chan	貌 mau	落 luh	遊 yiu
				T-1-de management of the second of the secon
مياليو	-1-	m V.	1486	-
席 sih	盖 hoh	斯亥 hie	機 ki	專chüan
El wo	早tsau	华 gian	ATT chub	
) sau	大	Shun	19 ""
綿 mien	着 choh	笑 siau	美 hi	小真 sheng
東 shuh	沐 muh	衷 chung	庸yung	篤 tuh
Shull	THILL .	Chung Chung	THE YEAR	my till

Do-but contemplate infant children, From the womb at-first born and nourished, Impatient for milk, they weep for hunger, On matting sleep, in cotton wrapped.

6.

Endowed with talents pure and intelligent, Altogether exclude mixed desires, With the primitive offence greatly tainted, Why-not early wash (2) (foot and head)?

Youth.

7.

Tender youth gradually strengthening, Acquire stains diverse-from lads. Deceit and modesty lurk in the countenance, Terror and laughter hide in the bosom,

Manhood.

8.

Emulation, and pride, are let-loose, To persecute and oppress the helpless poor, If you abhor falling^f (2), The instrument and art, how simple!

Scholars.

9.

Learnedly voracious of brief essays, On bench, at feast, *some* diligently read, *Some* with harp and sabre restlessly rove, Intent on insulting the careful and solid.

	農	1.	I	
F sh sh kw'ang kwan	奎 t'u 奔 peng	拉 於 kiau 大 大 集 ch'ang 收 sheu 表 tsih	運 yüing	14 M ch'eu 值 chih 竭 kih 償 ch'ang
		繼 ki 蹟 tsih 厚 heu 豐 fung	係 hi	刀 tau 還 hwan
脏 fah 啊 li 嚎 sai 朋 p'ung	/辈 tsah /雚 kwan 烟 yien 植 chih	疇 ch'eu 想 siang 寅 ying 鞫 küih	弓 kung 矢 sh 皿 ming 料 liau	若 keu 悟 wu 了 liau 休 hiu
輪 kien fuh	抹 moh 露 lu 踐 tsien 塵 ch'eng	曲 k'üih 跪 kwe 虔 k'ien 尋 ts'ing	精 tsing 粗 ts'u 製 ch 鑄 chu	連 lin 番 fan 趣 ts'ü 赴 fu

Corpses with titles, barren mandarins, Some covet bliss and sacrifice to Budh, Of their Pharisee (2) friends, The wheel, they should look-at, upturned.

Husbandmen.

11.

In clay and mud running and walking, I stealthy recognize the farmer ploughman, At the pools irrigating, in the mists planting, Brushing-off the dews, and trampling the dust

12.

In suburban grounds, he gathers and stores, The *fruits* of successive (2) thick abundance, In the furrow meditates, dreads judgment, Bending kneels, and piously seeks.

Artisans.

13.

Wield the foot-rule, whirl the pound-axe, Are boastful of heroic steps, Bows, arrows, vessels, materials, Fine and coarse, they manufacture or cast.

Merchants.

14.

They refund prices, exhaust payments, Fountain knives surround on-either-hand, IF they should-reflect on the final end, With connected steps, they would run and go.

商		居		服
15 客 市 sh	16	17 家 嘉 kia	18	19 官
	倍 pe	新 kia	刻 k'ah	poh 腎 hien
阴 yü '	億 yih 典 tien	成 ts'in 丢	薄 poh 肇 chau	到 hien 徵 cheng
	世 tien	有 k'an		打 cheh
『祭 tsi	手 chang	承 ch'eng	表 shwai	in chen
*			r Ne	_14_
買 mai 賣 mai 答 k'ah	真 kung	昆 kwān	奔 lien	荷 ho
買 mai		玉 yū	性 sih	政 cheng
各 k'ah	殷 ing		nu nu	動 shu
高 shang	繁 fan	妹 me	如 pi	忠 chung
		-		
却kioh	錢 ts'ien	純 süin	普 p'u	俘 fu
迎 ying)前 man	孝 hiau	護 hu	叛 p'an
	A .	爺 ye	根 keng	禦yü
島 tau	接 jang	權 hwan	派 yüen	溢 tau
力且 t'an	馬主 chu	更 pe	康 k'ang	馬念 yien
	庫 k'u	i joh	ning	FII ing
	穹 k'iung	佑 yiu	齊 ning 允 yüing	分頁 pan
洋 yang	蒼 ts'ang			

At the market corner at the well's brink, Buying and selling is the stranger merchant, He rejects^j or welcomes precipitous islands, The smooth or rough of rivers or oceans.

16.

Double, ten-fold, he counts in his palm, Tributes and duties are vast and numerous, Of money full, they think-of theft— Locate your treasury in the concave azure.

The Family.

17.

Worthy relatives, see acceptance, Brother gems, elder-sister and younger, Pure filial piety, a father delights-in, The humble and weak, protects, comforts.

18.

Meanness (2) begins decay, Be-kind and sparing to slaves and maids, Widely defend the root and fountain, Tranquillity and peace will be secure.

Officers.

19.

They divine the virtuous, test the worthy, Bearing government, repay fidelity, They capture the rebel, restrain the robber, Examine the stamp, distribute the seals.

	行		悔	
20	21 善	22	23 罪	24
賓 ping	kang	偏 p'ien	崖 king	戻li
吏li	磐 p'an	fill tsah	格 k'ioh	於阿 wang
阴且 tsu	晨 ch'eng	『奉 luh	恋 mih	構 hung
蔽 pi	届 kiai	奠 tien	明 ming	催 li
1147				مدر ا
		in the		
, IEEL , .	分相 ,	10	码	H
票 hing 計 kih)胡 hu	比 k'i	譽yü	昌 ch'ang
	漢 han	援 hwai	貴shang	霍 k'ü
貌 miau	星 sing	岸an	似, s	閉 pi
躬kung	遷 ts'ien	EZ kien	赫 hah	塞 sah
		- Jan		
俟s.	延 yien	那 na	事 chǔan	抱 pau
駕kia	嘏 ku	肯 k'eng	眼 yien	良 heng
奏 tseu .	藥 yoh	鬭 ten	朋 pung	沙元 ch'eng
職 chih	送 sung	II hih	hung	Ya lún
Air cum	1 Sums	1725	The ming	1119
		-:11-	-11:60	
局hoh	需sü	斯 wu	驚 king	/ kw'ang
厭 yien	創化 ki	檅 hwe	乱 tu	兼 kien
寬 kw'an	米量 liang	「文 tsing	逐刻 yiu	殘 ts'an
宏 hung	捐 küen	牵 k'ien	黑 heh	賊 tseh

If guests or subordinates hinder and obstruct "The fault seek in my unworthy person" "They wait the chariot report their office, How can we weary of magnanimous officers?

Good Works.

21.

Hill and cliff, with dawn they arrive-at, The Lake and Han, by the stars pass-over, To prolong age, medicine they present, For needy hunger, provision contribute.

22.

Uneven sideling ground they settle, Tumbling decaying banks they strengthen, Whence would they fight and quarrel Dirt and filth provoke and draw.

Retribution.

23.

Cautious, dignified, scrupulous in covenant, Their praises and rewards seem dazzling, In the turning of an eye, they fall and die, And dread to behold gloom and darksness.

24.

Guilt's net, perveresely encounter, The prosperous road is closed, stopped-up, Hugging vain regrets they sink-down (2), Much-more who combine cruelty and theft.

爲		設		
25 教	26	27 譬	28	29
玥 sie	嫁 kia	板 pan	狂 kw'ang	房 fang
黨 tang	yüen yüen	柱 chu	犬 k'üen	全 she
毒 tuh	仗 chang	灰 wa	虐 nioh	樓 leu
she	威.we	搭 t'ah	类 ling	臺 t'ai
The suc	1300	LD our	X4-1,8	全 …
				1110
合 ling	P島 ming	僅 king	简 kang	只 ts
立了 pu	鼓ku	章/ chang	尔 fen	t其 k'an
春 t'eng	幕 mo	樣 yang		住 chu
P菜 sh	季ki	制 ch	孫 süin	宿suh
, 2 E 22	7	مر زرزاز	Jeji sam	JIH Sun
	43,000			
舌 sheh	濱 ping	帯 tai	放 fang	狮 sh
客 mih	退 t'e	歌 hi	朋詹 tan	野它 t'o
在 sheu	崙 lũn	巾白 p'a	渠 lo	华 seng
H kan	逾 yü	K hüen	腹 fuh	禽 k'ing
П	700	3E1	13/2	河
		77		1 -114
艘 hwe	奈 nai	零ling	毛 mau	篆 siang
廣 lo	寡 kwa	 then	髪 fah	张 chwang
倚i		表piau	涛 pang	民 shan
卦 sh	恭 t'i	作 shih	東川 ts'	突 t'uh
11	1	(F) 114	N.A.	

The Malicious.

25.

Corrupt cliques, venemous serpents, Lead companies to swallow, and devour, Their tongues honey, they sell sweet words, Destroy capture, and rest on force.

26.

They vent spleen and rely on power,

He shall sound the drum at evening season*—

From the brink retire, the mountain overleap,

(0) Few will bear the duty in your stead.

The Superficial.

27.

Board pillars, and tile towers, Merely exhibit the pattern decreed; The belt to bind, the kerchief to suspend, *Have* scattered pearls for outside ornaments.

28.

Rabid dogs oppress their neighbors— To their hard rage, gently yield, They let-out gall^p and bare their bellies, **But** a hair **displaced** (2) slander and pierce,

29.

House cottage, loft or terrace, We only can dwell-in for a night's-lodging, Lions, camels, cattle and birds, Emblems form, in motions sudden.

回耶				
30 憶穌		32	33	34
移 i		tsien	嚴 yien	囊 nang
磨 mo		枝 ch		紅 chan
	釘 ting		假 kia	
蟲 ch'ung	痛 t'ung	打 ta	酵 kiau	浦 pu
从然 jan	竟 king	湯 k'oh	暫 chan	菓 ko
水登 teng ·	娅 ts'ien	拼i	辭 ts'	某 ko
用 chau	1 2.	E yien	慄lih	葉 yeh
瞽 ku	鋒 fung	充 ch'ung		眉 fe
mang	棘 kih	胖 fe	瓣 yuh	索soh
108	////	1/3/1-	20 0 000	A COAA
小姐 kwe				
kwe 结 ts'oh	冠 kwan	肯 kuh	合島koh	畸 k'i
武 ts'oh	冠 kwan 頭 t'eu	胃 kuh 慢 man	合島 koh 遁 tum	騎 k'i
	冠 kwan	肯 kuh	合島koh	畸 k'i
武 ts'oh	冠 kwan 頭 t'eu	胃 kuh 慢 man	合島 koh 遁 tum	騎 k'i
武 ts'oh 差 ch'a	冠 kwan 頭 t'eu 戴 tai	写 kuh 使 man 扩 cheh	合身 koh 遁 tun 院 yuen	騎 ki M kan 欖 lan
錯 ts'oh 差 ch'a	冠 kwan 頭 t'eu 戴 tai	号 kuh 慢 man 扩 cheh	高g koh 通 tun 院 yuen 捕 p'u	新 ki M kan 欄 lan
錯 ts'oh 差 ch'a	冠 kwan 頭 t'eu 戴 tai	号 kuh 慢 man 扩 cheh	高g koh 通 tun 院 yuen 捕 p'u	新 ki M kan 欄 lan
细胞 ts'oh	冠頭 treu 戴 tai Pau 片 prien K yau	号 kuh 慢 man 扩 cheh	高	新 ki kan

Move a milstone, and you wake insects, Kindle a lamp, you enlighten the blind. Make-haste *to be* ashamed of faults (2) Aspire (2) to see and be-united *with* God.

Remembrance of Christ.

31.

Oft remember the nail's pain— Christ at-last expired at the weapon's point, The thorny crown, his head bore, His robe skirts waved red.

32.

They clipped a branch to scourge and strike, Thirsty, decreed him the briny cup-full, His leg bones, they were slow to break—Favor and age in-turn were added.

33.

He sternly cautioned against false leaven, For-a-short-time declined the tremblingcup, Sellers of doves fled the court, Catchers of fish shot around.

34.

The sack rent, flax must mend',
The fruit-tree cursed had leaves fat,
They sought a beast to ride to Olivet(2)
Coming-toZion trumpets(tubes)were-blown

傳正	
35 宣教	36
振 chin	第]] soh 夏 hia
枯ku	夏hia
技 p'ah	般 p'an
草 ts'au	百 tau
7	V 1-1
6	
. * .	
看 yiu	核 heh
勇yung	i teu
1 sheng	辨 pien
人 ts'iu	cheu
100	
-11-	台正
# miau	暨 ki
条 hi	寒 han
条 hi	寒 han
描 miau	-
条 hi	寒 han 迄 k'ih
条 hi	寒 han 迄 k'ih
為 hi si lu	寒 han 迄 k"ih 熱 jeh
条 hi	寒 han 迄 k'ih 熱 jeh
条 hi	寒 han 迄 k'ih 熱 jeh 杖 chang
条齊魯 GP Koh Blü	寒 han 泛 k ^s ih 乾 jeh 杖 chang
条 hi	寒 han 迄 k'ih 熱 jeh 杖 chang

He revives the withered, plucks the grass, Pardons the brave, enlarges the prisoner, His original race are but as Ts'i and Lu,— All classes come to service, Lü and Eu^s.

Apostles of the Faith.

36.

North and South, by the compass they tread, Compare the pole-star to distinguish lands, Through extreme cold, and extreme heat, They drag the staff and girdle they globe.

Notes.

a. Lit. doubts, but according to classic precedent used here for 技 to decide a doubt.

b. Lit. Snows, allays the burning wrongs.

- c. The Powers of Darkness.
- d. Lit. Push, i.e. push the comparison,类页推

e. Lit. matter, substance.

f. Scil. falling into the above named faults.

g. i.e. take warning.

- h. Lofty climbing.
- i. Money, so called from the shape of ancient coin. 泉 is often used as a synonym for 錢
- j. i.e. leaves.
- k. Lit. To rule or manage. H a rule or canon.

1. Repay favor with fidelity. 草爺 also means defeat.

- m. The language of a good officer, who makes himself responsible.

 n. Denounce them at the evening of time, the end of the world.
- o. Reformation is a personal affair.

p. Used for courage or audacity.

Notes.

- q. Great pains are taken with external things while the heart is left in the condition described in the next verse. It is not easy to discover the pertinence of several expressions in this part of the chapter, but let it be remembered, they were put together merely for the purpose of using up a residuum of characters for which no place could be found elsewhere.
- r. Isaiah 53.10.

s. Luke 5. 36.

t. With him all nations are alike, and all classes numbered among his followers. Lü, the family name of Kiang T'ai kung, Eu, Euyang Siu; the one celebrated for military, the other for literary genius, and here employed to represent two grand divisions of society.

Since the previous pages were printed, the following has been suggested as an improved reading for part of verse 29.

牲駝狀象 禽閃獅突

Cows and camels form emblems, Birds dart, lions leap suddenly, 性 is chiefly used for sacrificial beasts, which may very properly be said to form emblems; though the emblematic character of the camel is not quite so clear.

CHAPTER IV.

	彩 悤		. 天	
	1 冒	2	3 文	4
	新聞 mien	模 mo	晴 ts'ing	迅 süing
	述 tsih	档 k'ie	嵐 nan	雷le
r.K.	洲 su	私 pi	統 liau	奮 feng
第ti	重 hüing	探 t'an	繞 jiau	響 hiang
III s	赤// manns		かプロッ	目
章 chang				
論 lim			•	
儔 ch'eu	杰 tsing	煩 fan	用詹 chan	疏 su
類 le	鮮 süin	家 kü	目露 chuh	和 shuang
为 兄	t k'üih		唐 ts'un	催 ch'ŭe
	111	meu meu	星 siau)周 tiau
)漏 leu	JX men	育 sian	y juj clatt
				The Comments of
,	摸 chih	始 tai	霞 hia	Hyang yang
•	开 pi	冀 ki	淮 hwe	霪 ing
		貴 kw'e	林 ling	享 han
	某mo	中具 KW C		李 lain
	儔 ch'eu	辈 lung	豐太 yien	7尔 rau
	寒 kijan	A tsien	香ni	L'T chu
	学 Kien	octs'ien 能 ch'an 誤 wu 認 miu	平/ to'ai	画目 tih
	表 snang	T联 ch an	八方 は 山	見光 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ts'an	in 大 wu	沙沙	发 sin
	рјј k'eu	同多 min	为月 sian	

CHAPTER IV.

MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS,

1.

In connected steps trace the Creator's merit, Very rare are its defects (2), He cast-forth and gave each-thing its class, Tuck-up clothes, together knock the head.

2.

Of model forms, the mystery if you fathom, Perplexing sorely is their full abundance, You almost expect the blind and deaf, All to repent their mistakes and errors.

Meteorology.

3.

The clear air encircles us, We gaze attentive on the storied vault, The sunset's lustre has a forest of beauties, Therainbowsplendor passes-over and melts,

4.

Swift thunder fiercely echoes, The herb, frost hastens to wither, The bright and cloudy, drought and flood, Place face-to-face, *Nature's* Alchemist degree (2).

地		時		Щ
5 理 万 /k'au	6 ry wu	7 令 辩 pien	8	9 水 ぱ tai
究 kiu	歧 k'i			默 yoh
寰 hwan	徑 king	言牙 yia	晏 yien	欽 k'ing
品 k'ü。	抄 ch'au	午 wu	胰 hiau	疑i
				transition of the state of
長 ch'ang	/并 ping	E IX tseu	烷 ch	判開 we
tŭan		A - A	Six yien	月 we 川 ch'ŭan
闊 kw'eh	塹 chan	春 ch'ün	深 sheh	迢 t'iau
狹 hiah	畫川 hwah	秋 ts'iu	硫 liu	遞 ti
, =				
нъ.	沙里。	4 44 1	工程 後 1 ·	类 tsoh
kung au	温 tang 疆 kiang	雙 shwang 九 wan		Se tson
崎 k'i	拓 toh			竟 mih
IIII k'ü	奥 yü	跨 chuh		津 tsing
जॉर.	经营业		tat .	RIE
ping ping	餐 man	唇 kwe 浙 sh	怒 ts'ung	沙北 sheh
E yai	何 pau	近 sh 影 ing	路 ch'u	楼 p'an
峽 hiah	刮kwah	浮 feu	壽 ch'eu	mm tsi

Geography.

5.

Search, explore, the circle of space, The long and short, broad and narrow, Bulged and sunken, rough and uneven, Ping's and Yien's, cliffs and passes.

6.

The erring bye-way, a path may rectify, The urgent journey, a precipice interrupt, In laying boundaries, and opening territories, Barbarous and savage were embraced(2).

Time.

7.

We talk a morning, and are startled by noon, We gallop over spring and autumn; The twin orbs jog-on (2), And on the dial, the passing shadow floats.

8.

Quietly observe evening and morning, Swift as kindling flame or flashing sulphur, Globe and transverse' verify calculation, Rapidly, suddenly *Time* rushes-on (2).

Hills and Waters.

9.

The Tai Mountains are lofty and eminent, Across the We stream is a distant reach, Travellers chisel steeps to find crossings, They mount, wade, cling, and climb.

	人		营	
10	11 品	12	13 室	14
顺草 chang	鬘 t'iau	南江 man	畫hwa	齋 chai
四年 011118	倍	TI han	朝 sie	塾 shuh
女 ts'ŭe	童 t'ung		用作。	学。
排 p'ai		伶 ling	周惟 tian	序sü
·累 lo	着 keu	利li	原 lang	庠 ts'iang
- 71.		•		
		_		- E-A
如 ch'au	作 t'ih	縷 lu	寝 fuh	稟 ling
* */ *	僅 t'ang	Hi sih	拉 kiai	厨 ch'u
	灰 hiah	唐 fu	灰 kiah	厠 s
7.		-8-6	1	
斯冀 ki	豪hau	皇 hau	漏yiu	既 kiu
		1	1	1
		The state of the s		
y, July	- NA	II	1 16	かニ
 büin	选 ling	J何 pau	斐 fe	衍 yien
玄 hüin 幻 hwan	1 2 2 2	胞 pau I 조 p'e	斐 fe 艦 k'ien	
幻hwan	薦 tsien	II p'e	槛 k'ien	慶 k'ing
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau	薦 tsien 勵 li	见不 p'e 配 p'e	艦 k'ien 略 lien	慶 k'ing 近 yia
幻hwan	薦 tsien	II p'e	槛 k'ien	慶 k'ing
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau	薦 tsien 勵 li	见不 p'e 配 p'e	艦 k'ien 略 lien	慶 k'ing 近 yia
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau	薦 tsien 勵 li	见不 p'e 配 p'e	艦 k'ien 略 lien	慶 k'ing 近 yia
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau 臻 cheng	薦 tsien 勵 li 类 tsiang	加不 p'e 配 p'e 統 t'i	相照 k'ien B路 lien 自糸 mien	慶 k'ing 迓 yia 休 hiu
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau 臻 cheng	薦 tsien 勵 li 类 tsiang	加不 p'e 配 p'e 稀 t'i	艦 k'ien 聯 lien 帛糸 mien	慶 k'ing 逻 yia 休 hiu 恥 ch'
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau 臻 cheng	薦 tsien 勵 li 對 tsiang	加不 p'e 配 p'e 統 t'i	松 k'ien	慶 k'ing 逻 yia 休 hiu 恥 ch'
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau 臻 cheng	薦 tsien 勵 li 對 tsiang	DE p'e P'e Me t'i Me au De p'o	松 k'ien	慶 k'ing 逻 yia 休 hiu 恥 ch'
幻 hwan 巧 k'iau 臻 cheng	薦 tsien 勵 li 對 tsiang	加不 p'e 配 p'e 稀 t'i	松 k'ien	慶 k'ing 逻 yia 休 hiu 恥 ch' 话 tien

10.

The summits green are ranged like sea-shells, The tide yellow wafts galleys, Mysterious changes! skill extreme! Noble enjoyments are therein conveyed.

Classes of Men.

11.

The uncombed lad, the bald greybeard, The careless (2) the daring, the generous, Selected forpromotion, stimulated by praise, Flatterers, proud, cynics and scorners.

12.

The stupid (2) and sprightly (2), Are distinguished skin and hair,. From the womb (2) fitted and designed— Admirable mysteries (0) abound!

Palaces and Houses.

13.

Have painted banisters, carved verandahs, Double stair-ways, opposite windows, Elegant railings joined together, Gauze window-panes in clusters (2).

14.

Studio, school, academy and college, Garner, kitchen, privy, stable. Prolong felicity, and welcome good-fortune, A shameful act will stain the door-post (2).

服		器		珍
15 能 葛 koh	16 街 hüin	17 用 覈 heh	18 掉 hwe	19 寶 寸 ts'un
表 k'iu	耀 yau	所瓜 ku	麈 chu	I 朱 chu
統 ch'	襟 king	声 p'ing 材 ts'ai	护 wan	尺 ts 擘 pih
給 hih	南 siu	17 ts ai	THE KRING	玉 pih
Arms			*	- mi
赛 tsan	掩 yien	性 tsie	P允 yüing	青 ts'ing
珥r	映 ing	資 ts	筆 pih 裁 ts'ai	折 heng
细 choh-	副 fu 鑲 siang	佐 tso 輔 fu	核 tu .	开 tan 胡 hu
F3C		7 713		7.94
- 1000				
館 king	髦 mau 些 ii		安 t'o	洛 loh
技 p'i 編 siu	屬 ling	肥 mien 楊 t'ah		鐘 chung
加 p'e	促 ts'oh	北 chw'ang		器 k'ing
		7 T.		mm
心技术	治	₹.	4 /L	走
小米 ts'an	追 hwan lien chwang j hwang	養 yung	作 kien	余 ts'in
炬 hwe	装 chwang	L pi	脂 lu .	唐 t'ang
煌 hwan)黄 hwang	箭 chu	署shu	虚 lu

Clothes and Ornaments.

15.

Linen, fur, silk, and hemp, Hair-pin, pendant, bracelet, ring, Gilded cloak, embroidered side-piece^s, Sparkling, bright, brilliant, splendid.

16.

Dazzling radiant skirts and sleeves, Veil the image with borders^h and fringes; When age (2) is so limited and brief, What-liesure is there to dote-on dress (2)!

Vessels and Utensils.

.17.

Distinguish vessels, criticise their material, Borrow them as means to aid and assist, We slumber and sleep on couch and bed, Breakfast and sup with spoon and chopstick.

18.

Flourish the whip (brush), grasp the rein, Tongueⁱ the pen, trim the paper. Safely store, securely provide, Each kind and piece record in-order.

Precious Stones.

19.

The inch pearl, the span diamond, Green emerald, red coral, The Luh bell, the Sze harp, Ts'in tripod, T'ang censer'.

TH ling		音	wall bear	花	
形 lang 方 chuh					1
玩 hu					
那					
馬 ma	, -				競 king
瑶 nau	孙 kiu	禄 s	迎 hwe	从目 me	川麦 n'ũan
瑶 nau					
瑶 nau					
研 wu 拊 fu 電 tien 岩 chǔan 耐 nai 外 fu 拍 p'eh 掣 ch'ehr 韓 chung 冬 tung	碼 ma	1 / 1114	霆 t'ing		松 sung
供 fu 拍 p'eh 掣 ch'ehr 鍾 chung 冬 tung 咚 tung 嘭 tsun 遼 yih 麞 tsih 黛 tai 趁 ch'eng				麗 li	
呼 tsun 選 yih					
	砆 fu	捐 p'eh	掌 ch'elr	垂 chung	tung tung
		TO 1	de grande de la companya de la compa		
此路 vima 陪旨 vijing 記 vima 痕 hence 佐 heu	i爭 tsun		賡 tsih	黛 tai	趁 ch'eng
The same of the sa	山榮 yung	i員 yüing	詠 yung	痕 heng	候 heu
璀 ts'ŭe	璀 ts'ŭe	-	/ 4 / 4	相 yang	
採 ts'an 鏘 ts'iang 諧 yai 柳 liu 景 king	致 ts'an	鏘 ts'iang	影 yai	林 liu	景 king
					-
# ling	#回 weng	対 ling	》 lan	絲 luh	龙 yüen
孕yüing 给ling 竿yü 醛ing 面yiu	孕yüing	金合 ling	竽 yü	醛 ing	有 yiu
含han 裂lih 羞siu 梧wu 酣han	A han	裂 lih	羞. siu	括 wu	西甘 han
娱wu 帛 peh 炯 ts'ah 桐 t'ung 扇虫 yung	娱wu	帛 peh)則 ts'ah	柯司 t'ung	隔虫 yung

20.

Ling and lang^k, amber and ebony, Cornelian (2) and agate (2), Magnificent (2) and sparkling (2)— Pregnant (2) contain enjoyment.

Sounds and Music.

21.

Puff the bamboo, beat the silk-thread, Flute the Shau, press holes touch keys— Pleasure's rhymes softly jingle (2), The Ling-ling (2) sounds like tearing silk.

22.

The billow's dash, the cliff turns-back,
Thunder booms, lightning flashes—
Concert singing *must be* harmonious (2),
The seeming piper *is* ashamed-of discovery¹.

Flowers and Trees.

23.

As the rouged beauty or starched belle, Blooming, elegant, specially favored, Are the dark shadowed willow (2), And the green shaded wut'ung (2).

24.

The peach and pear improve by warmth, The fir and cypress endure winter. Profiting-by the season, ripening into beauty, Garden and park intoxicate with harmony.

蔬		鳥		邮件
25 菜	26	27	28 28	29 介
自包 pau	按 chueh ,	馬 t'eng 和 ts'iang	奚能 ki	於 ling
跃 yü 芳 fang	捐 kih	介于 ts rang	加 t'un	茶 fan
於 hing	fen	于而 shǔe	the chah)兹 ts
甘	214	7111)	1114	144
. 5				
基 i	PH tsü	鳫 fung	鴻 hung	董 p'u
mu mu	P節 tsoh	煮 tu	渚 tu	題 t'i
蓄 hioh	B爾 mi	庞米 ling	土島 ts'ioh	重 ts'u
菜 ts'ai	快 kw'ai	波 au	果 ch'au	確 k'ioh
	-11			
连川p'o	古月hu	斯華 hwa	能 siu	kwe
JK kwa	羡sien	斯田 liu	盯r	鼈 pih
採 ts'ai	腥 sing	Et ch'	敷fu	黿 yüen
被 we	羶 shan	馬 ch'eng	豫yü	鼉 t'o
			0.0	
-14	A nn	4=4		
煮 chu	能 chǔang	統 lŭan	記 kü	能 kw'en
关 kw'e	1 hiau	住与 hoh	DZ kih	蕉 ao
+1	it	光 才才	宣,	名古 Line
拾 shih 芥 kiai	育 hiau 侈 ch' 素 t'ai	翔 ts'iang		京 k'ing 新职 oh

Herbs and Vegetables.

25.

Full fed on fragrant aroma, Work your acres, store your herbs, Divide the melon, pluck the pot-plant, Boil the sun-flower, gather mustard.

26.

Pick and break, the confined fragrance, Chewing (2) increases pleasure,. Why long for stenches and odors, Meats and viands, profuse, extravagant?

Birds and Beasts.

27.

Mounting prosperity, brooding good-luck, The phœnix soars. The kiling roams, The horse (2) runs and gallops, The lûan and sea-eagle gyrate and hover.

28.

Chickens *live in coops*, pigs *in styes* (crates), Geese on sand-banks, magpies in nests; *Their* food (2) *is* spread ready— Who *is* anxious *what* to bake in kitchenⁿ?

Fishes.

29.

The scaly-tribe (2) numerous swarms, The record themes *are* plain and reliable, Tortoise, terrapin, turtle (2), kwen, au, (2) whale and shark.

	昆		預	
30	31 温	32	33 終	34
y卒 sňe	香 ts'an	抛 p'au	II ming	游 t'i
出生 hwang	给 chih	溪 l _l ian	勉 mien	淚 le
掬 küih	蛛 chu	微 lieh	肅 suh	東 sung
	. ·		1 1	
假 hia	紅 tsu	蠛 i	雅 yung	皇 hwang
	rami'' or			
	-		78117	
ts'iu	或 ying	摶 t'nan	林 hwang	類 p'ing
		7. 7	- 4-	V
雀 ts'ioh	旧日 ch'ang			
撈 lau	LE ch'ang		易shang	
蛤koh	P今 ying	c能 ing	姐 tsu	侶 lü
	6			
	٠	1	-	- 1
		1	di≕	
JN lúan	t'ang	💪 yau	 k'ü	月 tan
则 lǔan 濕 sh	尚 t'ang 羊 yang	麽 mo	驅 k'ü 殼 k'uh	旦 tan 肄 i
X sh	洋 yang	麽 mo	殼 k'uh	肄i
以	洋 yang 邃 sŭe	厥 mo	殼 k'uh 匪 fe	肄 i 旬 süin
X sh	洋 yang	麽 mo	殼 k'uh	肄i
以	洋 yang 邃 sŭe	厥 mo	殼 k'uh 匪 fe	肄 i 旬 süin
以	洋 yang 邃 sŭe	厥 mo	殼 k'uh 匪 fe	肄 i 旬 süin
濕	祥 yang 家 we 閣 koh	灰 mo 野 shun 野 p'an	設 k'uh 匪 fe 牢 lau	肄 i 旬 süin 諏 tseu
濕	祥 yang 家 we 閣 koh	灰 mo 野 shun 野 p'an	設 k'uh 匪 fe 牢 lau	肄 i 旬 süin 諏 tseu
濕果孳 俄頂 king	学 yang sǔe koh	腰 mo 瞬 shun 時 p'an 时 wang	設 k'uh fe tsing t'ah	肄 i f süin win tseu 警 king t'ih
	祥 yang 家 we 器 koh A ch'eu 解 yih hien	麼 mo 瞬 shun 時 p'an 时 ts'un 凄 ts'i	設 k'uh 匪 fe 牢 lau	肄 i f süin i süin i seu

30.

It plunges a locust, and you pick-up a crab, It swims a sparrow, you clutch an oyster. Their eggs in moisture frequent multiply, In-a-moment (2) they leap and spring.

Insects.

31.

The silk-worm weaves, the spider knits, The earth-worm sings, the beetle hums, Spread-through (2) suites of galleries, Interwoven (2) in vacant halls.

32.

Throw-down meat, you catch ants, Knead boiled-rice, then buz the flies— Little-things! a moment they look-about, But do-not think-of grief and bitterness².

Memento Mori.

33.

Be earnest (2) reverential, composed, Suddenly to meet decease and dissolution, This corporeal shell is-not firm, Faults and offences are sour and painful.

34.

With trickling tears and anxious dread, Often lead *your* associates (2), *Each* morning urge, *each* decade exhort them, To respect and seriousness *in view* of decay.

	A.	IVALITIO III	
改		效	
35 格	36	37 德	38
妨 sheng	匍 fu	策 ts'ah	then
頯 kw'e	匐 fuh		西方 choh
为 Hau	选 si	臣 ch'eng	
湯 t'ang	記 ki	僚 liau	淳 süen
190 tang	ING M	135 min	; - - - - - - - - - -
			Technologies (
唱 hüin	慙 ch'an	禹 yü	雙 shŭang
奕 yih	慧 te 写 sü	为 t'ang	型 cheng
无 wu	岩 sü	堯 yau	標 piau
邊 pien	shan	舜 shun	進 chun
TT Pich	Hiti Shan	24	- OIMI
	,		
維 ts'ih	Pip eu	箴 cheng	炎 yien
配 hi	樓 leu	規 kwe	
yüen yüen	放 ts'uh	新 sheng	
穆 muh	D 生日 tsih	儒 ju	燒 shan
19	TH	11111	
翹 k'iau	冥 ming	the chung	
睇 t'i	元頁 wan	関 ming	
台 küing	余 ts'ü	Fl, k'ung	
	校 chün		
1/41/7 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /			1200

Exhortation.

35.

Much-more pry-into the vast grand mystery, Its noise is great without bound, Brilliant (2) profound, sublime, Upward look-to the venerable face.

36.

Stooping, creeping, bare-foot, kneeling, Ashamed, vexed, wholly purging away evil. Bowing down, (2) with reverence (2), The dark and stupid gradually reform.

Virtue and Vice.

37.

To spur and lead officers (2),

Point-to Yu, T'ang, Yau and Shun';

For maxims and rules, the belted scholar,

Takes Tslu, Mingts, Confucius, Mencius'.

. 38.

Reflect-on (2) excéss and purity, Of the twain distinguish mark and aim^t, Flaming fire will consume (2) the vicious^u— Beating the breast, earnestly entreat^v.

NOTES.

Lit. gaps and leaks. a.

- The forms designed by the Creator, each the model of a class. Ъ.
- The evening aurora, the abendrothe of the Germans. C.
- 愛 To temper with heat, and詞 to change transform or stir. d. taken together express the operations of the chemist.

Lit. to copy, hence to correct in copying, also to take or ate.tain by a more direct road.

- Lit. transverse, a balance, but in connexion with 我 on asf. tronomical instrument of whose form we are not very certain.
- Ill To carry at the side; any thing worn at the side. g.
- 别 Secondary or subordinate, used for the border of a garment. h.
- Hi. To touch with the tongue, as a Chinese scribe does, to 2. adjust the point of his pen.
- 暂石 The Chinese title of this verse comprehends two classj. es. The antique articles named in the last two lines belong to the first class.

洛泗 Names of rivers,秦唐 Names of dynasties.

In some uncertainty as to these stones, it seems preferable k.

to retain the native names.

Shau and Lingling in verse 21. are names of musical composil. tions. In verse 22. the sounds of nature are represented as imitated in music. The "seeming piper" was one who sought to pass for a musician, by imitating the motions of others in the band, but without hazarding a note.

Mat. vi. 26. 772.

- As kwen and au are names of fabulous monsters, it will hardn. ly be admitted that the ichthyology of the Chinese is "plain and reliable".
- 某 "frequent" has the double sense of the Latin frequens. 0. Locusts are believed to turn to crabs, and sparrows to oysters.

They live a moment free from cares. The musical powers p. of the earthworm are confidently asserted.

"Noise" in a good sense, for fame. Face, the face of God. q.

Ancient emperors. r.

Philosophers. 8.

標 An object aimed at, 準 a line to guide by.

PART. III.

ANALYSIS OF CHARACTERS.

常字雙千合釋

CONSTANT CHARACTERS, A COUPLE OF THOUSANDS—ANALYZED.

Note.

The "elements" are of two kinds—perfect and imperfect. Of the former, many are found in the table of radicals, and others occur in the text. The rest, together with the imperfect elements, are arranged in a list at the end of this Part, according to the chapters in which they occur.

浩物

常 字 雙 干. 章 編 論 韻 古 一字 始 名新

認法

未一木 六 工八 遂 八逐 生牛一日一日 亦 和禾口 民口氏力 來从木作1年十一 前四月先月十几將月牙 有一月關門群為爪馬 上一一天一大靈靈巫 帝帝市地土也矣么矢 惟一生萬十周命人一叩 物牛勿處定処 真直八多夕夕赐貝易 基其土 神元申焉正為 既自と五十ノ十 無 百一白 聖耳呈希乂布 能自旨且目一皆比白

比上上異田共與與八

呼万考同口音圍

禁令而自 第 一節 記 取 罪 造物之多所以 戻 哉、 育 疾 音羊 怨切 上等 備人之用 音音 頭律 / 霝 音同 修 靈 也人奈何 XL 五音 古私 文庄 月音

復年复凡几八告年日 使イ更所戶斤云ニム 宜山且 求 可丁口 家山豕 者步目 食人良 毋 或戈口一 女 兮八万 不一个 當尚田 主 徃 7生 立 ラー 見目ル 耳 予 事 謂言胃然句式火間門耳 發谷欠 言言口 日日一善羊口壓麻手 夫二人 惡亞心 拿合手 爾 得个事 我人找聽耳語罪四非 如女口手 因口大 7目取耳又此止上犯

墮惡 父 八人 卷 八夫巴 中日一以 意音心撒力散 傳「專」致至女 非 全人王 彼 7皮 昔 #一日 死一外 伯(自 族抗 何个可 其二共 羊 但一旦 問門口 僕有業 祭 汽市 安 山女 儕有齊 己 信有意利乐』 羣 君羊 明日月 名夕日 心 愛受必即自出 第竹界 長 歸自止帶 身 由十口 子了一 若 ++ 者 尼 尸上 是 目正 方 、万 盖 ++ 盍 時月寺 色刀巴 兄口儿 商久列歹』大一人 則貝リ 商女 馬水 同 门一口 殺 柔 殳 羅四維四八口義 羊我 及 金余一行彳亍人 令

則

居八從七 各

各才立入門

降救

同甲自堆本字门音鳥

首教 甚加世福

降下耶無軍一耳無無

其實故主

等 付寺 相 木目 冷 ン令 王 一土 約糸勺 而 迦 加 間門目 界 四 化 城土成温洋量 于 士十一 邑口巴雅牙隹 三 心 ノ心 巴 後一分 倫イ侖 知 矢口 米 八木 章 立早 出 山山 理王里道首之阳日召 於方於 數婁久路足各諸言者 五力二 華 ++ 華 節竹即 循列首 禮元豐 太大、 年 守山寸國口或 至一红 法》去 也 展发展发 在十十一同了一口 西 會人制 乃 十 受严又 山 書書曰徒彳走乎

儿二百四十字

音 綿 **垂音**必 中居 水 音 叶 夋 音 逡 五 降文

常

字

雙

名新

認法

常 雙

備

苦

累預

成

功

勞

追

葙

隹

頁

戈力

工力

燃力

同

古

迴 字 精

備

本

字

蘇

曆 本 字

自

音

堆

音 漢

悬然

音

児殿

音

磬

冒下文此章之

綱

台

也幕

也見

1

蘇 止

其

綱領

親

亲

見 水水

莫巾

攵

問礼

兆辶

丰 丞

一章

教

皮

燃

赦 赤 過

拯

逃

蒙 選

代

稱

自礼 厂并欠 木一

女

厥 衣刀 初

垂

垂一 音川 訓

1 汝 曹 一曲日

巽礼 十七 貝賣

殿耳 禾爭

古同

出世 母 曾 造 八四日 告礼 緣 氏 糸 彖 室 一至 瑟 廷必 夢 辱 萬夕 辰寸 感 妻 臨 咸心 臣人品 一马女 少小儿 伏 忽 勿心 產 小 拜 立ノ生 待 彳寺 男 依 田力 1 衣 嗣 学山子 口冊司 次 欠 東 蓮 曰木 ++ 連 界 容 田介 山谷 素 ナ又 主糸 友 端 自一市 立器 師 蘭 軍 ## 闌 一重 光 性 小兀 业生 較 詳 言羊 車交 亓見 糸田

軍光星光也耳音確系音覓

記 耶 也、

嬰時 畜玄田 迨台上 戶口 君 尹口 老尹上 鯀 白王 也、也、 革 井口十 最 卒 本十 曰取 寥 刃心 殳 荒 沒 Ì 忍 音 六 記則 开 龍 率本十 音直 按 扌 安 音堅彡 脫 王見 眷八夫目 尸 而 反主 自 首 戮 汳 翏 戈 音 止上 與手 擧 开 IJ 刑 室,衫 流 音 仍有乃 免刀鬼 挪 那 留 恐 與欠 巩 與欠 刀 貝 心 巩音 主发 土半 勒 革 力 投 拱 吉戈 袁礼 刀 口 遠 而 而 得 夜衣夕 原厂自小 避 辟礼 安 也、 深 ì 靡 土竟 架 麻非 全 也、謂 終系多 脫月兒 ++ 臧 荒,耶 去土ム 始女台 开乡

受洗 見試 譬辟言 向ノ回 嘗尚旨并八开 野里予 樹村直右遇問之令人一門 結系吉第 魔麻鬼 俯 イ 府 翰草人羽 四節 果田木 呼口乎 武言式望亡月五 耶 悔事適商之 指扌旨尊首寸 穌受洗之 改已久 口 觧食幷 榮 本 務系列維系隹 爭爪爭强弓虽 切七刀悅十五 遺貴之施方人也 河 就京尤否不口 押扌甲修份三 約 洗》先悉采心 登火豆德千息 但河 宮一昌 刃刀) 圖 品 口 河氵可 旁产方 醫所醫 斤 報幸员 屋尸至 越、 過 循行盾 便有更 崇山宗 正一止 也, 儀有義付有寸 直自己 垣土亘 遺 魕 莫 # 時 校 林 火 音音 被 衣皮 雨 越走戊烈列火 **岩繼** 排 畫 庫 虛 生 业

宣道 攻工久 奉 三人干 禾北 擊 言兪 卒 馬虛 離 違 遵 尊礼 雚 欠 韋礼 之而 五 曹之 樂施木 遊声毛 節、 去 記 常 尚巾 也屬音俊昌音鄙及音伏 耶 烏 總 系 悤 穌 取然 敢 百 隹木 女 見試之 惑 或心 俊 智 知日 愚、 英 余人未 思心 当 條介 条 斤) 誡 言戒 氣 气米 張 弓長 布ナ巾 隱 平辛 1 台 日 畢 尸水蜀 芈 故

順

東

K

五.口

花井化失ノ夫 患 塾 享九 串心 遭 懼十瞿 曹シ 嫩女敕 志亡心 **信**大 易日勿 災似火 足 口止 獄 畏 則貝欠 陷 絶系色 田文 13 名 麥本人夕 屯頁 頓 好女子 言某 七 甲 害 日 掃,帚 體 沙斗少 定山正 骨豊 魂云鬼 留 卯田 俱一月 洲 》 州 該言亥 糸充 類米大頁仇「九 統 侍 * 寺 轄 車害 反 厂 又 怒 奴心 鳥一鳥財貝才 庇 广比 的 白勺 聖 胃 犬 衣冏 裔 釋采睪 據非康 **彳正** 兵 藉 #素昔 穀 专禾安 丘八 征 奪、大隹士 養羊食 謝 途 余礼 車 遍 扁シ 弗 弓川 亘「 恩 因心 再发 驅馬區 **列吉**

悖

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多言譬喻

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也,

立教 學 海 -'EI Y 每 聲 嬌 曾 好 7 匠 可可 玄 也、 八界 弟 十又 古 類、 文 人 **(**((類 云業 土矣 棄 埃 川 也、 本 亚八半 好 字 言午 速 東辶 甲、 2 走己 四直 起 古 循 文 好 隱 兵也 尸復 敬 履 苟 攵 字 上戈 一窗 雚气 同 一艮 良 請 言青 音氣 亂 八刀 隋辶 分 灌本 康 恩字 音 音急 渠 聰同 言且 願 原頁 詛 1 **ቓ**『慧 禁 林示 离 醃 隹 逆舀 上 泥 鄉 示兄 少 刨 本遙

木亟

田土

燔火番 目日一手手 私系ム 紀糸已都者『 牡 牛土 龠角頁 矜 矛伞 省 少目 割害儿 公八厶 恤业血京和 肉 內人 禱示壽 南十几羊 志土心 舊崔臼 葡 ++ 匍 揚步易 北川上 例 1 列 菊 ++ 匍 讚言贊生牛 雖虽隹 飲食欠 傾个頃 美羊大經系至 存个子 默黑大每一母 羔 羊火 開門开 記。盲已 念人二论 堂尚土 牛一十 祈 元斤 一个 替 特牛寺 誠言成 擅 牛賣 文、又 偽有為 雚力 雚 力 通甬让化イ上 錫金易马马 達幸之導道寸獻廣光證言登 古十口平八千豈山豆宣 史口义情十青 欣 斤欠 音 立日

行奇 詣 鬼 田允 言旨 ++ 者 逐 豕シ 船 語 舟沿 也、 第 割 病 扩丙 波 貴 中一貝 》皮 肉、 殿西 响 面 而三 殹 酉 口俞 割 禮 記 也、 耶 奇 汚 息 自心 大可 1 专 無立 质手 畧 解 角 军 風 凡虫 田各 派音 洞 更 亓 舟 咼 曰又 ノ丹 教之正 本拜 威 扌 妾 接 滅 3 底 广氐 字羊 大音 立

文

舊

禮 音荏 葬 雇 頁 愈 顧 + 死升 兪心 突膚 墓 疾 广矢 業音 種 禾重 莫土 音繁 環 寢 畏 牧 牛女 み引曼 王 而 葉 复匆 興 傷 同與 1 雚 見 用 禮 捫 門 活 久 丰 氵 舌 也, 喪 朝 草月 衣 武 止戌少 歲 足 婦 女帚 侍 1寺 跡 潔 吉井口

預言 适 助 口古 昔女 且力 保 **穴干** 1 呆 喻 糸扁 右 第 盛 東頁 成皿 寒 貝 盈 乃又皿 他 1 也 言兒 節、 也、 专 粜田 金录 今 小豆 錄 何 作 鯀行奇之多所 懷 判 华儿 久 小寒 于 心共 兆 咸 戌口 恭 咼 伊 工乙 順 川頁 イ 尹 音 跬 威 罰 白土安 四言リ 外 夕卜 減 本 1己 暴 曰恭 犯 字 內 一冉 广黄 门入 广 才爰 愆 聿义 援 衍心 音 牀 玄玄 连 " 予頁 千里 庶 重 音 幽 權 幾 言十 木 站住 1 蜀 單足 單戈 其月 月劵

臨終 工 重加 广發 重力 役 偕 个皆 口袁 引 亞, 貧 亲斤 新 分貝 富 土襄 娶 取女 預 公員 公頁 耶 禾日 香 ナエ 無也 對 坐 右 供 1 寸 共 預言之 也、 近 斤毛 洒 Ì 誰 言隹 四 末 支 六义 其允 其欠 交 邀 敫 音 確、末 引 雁 即 圭行 食余 幸丸 街 執 音 也、 可 哥欠 論 油 》由 言命 因 信 九 八人口 谷 膏 尤 高月 其無所 思君 應 雁心 服 月艮 坐 从土 1 卑 俾 班 リ旺 流 氵流 知 言襄 旅 方 在 Ш. 血 閔 盡 九 憫 車…皿 田心 才 召 号虎 勸世

察山祭 宗 彗心 不六 貨化貝 丽 姓 一雨 女生 單 慈 度 茲心 **声**又 叩早 1 散 微 雲 銀 金艮 雨云

一亦

门丰

提

要

發

綱

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一口子

4 立

雨辰 角 刀用 播

赤 白ノ目 才 番 用 二小 給系合

背 北月 加木 築 筑木 壇 土亶

合人一口 糸內 匚貴 載 土戈車 位 哭叩

亓且 加 子系 孫 答 付合 述 术 主

共 1 是 出八 獲 # 1隻 西女 濟 死已受 1 恋 糸岡 進 隹辶

誓折言 乏ノ之 哀 永 二水 衣口 叩犬

音 聶 第 敫 音 僥

臨 終 之慘皆 也、 品 漏 音串

偶

像

阿

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銅

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創

識

破

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倘

議

禺

象

可

门巴

金同

厂口

十人

倉川

言 戠

石皮

小同

言義

又 綜

谷

1

至

金

戴

B

凡五百九十二 字

淫淫祀也 像、 萬世 而 變 人自當心悅誠服盡其分以待審 節記段教 叩音萱骰音 風俗哉角籤 難世之 薇 載 音 也匱耶和華之 切言耶穌既己捨身 秩 部 音 職 判

一約匱見舊

疑

呼

古辛

矣圣

雨丑

小 冤

艮

英

車

型工

右

第

節言耶

升

事皆待

而

也凌騰

也、

菱陰

会

氏

臣

丰

同,

萬待 事鞫

戶口欠 甦

尸死 更生

麦 雪 穴工 冤 ノ
升 日升

ム貝

广坐

七工

馮心

言公

艱 巨

粤見 日未 酉星 迷 米主

陰 K 府 广付 扌

抵

司

事

常字雙 名新 認法

勤正 學道

幼年 量 旦里 兒 臼儿 爱 爪 麦 秉 禾 = 輩 非車右 監 臣作皿 質 所貝 託言毛謳言區第嬰與女清氵青 孩子亥聰耳恩 授步受 誦言角

衞章行 賦貝武 擇才翠 翼 羽異 動學以 詩言寺 持持寺稽我自 求

詔言召齒此然口 戒 戈 州 牙 誘言秀申曰一 講言菲 語言每

晚日兒邇爾之音 鑑金監 均土勻碟

胎月台概木既 當 元一兀 『余『余 誕 言延 雜 太木隹 育云月 然 欲 心

正道 急多心 風几歹 乳 孚乙 譴 言遣 泣 氵 立 洪 氵 共 饑 食幾 沾 > 占 求

書書一遐 段之 也,席 庐巾 即臣人 灌洋翟 綿糸帛 兹 + 丝 推 + 隹 音 東 口木 沐 > 木

而

求

也,

詭、

飾

匿克

故

當謹

防

也。

第

年

長、

印

尙

感

木幾

未行

庙 用

壯歲 幼 克 十兄 幺力 戈 漸 騎 斬 喬 糸從 縦

增

抑

木

倘

墮

贫、 **風**譴 也, 習 羽白 沈木 殊 万 朱 也, 童 立里 濯 沐、 洗禮 詭 言危 言兼 **小感** 襲 龍衣 叐字 豸 見 落 音所 跋音 . 題 最 音 駭 馬亥 機 甲 竹夫 若 奚 隱

生

當洗

庸、

用

也

幺音

邀

亡音

方

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抑古

字

士業 十專 耆 爪四时 則 曠 付間 官 竹扁 爵 今 貝 元 古 付延 亓已 菫 也, 讀 佛 言賣 弗 也, 咄 法 専音 利 啊 IJ 愈 情妄 賽 贵 數 之 旅 旃 月 月 朋 音 由 車 輸 車命 重寸 同 也, 專 侮 乡頁 須 每 1 愼 鑒 臣后金 眞 音 竹馬 西復 衫

農田 工匠 操 泥氵尼 变队 交『 扌 蝭 塲 途 涂土 土易 則 アて 收 永 判、 第 運 4久 奔大卉 軍上 走十疋 禾責 高 音 韓 穴采卨 雚 係 紛緩 糸 醫 イ 系 音 蹟 足責 言夸 認 言忍 灌 厚 亻桀 曲辰 188 音 耕 耒井 豐 止少 田 絕經 訇 澤 》 墨 疇 弓 音 相心 矗 韓 想 1 寅 火因 111 植木直 鞫 料 米斗 曲 米青 抹扌末 由 雨路 跪 足危 米且 虔 定文 制衣 足戔 鹿土 道、 金壽 肃寸

客商 市工巾 倍 酉州 1 涪 億 『馬 1 意 亻直 隅 則 第 典 立曷 永 井 曲八 為罪 掌 際『祭 尙手 償 亻賞 貢 白水 買四貝 之儔鉤心 賣客 士買 稅 禾兒 還 景之 殷 **身** 安 商六冏 繁 敏糸 互 也、 泉 却去『 錢 金戔 人錢也是音 迎印之 講 T 十吾 巖山嚴 慮 虎思 奇巧 島鸟山 丰 襄 攘 1 木 搔 景 坦土旦 馬主 車え 駐 音 釆田 坷土可 广車 瓇 庫 走蜀 江江工 穹 穴弓 走卜 1 羊 赴

居家 服官 1 刻 亥刂 喜力 薄 則 未戊 蒲寸右矣 永 第 戚 哲折口 口一衣 承 也, 室 曰比· 憐 玉、 惜 王 正久 **內**, **內 和 如** 女 奴 市 車兪 女叉 也、 女卑 婵 妹 女未 忠中心 迎、 進 未 菽 普 並日 純 糸屯 1 孚 坦、 能 同 護 #隻言 华反 市 如 木艮 根 父一耶 御示 音 此 濬 盗火皿 源 Y 原 隶 音 代 题念 康 广隶 馬念 寧 印 心而丁 F T 透音 允 人儿 分頁 미 尉心 恵 心 圭寸

行義

『常 『 第

需雨而 蕪 艹無

能几食几 穢 禾 歲

糧米量侵1曼

捐丰冒產如牛

送矣し

崗山岡偏千扁 賓山省八 吏一史右矣、小職磐般石 侧一则 節、下、自立五音 湖)胡圯土已 漢》英 **t**襄 土 裹 星旦生岸山岸 遷署上堅取土 延正处那并『 嘏古段 肯止月 藥艹樂 關鬥勁 職耳哉者、也、

曷曰句 也、取同 厭厂量犬 貌音徵 山 音

塊

坴 音 六

厈

音

漢

京

同

隙 爻

音

引

里火

貝戎

送

勸勉 言 基 戶犬 各 綱 系 罔 宓山 木黄 も無汚 罹 四惟 明皿 與言 以 赫 赤赤 箕土 車專 抱 包 根 良 1 誠 崩 冗 沉 山朋 1 薨 **声**死 1 命 敬馬 八兼 Ш 委

姦僞 邪 嫁 女家 牙下 横雁、 夗心 母 戌女 虫宅 則 頁 B 禾子 賓 盟盟之 灾虫 艮礼 售 隹口 廿 俞之 也、 火毀 **走**男 山百分 宓 奇 倚 音

設譬

板木及狂犭王房戶方移禾多 柱木主犬大、舍人舌磨麻石 虐虎□樓木婁蘇艹穌 及 預替 僅有華岡岡川只口八燃火然 彰章 多公地 堪土甚 燈火登 樣木業姑女古住了主照昭火 **遺**音 制告り遜孫之宿一的瞽鼓目 紵 百 帶西市放方久性牛生忙十亡 古 繫殿系順為月詹駝馬它順升鬼 百 帕巾白裸衣果狀月光錯金昔 学 懸縣心腹月复象 名豕 差羊/ I 禽人喜仰千印 零雨命毛 珍王《髮髮及閃門人慕莫小 表主心誇言旁獅和師萬里 飾即東東東天門村下付

111 字 雙 回耶 憶穌 嚴 前羽 翦 印厂前 憶 枝 防 木支 意 狀 15 方 靈 怪 假 釘 撻 達 手 叚 金 痛 酵 酉孝 **扩**甬 打 丰 竟 借 思 暫 渴 曷 音儿 斯日 1 譬以 也 殲 擬 疑 禽 辛 万 鐵 羕 于 慄 戈 鹽 栗 臥盛 响 也 音 充 去儿 鋒 金 全 林 木不 樣 高 乡 穌 音 腓 棘 粥鬲 月非 東東 鬒 道、也、 冠 骨 合島 合鳥 完寸 瓜 月 影 放、 音 慢 遁 盾辶 豆魚 显真 曼 縦 猋 院 折 丰 斤 K 完 皆當遵 也、 蛐 裸、 音 露 昆 寵 衣包 袍 捕 甫 山龍 行、也、 壽 魚 角火 不 閃 旋 射 搖 扌 名 身寸 方人正 可 童 □韋 增 系 工

百夕

般皿

足舀

傳正. 宣道 囊鸡叩装 振步辰的 綻系定右之 遁、吹 枯 木古 麻广林第言 避統 拔扌 犮 船 十行、去也、草+早 補衣甫 蹈 同 簽 ++果 宥 山有 核 木亥 **筝**音 甲几億 勇甬力 斗 伸入申 辨辛リ辛 逢 月巴 徭 囚口人 也、見 由 索片系 盛 **管 既 旦** 田 同 ノ糸 鹽 橄木敢 迄 乞礼 欖木覽 魯魚日 熱執火 到至『 品口叫 电 口戈 郇旬『 格木各 管付官 緯糸韋 呂口刀口

五百七十六字

修能文善武艺 所向則鑒北江 也、 **义**音 揪

則鑒北斗以 固 者 罪 而也、 辨之 未 極 北 世人同享永福也振荡地 一人同享永福苗裔也是北日朔中華日夏斗山北日朔中華日夏斗山 伸 落也勇 落 北球、 斗, 地 球地 區人 之體 區太 知

模

探

暢

楷木皆

秘禾必

煩火頁

申

康リ

++ 戊

島

木莫

才深

總昌 緬系面

亦毛

1 朔

勳熏力

儘一盡

缺缶夬

洞了尸雨

儔亻壽

田丌

甘木

魚羊

名新

認法

創造 信

始罗台 冀北異 間 目貴 聾 龍耳

人叩从 韱

誤

搴箕手

天文 地理 迅 万久 日青 刊之 雷 嵐 風 雨田 氣 右 奮 尞 糸 糸堯 鄉音 品 環 膽 目詹 流 也, 霜 相 屬 矢豆 미 崔 闊 尸曾 門活 雨肖 /周 周 狹 ? 灰 1 霞 雨段 淫 光軍 雨 叫 木木 林 豐 尞 潦 1 嶇 音 豐盃 山區 信 奄 音 雨兒 豕豕山 窺 来乡 賣見 炒 愛 渡 山厓 度 7 開 肖 山灰 去

青爭

日安

日堯

火龍

省 炎

火樂

石流

舆 行

馬僉

休月升

足著

1 至

時令 煤十吳 辩 辛言辛 歧止支右 晏 訝言牙 曉 ノ干 區、汨 併石幷地 馬聚 熾 程系呈之 閱 門兒 斬 斬 土 质 春 爍 英日 秋禾火 考力音 盪湯皿唸 援 王幾 催隹又 引土噩 九、 衡 驗 足鄭 蹬 足 蜀 算 蠻音絲。如 日答 忽 貊矛百 遽康毛 折辶 包勺已考 躇 景乡

刮舌儿同、平

山水 岱 嶂 代山 山章 嶽 翠 山獄 羽卒 山欽 排 护.非 嶷 螺 虫累 山疑 渭)朝 氵胃 共由 111 迢 野史 馬史 召礼 馬冀 遞 歷 毛 具見 匠 歡金 幻 險 义 16 魚 覓 爪見 工马 巧 至秦 臻 主 1 圭 1张 15 步 佳 王元 沙步 玩 攸 11 交 寄

右恩時躇 促、過 躊 節、急速豫 求也、不 永 璣 貌、 行也、璇 1 音 衡、 衫 戠 音 熾 康 音 據 硫、迫 陰

頁

令

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析

包

丕

巳

霊蠢

人品

颟 滿 頁 童 老 日 考口 倜 周 黨 灰 声毛 永 胞 月 厲力 勵 酉 糸 帝 將大 斯音 朝

宮室 齊小 齋 畫 聿田一 木射 也 序 周隹 庠 廊 广即 衣复 複 廩 广面禾 土皆 堦 厨 也、 大从 厂則 厠 广既 廐 牖 升戶甫 荐滿音 氵行 非文 衍 循 **声**发 木監 門 檻 新 迓 牙辶 耳 帛系 广休 庥 耳心 糸奇 恥 穴囱 玷 王占 木眉 車 也。 晰、 木 車奏

服飾 器用 玄行 糸希 衣由 蜀 乎, 笼巨 糸肅 景 佩 風 或 音 節 火軍 層

西 角瓜 言平 木才 車甫 睡 目垂 .民 木日羽 爿木 雍食 夕食 付助

王郎

王久

石馬

石窗

石武

井四.

孕

含

娱

韋 腽

乃子

令口

女吳

秦奉禾

唐广田

鑪金虛

鼎

珍寶 寸 揮 琳 王林 才 軍 珠王朱 理郎 鹿主 右 哉、也、 覈唸 第 琥 王虎 咫尺只 1 冤 九節、 玖 壁辟玉 革噩 也、 **角瓜**、 造 **叶** 口允 青主円 福馬 器之 珩王行 谣 烘聿 裁战衣物有 碔 丹 砆 石夫 楮木者 瑚王胡 妥爪女 洛氵各 崢 山爭 何 貝宁 山榮 貯 鐘金童 山榮 泗氵四 王崔 禾意 璀 穩 也、 整殿石 琛 王粲 亻諸 儲 紙

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自

手

冤之

音員

金堅

金將

霆雨延 轟車車車 電雨 电 掣制手

賡庚貝 翕合羽 諧言皆

> 監 能

> > 則

也、

温 羞羊儿出 Y

淋 氵林 金令 裂 列衣 中自

音錄 罄显 剹 音温 聊 录

能 简 永 琥 玖、 寸 础, 砆 皆 貴

珍

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者

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簫招古

曲

名,

花木 脂 木兆 桃 月旨 木子 李 女开 第 遊 並別 粉 米分 日爱 暖 媚女眉 節、 禾乃 松 木公 丽鹿 耑 而寸 山而 耐 於 久} 金重 久 時、 走 黛代黑 今 趁 们工务 痕 循思 酉襄 木 釀 島勿 日京 景 柳 木卯 苑 ++ 妃 絲 糸 录 有 陰 木吾 酉甘 梧 酣 生 木 開出 於 鬲虫 同

拊、 不 能 拳 同、 吹 廻、 者 山勢 鏘、 也 樂 2年 音 行譬樂 逢 淋

之

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音 透 双双

音

极

水

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右

第

蔬菜

飽 掇 食包

主 毅 食天 頡

富

殸香

++ 埶 一田女

++ 釆

剖

丽

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字

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同

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夬 古月 羊次 月星 羊亶

FI.

爵

爾

食巽

义有 有多 不 必 来水

皐 羽

鳥獸 鱗介 絲井 奚能 奚隹 鴦 魚粦 也, 羊 杰 流 豚 每 俗 水冊 騰 字 粤 凡鳥 譜 音普 鴻 音 旗 是頁 昔鳥 事 鹿 米舛 鹿鹿鹿 敷 敖辶 巛果 石崔 古 文 亚 驊 龜 華 食羞 嗣 留 食耳 敞黽 旉 攵 剪纹 黿 馬 也 元黽 騁 馬 專 鼉 單黽 予象 鸞 鳥 詎 鯤 魚昆 崔鳥 亟 敖魚 羊羽 何 魚京

魚噩

广廷

昆蟲 》卒 焼日烛 糸戠 掬 匊 虫朱 可 虫段 組 糸且 泅 入 蚓 虫引 小隹 口昌 手勞 蟬 里里 虫合 口令 卵 八卯 彳倘 羊 頂 田糸 也, 山綠 **黒音** 門各 顯 俄 1 我 糸由 匕頁 糸睪 足兆 跳

閙

也,

抛

獵

蟻

摶

飯

頂終

黽 勉 冤力 肅 肀淵 萝隹

> 小荒 主 筝 复易

万 歹且

身區 **壳** 殳 非口

山牛

生月 匿心 西发

林疋

慌

逢 殤 姐

軀

殼

匪

牢

告

慝

西夋

ム歴渺 也。 節、 則 組、 小 亦 也、 生 命 織 付思也凄凄楚辛 蟲暫有 也、 쬻 重、 失 肉

救

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綜 肉

蠅 ノム

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付 凄 辛 麻么 目舜 目 分

门芒

寸

妻

立十

罔

矢引

穴規

》告

++ 湯

口宣

亦大

自穿毛

糸員

臣已火

》 淵

禾息

堯羽

目弟

金勻

彦頁

主第 涕 矧 順、 而 東 知 浩 肉 期靈 之 壽 喧 淵 古 當並 之 文 华 失 倡不昌 邊 求 於 殼 免 緝 邀 黽 肄矣非 熙 也、 旬勺目 淵 同志恐懼 堇加 諏言取 禮、 也、到 肅、 死亡 敬言 一一 自犬

和

府肉

策 烘東 匍匀甫 右當謹奕除 絹 絜 力 晶 主刀糸 多同 沉 臣 足先第 十思順著 足忌 僚 イ 寮 節。處受上者聖 輔心 對心主或靈貌也、 湯 引易 堯 垚兀 德之 效 熙 踖、廣則其光 恭 严舛 册り 無 从咸 才 區 夫見 規 婁 組 糸申 足叔 儒 个需 足昔 仲亻中 四日六 関 門文 元頁 心、大 孔 徐一年見、而貌、也、也、 子し

喧删,冒同

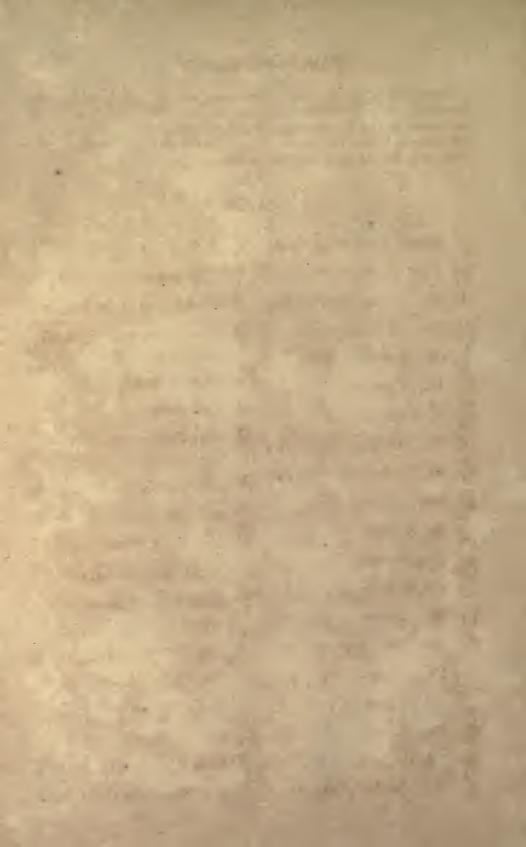
変人 敬

孟子皿

四章統計二千十六字

排 基斗 西夕 豊 浮 第 示火之 学 》享 雙 雠又 亞 瓦 **火始盡心** 水票 淮十 也、 從之 準、 火堯 循當然 撫 無 確月 每: 攵

艮心



From this table all those characters are excluded, which are found either in the text or among the radicals. Many of those contained in the list are obsolete, except as elements. The imperfect elements have no fixed sounds, but a Chinese teacher will find no difficulty in giving them names.

CHAPTER I.

Ts'ung, Same as If from. I, Tranquil. 寺 S, A monastery. Yüih, To cut off the feet. T Ch'uh, Step of the left foot. Tso, Ancient form of 左) Yuen, A Small worm. Tiau, Suspend, sympathize. 弔) Cha, Just now, anon. Cheu, A broom. Pih, A prince. É Tũe, Heap. \ddot{U} , A kind of ape. X Shuh, Father's younger broth-Wu, Ancient form of 17. er. Lü, To draw with the hand. 匹 $P^{i}ih$, Equal, fellow. Ling, Same as 1 Sah, Thirty. Fuh, High, thick, Kiang, Descend, 隆) Kwan, String together, string of cash. Chau, Seek, pay balance. Lũn, Narrate. Ko, An indiv 二 Tah, Virtue 子 Yai, Impede. 方 Yih, Original Ko, An individual. Pih, Shovel. Tah, Virtue 德) T'un, The buttocks. Cheu, Helmet. Yih, Original. Shoh, A spoon. Shah, for 煞 baleful. Leu, Name of a star.

Li, A sacrificial vessel. Ts'iu, To ferment wine. Tiau, A kind of kettle drum. Wen, Kindness.

IMPERFECT ELEMENTS.

CHAPTER II.

Luh, Fly high. Kwe, Mouth awry. Ch'eng, To succeed, to be se-Yüen, Family name. cond or lieutenant. Tsang, Virtuous, prosperous. Suen, To enter T'ai, Term of respect, form Ch'eng, Altogether. Pe, Complete ready, 循 Ing, Mayor. Lih, A form of A almanac. Yih, 水 Also. Hien, Minute. Tùe, Exchange. Liu, A tassel, for Jan Yih, A leaf. Kien, Equal. Kioh, A pair of gems. Yang, Sheep, goat, for = Lan, A vail. T'uan, Notes on the Book of Choh, Firm, stable, eminent. Tun, Shield. . Changes. Hien, All. Yüih, Fasces, emblems of power. Ts'ah, Volume, set of books. Chu, Display of music. Tsah, Twelve months or !!

日

years, th

Keng, Continuous, perpetual.

Ki, Successive, 和弦) Süe, Name of a place. Ch', Simple, stupid. Pi, Close, narrow, for 量] Fuh, Govern, order. Yü, Yes, a girl's answer. Kien, A fragment. Kwai, To differ, distorted. Lu, A vessel. Hwan, A small bird. Ts'ung, Quick of hearing, intelligent. Kih, for 墼 to attack. Nih, for it to oppose. Chüen, To walk slowly. Yang, Middle, invite. Yau, To dip water. Ch'uan, Pierce through, string together. Yin, A quarrel between dogs. Kiung, Open windows. P'ien, Flat. 扁 \ Ch'ih, Command. Mau, The 4th hour. Hiuh, Cattle, for 温) Kü, An eagle glance.

Nu, Slave. Lũan, Disorder, for 窗口 K'ū, Implacable strife. K'iu, A hillock. T'un, Store up, accumulate. Hai, The 12th hour. Yih, Espionage: Ling, Besides, other. P'ai, flow apart, appoint) IF T'o, sue, Fall, name of a dynasty. 离 Ch', A goblin, for 器能 Long, A title. Yang, For 場 the bright or male principle. Tsan, Praise, associate. Yung, A covered way. King, Straight waves. 焼日 Ts'an, A particle. Chũe, wan, Grassy. Ts, Able, sustain. Hüen, A kind of furnace. T'au, Pottery. $Y_{\ddot{u}}$, A moment. Ts'ih, Concubine.

Ku, To hire.

Ping, The 3rd of the 10 stems. Yü, For 于 Mih, Consume, destroy. T'au, Beg, assail. Chuh, A name of Szechuen. Jin, 9th of the 10 stems. Yai, Stupid. Hwai, Bosom. Hüen, A document. Jan, A name. Siang, Assist, praise. Kwe, A badge of office, a baton. Kiau, A stream of light, music.

Hau, Sign, cry, for 號 Hau, Sign, cry, for 號 Hu, Tiger. Chuh, To build. T'an, T'an-fu, a name. Huen, A cry, noise, for 写 Kang, A hill, for 国 Cheng, To test, for 徵 Chuh, A medecine. T'i, Name of a place. Ts'ang, Granary. An, Understand. Ying, To beg.

IMPERFECT ELEMENTS.

业豪灭义

太乡興冗

Hwe, A comet.

手000

Ling, A tomb for | 愛」 Pau, Precious for 寶) Fung, A name. Yin, The female principle, for 陰》 Kih, The root of a tree. Keu, Mutual gains. Tuan, A section, ball. Ing, Necklace. Fu, Faith. Fuh, Luxuriant. Tih, A kind of pheasant. Chan, To cut off. Wan, Flowing tears. Chu, Scarlet. We, High, perilous. Mau, for 引引 Kiau, Lofty. Kan, Feel, move. Fu, Diffuse, for 男人 King, An herb. Chũan, Special, for !! I, By, for $T^{\iota}u$, Road, a name. Hwe, Flowers.

Tsien, Minute. Kiu, A vine. Hung, Loud noise. Kw'a, Great. Kih, Oppressive. Kü, Sentence, clause. Ts'u, Grass. Man, Equal. Shuh, A small bean. Meu, 5th of the 10 stems. Ts, To stop. P'u, Abundant. Ling,, Ignis fatuus. Ch, Single, a classifier. We, Soothe, comfort. Yü, Royal, drive a chariot. Pi, Spoiled. Kai, Beg. Hien, Spinach. Kung, Arms, for 月太 Choh, To cut down. Sien, Ascend high. Siau, To long, for 突) Yuen, Small insect.

Loh, Lump of earth 陸

An, Shore, 岸) Hih, Hole in a wall. Meu, Lowing of a cow. Jung, Hurried. Jung, A weapon. Ts'ien, A bamboo tally. Fung, To drag an ox. Yien, Salt, for Man, Long. Lih, Tremble. Chuh, Soft boiled rice. Wan, Finish. 市問見心と然 Fu, Just now. Lan, See, read T'o, Snake for 点 Sh, Grass used in divination.

T'eu To spit. Tsau, A flea, also for 早early. Nien, Twenty. Yün, A bird faithful to its mate. Chang, 10 ft, Chinese 141 in, English. Suih, 11th hour. Yang, A long stream. Hien A district. Cheng, Long black hair, for 置) Chan, Garrulous. Pah, Running of a dog. P'ang, The side. Peh, 100, A centurion.

IMPERFECT ELEMENTS.

K'ih, Beg.

是	1414	身	尹	# # #
湖	再	户	五	粃
是 附	幽	身戶家	尹 玄	七

Mien, Face. Huin, A flame. Kuih, Different, certain. Cheng, Dignity, name of a kingdom. Wu, A name. Liau, Bright, clear. Siau, Like, good. Ch'ue, Lofty. Chu, A vestibule. Yai, Shore. Ch'eng, Hand up. Not explained Chih, K'ang-hi. 图 Ts'ung, Haste, for 怨 1 King, Respect, imperial. S, A horned tiger. Thuh, Chisel, for 美人 Fun, A fence, lattice. K'au, Investigate. Hiai, A one horned goat. Au, Ramble for 波) Sih, Separate. Pie. Great. Kwan, Weave.

Ts'an, A meal. Yien, Detain, conceal. T'ah, Buoyant. Kiang, Boundary, for Luh, Wood carving. Yuen, Round, dollar, officer. Kien, Firm. Ting, Palace. Keng, 7th of the stems. Ch'eu, 2nd hour. Kwe, 10th of the stems. HH Li, Beautiful, for 配) Chueh, Join. Kih, Neck erect. Ping, Rapid. utterance. Hoh, Crane. Kau, Call, high, a name. Fu, Diffuse, for 更久 Heng, Good luck. She, A family name. Oh, Fright. Küih, Handful, for 封利 Lih, Hairy.

Mc, Eyebrow.

艺 Mang, Beard of grain. 壳 Kuh, Shell, for 殼 Kwe, A rule. 丘 Tsih, Satire. 餐 Tsian, A hare. Yuen, Abyss, for 清 Yūing, Equal, for i Yien, Virtuous, Excellent. Ki, Envy, hate.

IMPERFECT ELEMENTS.

ははDEDEE</t

Seal, Old Official, Grass, Business, Pattern.

未生民來 六日为作 未生民來 六日为作 先國之來 六日为作 先國之來 於國之來 於國之來

塔物多馬 熊帝且異惟一真神 無聖能比 萬物多馬 既帝且異惟一真神 無聖能比 其 か 多馬 既帝且異惟一真神 既帝且異惟一真神 既帝且異 既帝且異

Seal, Grass, Business.

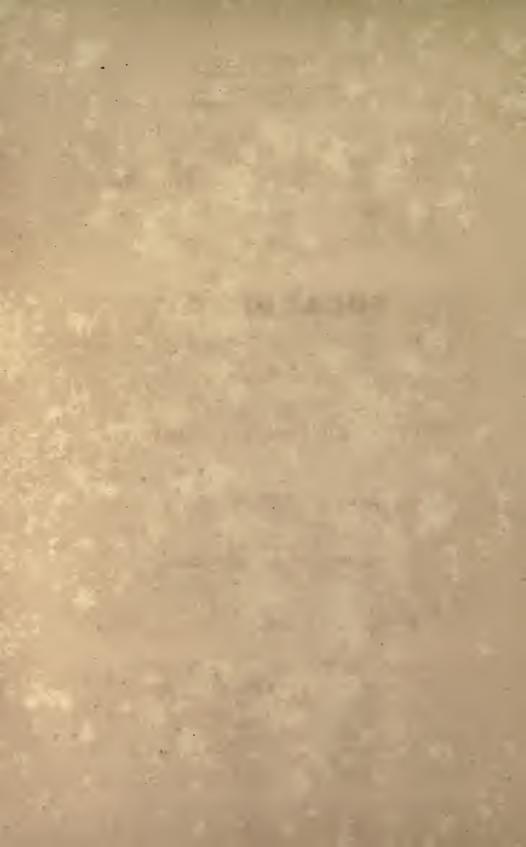
习召中当后像遂六来 章 對 傳 方 好 使 亦 月 生 非獨亞 あ 界 宣和力民 管 將 Th 名 去 本 王 作来 草胆学或母の将先前 隣肉爲当ふ兮為廟有 と 粉 福 名 き 唐 霊 天 上 即 名 延 年 事 矣 地 帝 恕尚指闭络设命萬惟 由是是多多多 暖色色含恶为基馬神 爪粉虧る勿ふ千旣無 15 累賴超磁家百希里 四顧月因多物皆且能 於金今出的自典县比

Seal, Grass, Business.

楷競議信居卷 古禮多二八撒 國自己即沒全世間教练七死 蜀司至好各何 写十名实拉问 山首吏数八衛 王冷わず故第 **西鄉城岛** 香港 複号必偽甚則

章出始好和周

調時ある福人



常字雙千釋義

A

VOCABULARY

OF

TWO THOUSAND FREQUENT CHARACTERS

WITH

THEIR MOST COMMON SIGNIFICATIONS,

AND

THE SOUNDS OF THE PEKING DIALECT.

NOTE.

For the sake of brevity, those significations which are most easily deducible, have been omitted; and the student is expected to bear in mind that feature of the language which admits of the same word being employed without alteration in different parts of speech. Thus after giving ‡ as life it would be superfluous to define it further as to live, alive, &c.

The alphabet of Mr. Edkins, to whom I am indebted for the Peking sounds, differs a little from that employed in the preceding parts of this book—for example. i is used to express a sibillation,

and è has the sound of e in there.

The following table taken from Mr. Edkins' Progressive Lessons, will furnish an index to his use of the tone marks.

First tone	上平 shang p'ing	烏 ,wu 五 ,wu
Second tone	上聲 shang sheng	
Third tone	去聲 c'hū sheng	務 wu'
Fourth tone	入聲 juh sheng	屋 wuh
Fifth tone	下平 hia p'ing.	無 .wu or wu

THE 214 RADICALS.

WITH THEIR

SOUNDS AND SIGNIFICATIONS.

	1 Stroke.		Ping. Ice.		3 Strokes.		
1.		16.	几	Ki. A bench.	30: 🏻	K'eu. The Mouth.	
2.	Kwen. Pass through.	17.	Ш	K'ang. A receptacle.	31.	We. To enclose.	
3.	Chu. A point.	18.	刀	Tau	1.	T'u. Ground, earth.	
4.	Pih. A left stroke.			A Knife.	33. ±	S. A Scholar.	
5.	Z Yih. One., curved.	19.	力	Lih. Strengh.		Ch. To follow.	
6.	Küih. Hooked.	20.	力	Pau. To infold.	01.	Shŭai. Walk slowly	
	2 Strokes.	21.	P	Pi. A spoon.	36. 人	Sih. Evening.	
7.	R. Two.	÷2.	Ē	Fang. A chest.	37. 大	Ta. Large.	
8.	T'eu. A cover.	23.	T	Hi. To conceal.		Nü. Female.	
9.	人] Jin.	24.	十	Shih.	了	Ts. A child.	
	A man.		1	Poh. To divine.	49.	Mien. A cover.	
10.	Jin.	25. 26.	ij	٦	40.	Ts'un An inch.	
11.	Juh. To enter.		F	Tsih.	41.	Siau. Small.	
12.	Pah. Eight.			Han.	42. 43.	7	
	Kiung. A limit.	27.	ム	A shelter. S. Deflected.	+	Yiu. Distorted.	
13.	Mi. To cover.	28.	习	Yiu.	10	Distorted.	
14.	To cover.	29.		Moreover.	1	7	

Sheu. A hand.

P'ah.

Tai.

Evil.

A blow.



The family name. Κ"i. Breath. Shŭe. Water 86. Ho. Fire. Chau. Claws. Father. Hiau. To imitate. Ch'ŭang. A bed. P'ien. A splinter. Teeth. A cow. K'üin. A dog. 5 Strokes. Huin. Dark, sombre. 95. Yuh. A gem. Kwa. A melon.

A tile.

Sheng. Life.

Yung. To use.

Tien. A field.

Pih. A piece of cloth,

Nih. Sick.

Poh. To separate.

Peh. White.

Skir.

Ming. A vessel.

109. Muh-

The eyes.

Meu. A spear.

An arrow.

A stone.

Sh. ° To show.

Jeu. To creep.

Ho. Growing, rice.

Huih. A cave.

117. IL Lih. To s To stand.

6 Strokes.

Chuh. Bamboo.

Mi. Hulled rice.

Earthenware.

Wang. A net.

Yang. A sheep

Wings.

Aged.

And, still.

A plough.

The car.

Lüh. A pencil.

Juh. Flesh.

Ch'eng. A minister.

Self, from.

Ch. To, most.

Kiu. A mortar.

Sheh.

The tongue.

Ch'ŭan. Error.

Cheu. A boat.

Keng. Perverse.

Seh. Color. 139.

140. Ts'au. Grass.

A tiger.

Ch'ung. . Reptiles.

Hüih. Blood.

Hing. Walk, work.

Clothes.

Strokes.

Kien. To see.

Kioh. Horn

Yien. Words.

Kuh. A valley.

Teu. Beans.

Swine.

hiai. Reptiles, wild beasts.

Pe. Pearls,

Ch'ih. Scarlet.

To walk.

Tsuh. The foot.

Shin. The body.

Kü, ch'e. A chariot.

Sing. Acrid.

Ch'eng. Hour.

6 Tseu. Motion. Yih. A city. 163. Yiu. Liquors. Pien. To separate. Li. A mile. 8 Strokes. King. Metal. Ch'ang. Long. A gate. A mound To extend to. Chue. Fowls, Yü.

Fowls.

Yü.
Rain.

Ts'ing.
Green.

Fe.
Wrong, not?

9 Strokes.

Mien.
The face,

Kch.
Skin, change
We.
Leather.

Kiu.
Leeks.

ANALYTICAL READER IE Ing. Sound. 180. Head, a leaf. Fung. Wind, a custom To fly. Shih. To eat. Sheu. The head, Hiang. Incense. 10 Strokes. Ma. A horse. 187. HI. Kuh. Bones. Kau. 189. Piau. Long hair Teu. To quarrel. Ch'ang. A fragrant liquor. Keh, li. A tripod, urn. Kwe. A ghost, a devil. 11 Strokes. Niau. A bird. Lu. Brine. Luh. A deer. Meh. Wheat.

Ma.

Hemp.

12 Strokes.

H Hwang.

Millet. Heh. Black. Ch', Embroidery. 13 Strokes. Ming. A Frog. Ting. 元 A Tripod. 鼓 Ku. A drum. Ch'u. EEL A Mouse. 14 Strokes. Pih. . The Nose. 209. Ts'ı. Even, orderly. 15 Strokes. Ch'. The teeth. 上 Lung. A Dragon. 16 Strokes. Kwe. A tortaise. 213. 17 Strokes. Yuh. A Flute. 214.

-i(c) i One.

Shang', Above, up, to go up.

Chic, Moreover.

Pu' (c) pu, pu', Not.

Chi, Seven.

Shi, The world, a generation

Hia', Below, to go down.

- San, Three.

'Ting, A sting, a nail, an individual. to sustain.

2.

'Chung, Middle, to hit the centre.

3.

- 'Chu, Lord, to control

N., Wan, A ball, a pill.

Tan, Pale red, a sovreign remedy.

Z, Chi, Sign of possessive case, Pronoun of the 3rd person.

Nai, But, may-be, it is, i.e,

Hu, A sign of doubt, admiration, inquiry; also of the T, 'Wu, Five. vocative.

Cheny, A chariot, to ride, avail of, plot.

Chicu, A long time.

Fw (c) fu, To want, lack,

L, Yau L 麽 dwarfish,

5. 7.

('I i', One, curved.

Ye, Particle, sometimes interrogative, even, also.

Loan', lan, Confusion, disor-

ff 'Chieu, Nine.

学 Ju (c) nai, Milk.

6.

Shi, An act, affair, to serve.

T'U Pronoun of 1st. person; to give.

'Liau, Finished, a sign of the past tense.

Ric. Two.

Z Yün, Speak say.

Ya', Secondary. A diminutive prefix.

U, In, in respect to.

Hu', Reciprocal.

Kwang, Much more, a for- Chai, Class, a plural suffix.

Chi (c) chi, Haste, urgeney.

Lu' (c) lieu, Six.

J. Also.

Wang, Perish, lose, flee.

R, Ching, Great, the capital.

Chiau, Intercourse, alternate, reciprocal.

是 'Hiang, Enjoy.

Nan. Man.

Lai, Come.

Tso', Make, start, arise.

'Shī, Send, cause.

Chwen, chwen', Propagate, narrate.

作 Pe' (c) po, An uncle, a fath- Chiun, Superior, fine-looker's brother, a lord.

Hin', Belief, faithfulness, a L., Chü, (c) chù, Together, all. letter.

Chin, Now, modern.

I, To take, accordingly.

H Tane, But, only.

美 'P'u, Slave, servant.

Ho, Which? why? how?

¿Lun, A category social re-

Tai, A generation, instead

Pei, Complete, prepared,

Fu', Prostrate, abject, to subject.

衣 i, Depend on, according to.

Jeng, jen, As before, still,

1表 I, Ceremony, form, manner.

Pien, Convenient, ready.

Fw, Impart, intrust, pay.

Ling, Command.

Fu, To bow the head.

Hieu, Improve, cultivate: repair.

宋 ü, Pron 1st. pers.

177, Chieu, Enmity.

Jen, Humanity, charity, goodness.

Chien', False assumption, blasphemy.

Wei', False, deceitful. Li, A custom , Ch'ing, Overturn, a moment Shang, Wound, bruise. T. Shi, Wait on, wait in presence. $T_{io}(c)$, $T_{ia}(c)$ other, pron-3rd pers. 1 Jen', sjen, Bear office or bur-门子, Fu, A captive. den, ad libitum. 术 'Pau, Protect, secure. 尹 J, Pron, 3rd pers. 1里 Pi, To cause, so that. Hie, Together with. Kung, kung', Serve, minister. II. Wei', Seat, position person. 'Ngeu, 'eu, Likeness, companion, pair. Hiang', Like, simulacrum. The Su'(c) su, Customary, com-女 Fa', Boast, cut, invade. 1 Tang, If, should. 1 Wu, Insult. Fu, (c) fo, Budha. / Hi, To be, to concern.

然 Chie', A hero.

Chi', (c) ',chi', Price, to meet, manage.] 5Chang, Pay, recompense. Hieu, Stop, good fortune. Pei, Double, multiply. I, Ten myriads, quiet, repose. Yeu', Divine protection. 矣 Si, To wait for, until. Pien, Uneven, partial. Che' tso', Sloping, oblique. ,Chin, Usurp, oppress. Si, Like, resemble. 12 'Chia, False, to borrow, suppose. 奇'I, Rely, lean on. Change, Rely on, weapon, 重 'Chin, Exactly, only, scarce-She', A cottage, to bestow, cast away. + Chu, Stop, dwell. 'Yang, To look up. Shen, Extend, explain. Chin', Altogether, empty, as you please.

震, C'heu, A class, a mate O'hien, All. ,Ts'ui, Urge, expedite. Ping, (c) Ping', Unite, 'com-Leu, Crooked, bent. bine energies. + , Chia, Excellent. 前, T'ung, Lad, urchin. 古 C'heu, T'iau, Free, noble. 量 'T'ang, If, should. K Chia', Hia', generous, care-Ngau, Proud, insolent. Ling, A play actor, clever. 1和 Lie, Smart. Peic, Side ornaments, gird, wear at the side. Trsu', Hasten, shorten. 告 Chie', Borrow. 下 'Tso, Help. A, C'hu, Provide, store, to se-14 Chien, A piece, or article. Heu, Wait, inquire for, time. O'hi, Wasteful. Chie', Attendant, usher, shield, shellfish.

1技 Ngo 20, Sudden, lofty.

华 Pan', A comrade. Lü, An associate. Ngewe, seu, stooping.

10. //

Hien, Before, first. Hiung, Elder brother. Kwang, Light, bright.

'Mien, Avoid, forgive. Chau', An omen, a million.

2Ri, (c) 3Ri, A boy, child, a euphonic.

71, Yuen, Primary, chief.

K'o', Overbearing, to over-

Yün, Promise, secure.

7, C'hung, Fill, pretend.

Ju', To enter.

C'hiuen, Complete, perfect; all.

Liang, Two, both, a täel. Nui, 'Nei, Inside.

12. 八

(c) Pa' ,pa, Eight, Hi, A euphonic expletive. L. C'hi, Pron, 3rd pers.

L. Ping, A soldier, weapon.

L. Kung, Public, just, duke.

L. Kung, Together, in common.

Chü Complete, instruments.

Tien, A rule, to manage.

Chie, To combine.

Chi, Expect, desire.

13. 门

I Tsai, Again, the second time.

14.

Kwan', kwan, A cap, crown.
Ming, Dark, obscure.

15.

/ Leng, Cold.

>麦 Ling, Insult, spurn.

/周 , Tiau, Wither.

久, Tung, Winter, to freeze. , C'hi, Chilly, grievous.

16. Π

Fan, All, the world.

Chi, Bench, table.

17. 凵

H C'hu', (c) sc'hu', Out.

Wei, tu (c) ku, Protuberance, a tenon.

山, Yau (c), wa, A pit, valley.

18. 刀

Fill Chien, Before, formerly.

利 Li, Gain, advantage, sharp.

Lie, Numerous, several, classified.

Il Tse', So, then.

Hing, Punishment.

C'hie (c) c'hie, Divide, cut.

I Jen', A blade, a sharp edge.

Fill Pie (c) pie, Distinguish, other, don't

Fen, A part, duty.

害 Ko', (c), ko, To cut.

判 P'an', Divide, decide.

創 C'hwang', Originate, create, wound.

Chien', A sabre.

71, Tau, A knife, sword.

が K'o', (c) ,k'o, Carve, cut, griping, close, quarter of an hour, a moment.

Chr, Control, appoint, costume, mourning habit.

述, Kang, Hard, steel.

12 RII Ts'i, Pierce, satirize. Chw, Excessive, increase, P'u, Creep. 書川 Hwa', Engrave, rend asunder. Kwa' (c) kwa, Scrape, include, embrace. P'eu, Divide. ,Shan, To expurgate, amend. 19. 7 The Li, Strength, force. 711 ,Chia, Add, increase. JJ , Kung, Merit, attack. Lau, Toil, to reward. engrave. Chiuen', Persuade, exhort. 7 Chu, Help. Tung', Move. 单门, C'hin, Industry, diligence. of affairs. Yung, Valor, brave. 重力 Li, Stimulate.

20.

Ww, Must not.

waste, flower. P'i, 'pi, A spoon. 22. 貴 Kwei', A Chest. Fei, Worthless, is not. 23. Le', Extort, compel, curb, Ki, Conceal, hide. பெர் C'hu, Place, space, room, empty. 24. 十 Shic (c) shi, Ten. C'hien, A thousand. Shr, Force, power, posture ZE Tsw, End, die, a soldier. * Nan, South Pant, Half. H, Sheng, Ascend. 'Mien, Encourage, earnest. Po' (c) po, Erudite. 'Ching, Investigate, a well, market.

P. ,Pau, Wrap up, comprehend.

Hwa', Transform reform,

副 'Fu, Crouch.

Po' (c) pei, North.

Shew, To receive . Pei, Mean, lowly. 午 'Wu, Noon, the first hour. 友 'Yeu, A 'friend. 25.)X 'Fan, Turn, contrary. 邦 P'an, To rebel. Pu, To divine. Chan, Chan, Observe augu-30. ries, usurp. 1 'K'eu, Mouth. 26. 和 .Ho, Harmony, mix, togeth-[] Chi, Then, even, i. e; er with. Chiuen', Aroll, part of a book. Ming, Decree, fate, life. Yin', Print, seal. Is Shan', Good. Loan, Eggs. Kaw, Inform, proclaim. 27. 口 'K'o, Can, may. C'hiue', Pron. of 3rd person. Ming, Name. Yuen, Original, of course. Wen', Ask. Heu, Thick, generous. Tiung, Together, like. Hr Yen', Satiate, disgust. Ko' (c) ko, Each, every. 28. A Si, Control, manage. 矣'I, An emphatic particle. MIN Sī', To inherit, succeed. To C'hü', Go, reject. Hew, A sovereign, an em-Ts'an, shen, A trine, togepress. ther, worship. Chiun. A king, a chief. Chaw. To summon. X Yeu', Also, again. Tsai. A note of admiration. 取, C'hü, To take. Hiang. Direction, towards.

Hu, To call, to breathe.

Chi, (c) 2chi, Also, in addi-

tion.

否'Feu, A negative alternative. 元, Chia, Excellent, auspicious. C'hang, Taste, a sign of the Che, Wise, worthy. past tense.

H. Wu Pron, 1st pers sing.

, Cheu, Circumference, com

Ko, Elder brother.

古 'Ku, Ancient.

更 'Shi, History.

印前 ü', Comparison, to inform.

,Sang, sang, Decease, loss.

豆, Hi, Pleasure.

Hien, All, entire.

Chi, (c) chi, Good luck.

Yeu, The right hand.

C'hi, Vessel, instrument.

• Ho, (c) ho, To join, agree.

Tan, Single, a bill of particulars.

K'u, To weep, cry.

Chiew, Fault, sin.

『 Shi greedy, to.

法 'Fa, Pha.

口加 Li, Ri.

際 Sai, See.

,Shang, Merchant, to consult. I Tsu, To chew.

史 Lit, Officials.

Ku, Longevity.

Yen, Severe, strict.

The Chew, To curse, incantation.

P大 ,C'hui To blow.

Tun, To swallow.

下放 Shic, To devour.

She (c) she, The tongue.

E Shew, To sell.

·Chi, Only.

P'in, Class, grade, offerings.

Z →Lü, A family name. a musical scale.

K'eu', Kotow, knock the head, knock at a door.

印朝 , Chau, Ridicule.

I'm Yün, Lick with the tongue.

Chi, A span.

Trang, Name of a dynasty.

Han, To contain, hold inthe mouth.

印度,Hü, Blow, puff.

Phil Chio' (c) chiau, To masticate. C'hui, To condescend, let PA C'hang', To sing. 肯 Ching', Peace, region. Yin, To hum, cantillate. 力日, Yuen, A wall. Hiuen, Noise. 空人 Chi, To hold, control, take. 序'C'hi, To open, begin. 主文 Pau', To report, recompense. 31. 挥, Yai, The soil, ground. JU Si, Four. T'ang, A hall. 大, Yin, Because, from. Mu', A tomb, grave. Kwe' (c) kwe, Kingdom, nation. Tso" To sit. Hwei, Turn, return. 十昌 5T'an, An altar. 高。T'u, A map, to plot. To, To fall. Kw, Firm, of course. 新 T'u, To daub, mortar. Wuen, A garden. C'hen, Dust, earth. K'wen', Press, oppress. 摸, C'hang, Open ground. , Wei, Invest, besiege, around † 'T'an, Level ground. ¿C'hieu, A prisoner. TP , K'o, Uneven ground. Yeu', A park, garden. C'hi, Crumbling, shattered. 32. Hwai, Spoiled, ruined. T'u, Ground, earth, opium Chien, Firm, solid. Ti, The earth, ground, a 寒 Se', sai', To stop up. place. ,Chi, Foundation, estate. 十智 ,Tseng, To add, increase. 大芩 'T'a, A tower. Tsai, In, on, at. C'heng, A city, a wall. Chiun, All, equal.

Kan, May, can, endure. Chan', A pit, a ravine. 古, Chie, Stairway. Shu' (c) shu, A school.

Shi, A coop for fowls.

33.

Shr, A scholar. H+ Chwang', A bed.

Shew, Age, longevity.

34.

見 Hia', Summer, name of a 大 Shi (c) shi, To lose. dynasty, of China.

36. 久

To, Much, many.

Hi' (c) ,hi, Evening.

Mong, A dream.

Ye, Night.

从Wai, Outside.

及 Su Early, north.

37. 大

Ta' tai, Great.

大 Tien, Heaven.

Fu, A man, husband, fu-ts, Nun', Tender, fresh. a teacher, fu-jin, a lady. fu, Hau, Good. a euphonic particle.

Tai Grand, vast.

Tien, Fix, establish, to make a libation.

Nai, ngai, How!

**Err, Earnest, energetic.

Chiang, To praise, exhort.

Ngau', Mysterious.

Thia (c) schia, To approach from both sides.

华 F, Vast, to gamble.

39. 女

Feng', Obey, receive orders.

1 To' (c) ,to, Snatch, seize.

Chi, Rare, wonderful.

Hi, How? why? a page, a

Pen, To run.

素 Tseu, A report or memorial to the sovereign, to strike up music.

ブ'Nü, A woman, a daughter.

Ju, As, like, if.

妻,Chi, A wife,

力台 'Shi, Beginning.

Wang', False, deceitful.

九帝 Fu^c, Woman, wife.

学'C'hü, To marry.

加生 Hing', The family name, the family.

裂, Ying, An infant.

'Tsī, 'chie, 'chi, Elder sister.

Mei, Younger sister.

Nu, A slave.

及 Pi, A maid servant.

Wei, Wei, Dignity, majesty, prowess.

九十 ,Ku, A maiden, an aunt, a wife's mother-in-law.

Miaw, Admirable,

'To, Complete, satisfactory.

及,ü,Delight.

17 Yen, Elegant, refined, deli-

Meic, Pretty, charming.

39. 子

Ts Son, child, doctor.

Tsw, Letters, the marriage Hai, To harm, injure. name, to love, nourish.

导作 Shu, Who? which?

7. Tsun, To retain, preserve continue.

K, Sun, A grandson, gentle, yielding.

羽 Hai A child.

Hiau', Filial piety.

Chi, A season, the last of

Yün', Pregnant.

👺 ,Tsī, To multiply, to swarm.

40.

Chia, To give in marriage. I, Proper, fitting, to set in order.

Chia, A family.

Ngan, Rest, quiet.

'Sheu, To hold, maintain,

Bhi (c) shi, Solid, real.

X. Yung, The face, to tolerate.

室 Shi, A chamber, a house.

Kung, A palace.

* 'Tsai, A ruler, to slay.

Ting', Certain, to fix, determine.

Hiuen, To proclaim, publish.

,Chin, To go to bed, to sleep.

'Shen, To examine, judge.

子 'ü, A roof, house, the can- 高 Chi, To lodge, convey, a opy of heaven.

Fu, Rich.

Tsung, Ancestor, chief, or- Tsun, An inch.

Cha', Search, examine, investigate.

Pau, Precious.

, Yuen, Injury, spleen, blame. Kwan, Officer, mandarin, to govern.

其, Yien, To reverence; the 3rd. of the 12 hours.

Ko, A guest, stranger, mer- + Feng, To seal, appoint. chant, customer.

Ning, Tranquil, rather. Kwan, Large, generous, indulgent.

Hung, Great, vast.

Mi, Close, secret, intimate.

E, 'Chung, Favor, affection.

¿'Kwa, Destitute, few, a wi-

Su', hū, A constellation, to K. Yeu, Blame, fault, more. pass a night, lodge.

Yeu', Indulge, pardon.

共,Han, Cold, frigid.

Hwan, The globe, a circuit. A. Chū, To dwell, locate.

remainder.

,Chiang, Take command, intend, will be or do.

道 Taw, To lead.

Jun, To respect, reverence.

Tui, Opposite, a pair, to compare.

男, Chwen, Special, sale.

Hiūn, To seek, afterwards.

She', To shoot.

/ Hiau, Small.

'Shau, Few, young.

Shang, Chang, Above, to exalt, yet.

Then, thereon, come

Ni Near, familiar.

Ww (c) wu, A house. 嘉 'Shu, To belong to, to enjoin. The Yo', A mountain. Lü, Sandals, to walk, an Ch'in, Lofty, sublime. income. Shi, A corpse, an effigy. Shi, A dead body. P'Chi, A foot, a rule. H Chie, To reach, arrive at. L'i, Often, repeatedly. Tseng, A story, or stratum. 46. Shan, Hill, mountain. Ch'ung, Lofty, to reverence. Yien, A cliff, precipice. **Tau, An island.

**Kang, A steep high hill. Ngan', A shore, bank. HH, Peng, To fall, death of a prince. Lun, A peak, summit. Lan, The atmosphere. Ja ,Chi, Rough, uneven. ,Chü, Rugged. F. , Yai, A steep bank, a cliff.

K Chia, A mountain pass, a

strait.

Tai, The Taishan mts. 走形 Ngai, ai, A dizzy height. 臣 Chang, A chain of hills. W# Cheng, Eminent. 山荣, Yung, Conspicuous. 山全 ,Feng, A peak.

47.

,Cheu, An island, continent, district. Ch'wen, A stream.

Chau, A nest, a lair.

48. T.

,Kung, Work, mechanism.

'Tso, The left hand, wrong, to aid.

Ch'ū', Huge, chief.

C'ha, ,c'hai, Difference, error.

J 'C'hiau, Skilful, cunning.

49. 己

'I, Already, to stop, a euphonic final.

Pa, A grip, handful, blow, name of a place, sign of the optative:

'Chi, Self, reflex pron.

chief.

Ti, A ruler, supreme majes-

,Hi, To expect, rare.

Mu', Tent, tabernacle.

"Shī, A master, army, multi- Pi, Pi, To protect.

Pu', Cotton cloth, to spread

,C'hang, Constant, always, H. Shu', All, almost. common.

The Shi, A market.

Hi, (c) hi, Matting, feast, meal.

Tai, A belt, draw, convey. P'a, A Hood, a stomacher. Pe', Silk stuff, wealth, money.

A year.

serious consequences.

Ping, United, also, even. Ping, Level, just.

52.

Chi, 'chi, How, almost.

,Chin, A turban, cap, ker- IJ Yeu, Tender, youth, young.

122 Yeu, Gloomy, dismal.

27 Hwan', Transform, sleight of hand.

53. T

'Ti, Bottom.

唐 'Hwang, Broad.

Fei, To set aside, waste.

Tu, A degree, to measure, estimate.

KK Tso, A seat, throne.

Fu, A mansion.

Yung, Constant, common, to employ.

南 K'u', Treasury.

康,K'ang, Tranquil.

¿Lang, Portico, verandah.

Kan, A shield, to offend, Hu, Preface, order, a college.

Hiang, Academy, asylum.

唐才, C'hu, A kitchen.

III Si, A privy, to cleanse. 唐, Chiew, Stable.

Hieu, To protect.

延, Ting, A hall.

建 Chien', To build, lay a foundation.

处, Yen, To prolong, to invite.

Hwei, To turn back.

55.

I, An arrow.

Shi, A model, a prop to Trsung, Follow, from. lean on.

57. 号

5. C'hiang, 'c'hiang, Strong, vio-

Ghang, Extend, stretch,

Fu', Not.

Ti, Younger brother, dis-11 Hiun, Observe, according to.

'Yin, To lead, introduction. Kung, A bow.

Joc, Weak, feeble.

万里 :Tan, Beat a harp, a ball.

Mi, More and more.

开久Hing, Form, body.

可 Pau, Kitchen, butcher's 草/, Chang, Display, luminous,

宋 'Tsai, Brilliant, ornate.

县, Ying, Shaddow.

60.

復 Fu, Return, again.

行主, Wang, To go.

Te' (c) ,tei, Obtain, get, can.

'Pi, That, adj. pron.

 $\equiv T^{c}u$, Disciple, in vain, only.

Hew, After, posterity.

I, To serve, a low official, police runner.

, Wei, Minute, subtile.

手 Tai, Treat, wait.

德 Te (c) te, Virtue.

, Cheng, Advance, invade, conquer.

行文, Cheng, To test, examine, act.

Chinge, A path.

作, Tang, Loll, stroll, lounge. 其, Yang, Roving, straying.

弟, Hü, Gradual, at leisure.

61. L'h

Hin, Heart.

性 Wei, Only, but, think.

Ngo', wu', Evil, hate.

爱 Ngai, ai, Love.

菁 F, Thought, intention.

Pi (c) pi, Certainly, must.

性 Hing', Nature.

'Kan, Feel, excite feeling.

Hu' (c) hu, Sudden.

"Jen, Cruel, patient.

Kung, Apprehension, lest.

每 'Hwei, Regret, repent.

Yue', Please, be pleased.

 $H^{i}(c)$, hi, All, to investigate.

Hwo', hu', Tempt, doubt, waver.

畏,Ü, Dull, stupid.

Hwan', Affliction.

J. Yeu, Sorrow, grief.

瞿 Chū', Dread.

烈 Nu', Anger.

Wang, Forget.

寺 Shī, To rely on.

En, ngen, Grace.

Hü^c, Favor, mercy, pity.

Chi', Inclination, will, history, to record.

Nien', Thought, to read.

大声, Ching, Passions, affairs, natural feelings.

息, Hi, Rest, cease.

愈, U', Better, to heal.

Heng, Persevering, permanent.

· Hwai, Bosom, to feel, cherish.

,Kung, Respect.

R Pau', Violence, oppression.

Chien, Guilt.

雅, Ying, ying', Answer, ought.

,Sī, To think.

Min, Compassion.

Hwei, Smartness, wisdom.

Tesi, Mercy, tenderness.

Ping, Proof, to rest on,

成 Han', Hate, dislike.

Chi, (c), chi, Haste, urgency.

Ü', Passion, desire, appetite. Ü, Mistake, error. Shen', Cautious, precise. 'Hiang, To think, desire. Wu', Conscious, awake. Lü, To care for. Hwan, Pleasure. Hwei, Comfort, kindness. ¿Lien, Pity, love. Hi (c) hi, Regret, spare, Wei, Soothe, support. , Chung, Loyal, faithful. Chio', Dignified. Hen', Hate, abhor. 竟 I, Think of, remember, con-职 jecture. Man', Slow, disrespect. 不 Li, Tremble, dread. Yuen', Blame, complaint, Hiven, Suspend. Fen', Anger, rage. , Mang, Hurried, busy. Mu', Desire, admire. Chien, chan, Repent, a pen-

itential prayer.

Tsung, Haste. Hin, Delight. Ching', Felicity. Ch_i , Shame, 深 Lien, To dote. Kwai, Quick, joyous. 'T'sun, Think, suspect. 'Sung, Awe. 中 Hwang, Dread, apprehension, Hwang, Hurry, confused. T'e', Fault, evil, badness. Ti, Reverence. ,Tesan, Shame. Tui, Vexation, hate. 及,Chiuen, Reform. 62. 文 PX Hwo, Or, either, suppose, some one.

'Ngo, (c)'wo, I, pron. 1st pers. ¿C'heng, Complete. Lu', Cut to pieces. Chan', Fight, battle. ,Ko, A pike, a weapon.

形 Chie, To Caution, forbid, 持, Hi, hie, Convey, carry. renounce.

C'hi, A relative, sorrow.

Tai, Wear, or bear on the Chi, Hold, proof. head.

Chia, A lance, jolting, stammering, usual.

63.

Hu, A door, family, owner. Lei, Fang, House, room.

64. 丰

F'Sheu, Hand.

座, Mo, (c), mo,

皇, Na, Take, seize.

Sa' (c) ,sa, (c) 'sa, scatter.

FIL, La, Draw.

*Cheng, Save, succor.

= Pai, Worship, bow down.

An', According to.

No, Rub, move, elude.

T'eu, Plunge, cast.

Chū, Elevate, all.

'Chi, Point, finger.

Ya'(c).ya, Pawn, seal, compel

坚 Chi', Strike.

掃 Sau, Sweep.

Yang, Spread, display.

程 Chie (c) chie, Receive, accept, connect with.

Men, Handle, feel with the hand.

考 Yuen, Rescue, succor.

Chau, To beckon, call togeth-

Poc, Scatter, winnow.

 T_i , T_i , Handle, take up.

Ti, Oppose, balance.

1 Chii, Resist.

Ts'ai, Talent, ability.

Shew, Entrust, impart.

Fu, Sustain.

持, C'hi, Hold, control.

基 Cho, (c), chai, Choose, select.

井丘,T'ui,Push.

I. Or, either, rule, repress.

'Mo. Wipe, blot, paint.

子架, Ts'au, ts'au, Hold fast, manage.

事 Chang The palm, hold, con- ft Yen, Veil, conceal.

丰寒 'Jang, steal.

K.C. heng, Receive, accept, Fu, Beat, play on a harp. thanks.

7 , Chiuen, Contribute, sacrifice.

Pau, Nurse, embrace, hug. Ts'ai, Pick up, cull.

洋泽 'Ta, Whip, scourge.

Ta, Strike, beat.

神, Ni, Decide, condemn.

T Cho (c) cho, Break open, take apart.

才面 'P'u, Capture, seize.

the Chen', Arouse, stir up.

擅《Chic (c) , chi, Cast, throw.

, C'hien, Pluck, snatch.

T'an', ,t'an, Test, try, sound, inquire.

·Chau, Transcribe, copy, take, confiscate.

To', Open, inaugurate.

P'an, Cling, hold to.

P'ai, Arrange, spread out.

水, Cover, cloak.

刊, Wan, Draw back.

Hwei, Wield, manage.

,P'ai, (e) p'o', Pat, tap.

Chi, Choose, hinder, com-

Yau, Shake, rock, skull a Pa', c pa, Pluck up, assist.

Shi', (c) shi Gather, pick up.

* C'ho', Break, snap.

Till Chie', Strip, break.

Chüc, Handful, to take with both hands.

Lau, (c) ,lau, Grasp, seize.

P'au, Cast, throw away.

丰里 :Toan, Knead, compress.

型 Sie, Carry in the hand.

65.

,Chi, Diverge, give, pay, prop, succor.

66. 女

菌(Ti, (c) ti, Rival, enemy.

致 Chi, To cause, so that, investigate

Ku, A cause, reason, therefore.

Thian, schian, Teach, doc- I, Si, This. trine, religion.

Chiew, Save.

Shu, Number, destiny.

Kai, Change, reform.

Kan, Dare.

Kung, Merit, attack.

Ching, Respect, reverence.

HI Pai, Defeat, waste.

San, Scatter.

Theng', Government, polit-

JY ,Shou, Receive, collect.

Fang, Release, let loose.

7 K'au, Examine, search.

更久, Fu, (c), fu, Spread, diffuse

67. 又

Wen, Literature, Figures. Fei, Elegant.

68.

'Tcu, A peck measure, the Great Bear.

* Lian', Materiel, to conject-

69. Tr

Pr'So, Which, what, where.

盛了Toan', Cut, break, by all

K Chi, Rebuke.

亲 ,Sin, New, renew,

T, Chin, A catty, an axe.

70. 万

77 ,Fang, Square, place, method, thereon,

族 Tsu tsu, Family clan.

顶, U, In, on, pertaining to.

Pang, Side.

前折, Shī, Give.

放 $L_{\ddot{u}}$, Stranger, company, batallion.

The Hinen, Revolve, in turn.

71. 光

Chi, Since, already.

K, Wu, Without, privative.

- $J\bar{\imath}^{\epsilon}$, Sun, a day.

 $H^{i^{c}}(c)$ hi, Formerly, anciently.

HH Ming, Bright, understand.

Shi, To-morrow, to be, right.

日子 Shi, Time, hour.

Chau, Shine, display. 起 Chī, Wisdom. Chi, Will, taste. An', Dark. I', Change, easy. Hr Mei', Obscure, blinded. Cheu', Noon, daytime. Wan, Evening, night. 'Tsau, Early. His Kwang, Barren; desert. Kwun, Elder brother, a worm. Pu, Far and wide. 晨, Chen, Morning, early. 星 ,Hing, A star. Chang, Prosperous. Chan', Brief, temporary. Mu', Evening, twilight. Ti, Instead, fail. Chi, Also, more. Chang', Flourishing, comfortable. 計畫 ,Ching, Clear. Yang, Bright, fair.

Han', Dry weather.

去,Chun, Spring. *Kwei, Sun dial. Pren'; Evening. . Hiau, Morning. Hi, Bright, discriminate. Hy Ying, Shine on, reflect im-景 'Noan, Warm; mild. 是 'Ching, Admirable, picturesque. H Tan', Morning. Hiun, Ten days, a good term for a week. 73. **=** Yue', Speak, said, called. Hwei, Meet, can. Shu, Write, book. Trsau, Class, sign of plural. ¿Teseng steeng, Sign of past tense, a family name. 最 Tsui, Most. Weng keng', Change, more. Chii (c), Chii Chi, Crooked, injury. Ho', Why not?

He, Ye, hie, Drag.

74.

相 'Yeu, Indulge, forgive.

Yue', Moon, month. Wang', Look towards, hope.

Chau, ,chau, Morning, towards, palace, do homage.

H C'hi, schi, Period, expect.

 Fu^{ϵ} , (e) fu, Submit, hug.

用 Pieng, Friend.

が So', North, first of a month. The Chi, Plant, fix.

75. 木

天 Wei', Not yet.

Hiang hiang, Mutual, toge-

Mu', Wood, timber.

Tren, Root, origin.

東, Tung, East.

木声 Shu', Tree, to plant.

*Kwo, Fruit, really.

Yung, Glory.

Lo', yo', Yo', Joy, music.

Chi (c) chi, Collect.

The Chi (c) chi, Extreme, limit. Leu, Loft, story.

正 Chi, Reject, leave, castaway 木 Ku, Withered.

Ye, Business, property, fi-

本語。Chiuen, Authority, a steelyard weight, an exception.

木 Mo' (c) mie', Tree top, end, tip end, no more, worthless.

Chia', Frame.

Sheng', Conquer, bear, sur- 1/2 Tiau, A rod, a classifier of long things, an article, a law.

Shu', Bind.

相外 Kai, A stable.

Chi, Engine, opportunity.

林良, Ken, Root.

木苗 ,Heng, heng', Perverse, crosswise.

(c) Chi, Thorns, brambles.

木支 ,Chi, A branch.

木 Pei, A cup.

和的 'Kan, Chinese olive, it belongs to the terebinthaceae.

Lan, A kind of olive, the canarium.

水又 'Pan, Plank, board.

木干 Chu, Pillar, prop.

樣 Yang Sample, pattern.

村友 Ho, (c) ,ho, Seed, kernel, compare, search.

Ko', (c) ko, Reform, come. **Chang, staff, cudgel.

Meu, Any, a certain one.

本臭 ,Mu, Pattern, sample.

档 'C'hiai, Model.

Lin, Forest, grove.

Hie, Terrace, arbor.

木腔、Kan, Railing, cage.

目。Mei, Door lintel.

Keu', Join, truss of a house.

T'sai, Materials.

T'a, A couch.

'C'hu, Paper mulberry.

Yang, 林川, Lieu.

Wu, (The eleococcus, oleifera, t'ung-yiu, 市 Tung, (wood oil.

村子 T'au, Peach.

Li, Plum, hing-li, baggage.

Sung, Pine, fir.

Po' (c) 'pai, Cedar, cypress. Pu', Step.

ing.

76. 欠

Chien', Lack, owe, debt.

说, Wish, desire, will.

Ts'i', Order, next in order.

則允 Ü, A final particle.

上人 Hwan, Joy, to like.

Hin, Delight.

其人, C'hi, Deceive, insult.

可以,Ko, A song.

所, Ngeu, Sing, chant, recite.

77. It

Ts'i, This.

Kwei, Return, render, yield belong.

- 'Chi, Stop, cease, only.

Li, Pass over, away, successive, experience.

Chenge, (c) scheng, Upright, virtuous.

JEC, Wu, Military, used for pu, a step.

Sui, A year, season.

Cha', (c), cha, Stockade, rail-12, C'hi, Diverge, c'hi lu a bye way.

78.

Z Tai, Evil, bad.

Si, Death.

外, Shu, Different, really.

As Ts'an, Cruel, barbarous.

Chien, Kill destroy, perish.

Tai, Insecure, imminent, K, Min, People, a plebeian.

妈 Shang, Untimely death.

对日 'Tsu, Dissolution, death.

79. 发

Shu, A spear.

Sha', (c) ,sha, To kill.

黑文 Tien, Temple.

自以 'Hwei, Destroy

By Yin, Zealous, great.

Pan, A kind, the same.

TX C'hio', Shell, husk.

80.

₩u, wu, Do not, a denial.

Mu, Mother.

A 'Mei, Each, every.

Tư, (c) tu Poison.

The Ut, Cherish, nurture, train. Chi chi, Govern, manage.

81. 比

Pi, To compare.

82. 手

手, Mau, Hair, wool.

皇:Hau hair, down, a mote.

83. Et

Shī, Family, suffix to a woman's name.

84. 气

Thi, Chi, Breath, any gaseous body, matter, anger.

85. 水

ブく Shui, Water.

Chicu, Seek, desire, pray.

Fa'fa'sfa, Law, mode, method.

Wen, Tepid, warm, mild, gentle.

Ytz 'ju, Thou.

Mo, mei, Sink, die, not, no,

》,Shen, Deep.

分件, Hi, To wash.

》。Ho, River, canal:

Sha, Sand. Cheu, Island, continent. P'ai', Divide, appoint. 'Hai, The sea. , Wu, Filthy. Mie', Quench destroy. ,Chie, Cleanse, purity. ,Po, A wave. Hwo'(c), hwo, Alive, mobile, Hu, Lake, lively. Chieu, Wine. Yeu, Oil. ¿Lieu, Flow, glide. 'Yung, Long, for ever. This, Cross a ferry, to give charity. Yin, Adulterous, profligate, excess. YII Chi, To weep. Ching, Pure, clear. Hung, Great, vast. , Chan, Moisten, tinge, infect. Cho', Wash, wash the feet. Mu', Bathe, bathe the head, receive favor.

Chien', Gradual.

Y Ni, Mud. Che', A pool, favor. Kwun', Pour, irrigate. Chiuen, Fountain, money. Chiang, River. Yang, Ocean. 'Man, Full. Yuen, Source, fountain. Han', Name of a river, of a dynasty, of the Chinese. To drown, sink, perish. ¿Lun, Eddy, gulf, sink, per-以表 'K'o, Thirst. /眉 Pin, Bank, brink,. So', Trace up, go against the current. Leu', Leak, omit. Tu, Ferry, to cross over. Hiau, Melt, waste away. 'Lau, Flood. excess of rain: 子, Feu, Float, swim, superficial. Wei', Name of a turbid river: Chin, A ford, ferry.

She', To wade, concern.

C'hau, Tide, damp.

Hwang, A lake, pool; chùang Jan, So, yet. hwang, embellishment.

Names of rivers.

,Lin, Drip, trickle.

Twan, A torrent.

Chic, Excite, impede.

Lan', A flood, excess, intru-

Fathom, estimate,

Tai, Vast, quiet, opulent.

Chu, An islet, sandbank.

Tsui, To dip, dye.

Hieu, To swim.

 $Sh\bar{\imath},(c)sh\bar{\imath}', Wet, damp, most.$

Ti, To weep.

Lei, Tears.

Hau, Vast.

Yuen, Abyss.

弦, Chi, To multiply.

86. 火

'Hwo, Fire.

Wu, Not.

,Yen, Euphonic.

Wei, Be, become, make, do.

, Ying, Plan, plot, camp, legion.

Fen, Consume.

Lie', Fierce, brave.

, Wu, A crow, black, what? where?

Janity.

Kan, Burn.

以为, Yen, Smoke, tobacco.

'Hwei, Destroy,

Jan, Kindle,

Teng, A Lamp.

Chau', Shine, enlighten.

Jo', Heat.

Hiün, Merit.

, Fan, Vex, perplex, trouble.

Hie', Temper, mingle, bland.

Yen', yen.

Chï, Kindle.

Yen', Flame.

Sho', Flash, explode.

Tisan, Brilliant.

Kan', Bright, torn, rotten. 水車 ,Hwei, Splendor. 水旱 Hwang, Lustre. ? P'eng, Bake, roast.

Hi, Bright, glorious.

煮 'Chu, Boil, cook.

87. 爪

‡, Cheng, Contend, strive. Yuen, Therefore, at, in, next. Chio, (a) chio, Rank, title, office.

88. 交

Fu', Father.

TR, Ye, Father, combined in Yeu, Yeu, Yet, like. various titles.

89.

Ri, Thou, a particle.

90. 爿

Chwang, Bed, bed stead.

91. 片

Fien, A strip, slip, leaf. Yeu, Door, window, to in- Chiuen, A dog. struct.

92. 开

Ya Teeth.

93. 牛

Wu', Thing, animal.

Nieu, Cow, ox.

井 'Mu, Male.

井子 T'e', Special, intentional, an

肯 Tu', (e) tu, A calf.

Mu', Shepherd, herdsman.

C'hien, Lead, draw.

Sheng, Cattle, beasts for sa-

Lau, Firm, prison, a victim for sacrifice.

94. 犬

活术 Ü, Prison, law suit.

Sheu', Wild beast.

Hien', Present, offer.

Fan', Violate, offend.

進 Hwo', hu', Take, obtain.

和 Tu, (c), tu, Alone, single.

17 Kwang, Mad, foolish, sport.

Shi, A lion.

HChwang', Form, a lawyer's

Hia, (c), hia, Narrow stupid. Fpff, Hu, Coral. 加 Lie', Catch, hunt.

95. 女

YS Shwai, Lead, imitate, all.

Tsi, This, it.

Hinen, yuen, Sombre, mysterious.

96. 玉

T. Wan,g King, prince.

Li, A principle, to govern.

She, A harp of many strings. Kwa, A melon.

Hwan, Aring, circle, around.

F. Pan, Class, to distribute.

To U, Gem, jade.

天, Chin, Harp, lute.

Echen, Pearl.

Fr. Chieu, Globe.

王龙, Chi, An astronomical instrument.

FIL Wan', Joy, amusement.

I Tien, A flaw.

H Ri, Ear ring, pendant.

王朱, Chu, Pearl, jewel

壁 Pi, A precious gem.

Har Heng, Emerald.

Lin, A kind of precious

Hang, Neck ornaments.

王虎, Hu, Amber.

Th' Chieu, Ebony.

子菜 Tesan, Sparkling.

王前 Jui, Auspicious.

97.

98.

及, Wa, Tile, earthen ware.

99. 廿

Shen' (c) shen, Intense, excessive.

Kan, Sweet, willing.

Sheng, Life to impart life; produce.

To give birth, an es

胜 Su, To revive.

101. 用

Yunge, Use.

102.

F, Different, strange.

"Tang, tang, Ought, proper,

H Yeu, From, out of.

,Shen, Extend, repeat.

Tien, Field.

, Nan, A male, a son.

· Chie, Boundary.

 $H_{\ddot{u}}$, c'hu', Cattle, to breed.

Pi, (c) pi, Ended, finished. Teng, Ascend.

Lieu, Detain, delay.

Chia, 'chia, Mail, a cyclic character, the first.

Wei, Fear, reverence.

Lio', liaw', Brief, compendious. Chie, All.

景, Cheu, Class, sort, field.

** Fan, Footstep, change, times ! Hwang, Greatest, emperor. of repetition, foreign.

Pi, Give, bestow.

H, Chiang, Bound, limit.

Hwa, Painting, a pen stroke.

Mu, A mow, 7260 sq, ft.

103. 正

P'i, A piece of cloth.

矩, I, Doubt, used, also for 新 to determine.

Shu, Herbs, open, coarse.

'C'hu, Pain, grief.

104. 开

Ping', Sickness.

Chi, (c) chi, Malady.

T'ung', (c) t'eng, Pain.

,Hen, A shade, a scar.

105. 列

Fac (c) fa, Raise, start, produce.

106. 白

H Pe (c) po, pai, A hundred.

Po' (c) spai, White.

Ti 'ti (c) ,ti, Target, exact, a particle.

107.

108. IIIL

I, More, advantage.

Sheng cheng, Full, abundant.

Ying, Full, overflowing. 器 Chin', Exhaust, finish, alto- 民 Mien, Slumber.

gether.

Chiene, Note, survey.

五 Ho', Why not?

III. 'Min, Vessel, instrument.

Tau', Rob.

Meng, Alliance.

飛, Pan, Dish, board.

Tang, A tub, large, enlarge.

109. 目

III. Chen, True.

督 Tu (c),tu, Supervise.

Chung', Many.

Mu, Eye.

Chinen', A relative, to pro- 55 'Shen, How much more.

Chi' (c) chi, Straight.

Chi (c), chi, Locate, dispose of.

首 'Hing 'sheng, Examine, spare, province.

Kan, kan, Look, see.

Yen, Eyes.

这 'Ku, Blind.

間 Kwei', Blind.

目篇, Chan, Look at.

目睛 'Shu, Observe intently.

Shui, Sleep.

Shun', Wink of an eye.

P'an', Look, hope.

目弟 Ti, A glance.

110. 矛

Mau, Spear.

Www. Business, earnestly.

於, Chin, Boast, admire, pity.

111. 矢

午门, Chi, Know.

天 Shī, Arrow, an oath.

TOan, Short.

112.

Shī' (c) shī, Stone.

伊 P'o', Break, burst, open,

Pan, A broad, rock.

Mo (c) mo, A milstone.

Lieu, Sulphur.

C'hing', A stone bell or cym-

Ma, Cornelian, a yard, numerical figures.

11 Nau, Agate, cornelian.

Tit 'Wu, A fine stone, but not the, Ho, Growing rice. a gem.

行夫,Fu, A stone, a false gem. 作 C'hio', Solid, real, reliable.

113. 不

Shen, God, spirit.

Chi, Sacrifice, offering.

Fu', (c), fu, Happiness.

Li, Rites, politeness, propriety.

Shi, To view, to treat.

杰 Chin', Prohibit.

T元 Chu, chu, Bless, pray.

Til Chi, Pray, beg.

F'tau, Supplicate, Pray.

Hwo, Misery. calamity.

Shi, Show, inform, a man ifesto.

Tsu, Grandfather, ancestor. _____ Lin, Store house.

清古 'Hu, Bliss, prosperity.

 S_{i} , Sacrifice, offering.

種,Ü, Withstand, resist.

重 Siang, Prosperity, luck.

114.

(C'hin, Fowls, birds.

115.

Su, Revive, Yesu, Jesus.

The Cheng chenge, Praise, address, weigh, fit.

款 Ku' (c) ,ku, Grain.

水。Sī, Private, selfish.

本重 Chung ,chung, Plant, kind,

Chi, Search, examine.

Hold fast, adhere, handful.

本音 Chi^c(c),chi, Collect, store up.

Shui, Taxes, duties.

武 Wei, Filth.

I, Move, change.

Pi, Secret.

林学 , Cheng, Road, journey.

tik , Chieu, Autumn.

*Yin, Firm, secure.

秦,Chin, Name of a dynasty.

Hieu', Bloom, flourish, elegant.

Mu', Sublime, benign.

116.

Hine thine, Cave, tomb.

Kung kung, Empty.

'Chiün, Persecute.

12 Chiung, Exhaust, poor.

Chie, Steal, stealthy.

, Chiung, Lofty, canopy of heaven.

Tu' (c) tu, Sudden, rush.

, Chicu, Search out.

,Chwang, Window. 利, Kwei, Pry, spy.

117. 立

II. Lic, Stand.

竟 ,Chang, Chapter, display.

Joan, Correct, an item, com- Hiau, Flute, flageolet. mencement.

H. Tung, Boy, maiden.

Chie (c) chie, Exhaust, complete.

Ching', Finally.

T Chu', Stand, cause to stand

Ching, Strive, earnest.

118. 竹

第 Ti', Number, mansion, only. 光分 'Fen, Starch, flour.

Teng, Class, equal, &c.

Chie (c) Chie, Joint, verse.

L Chu', Found, build.

 $Ta^{\epsilon}(c)$, Ta, Answer.

Pien, Essay, chapter, section.

Hiau, Laugh, smile.

Chien, Brief, convenient.

The Yen, Feast, invite.

美 'Tu, Real, sincere.

Kwan, Govern.

Soan', Estimate, calculate.

Tsen (c) Tsan, Hairpin.

首行 Chw, Chopstick.

争'Pi, Pencil.

Chu' (c) chu, Bamboo.

 \ddot{U} , Piper.

119. 米

*Mi, Rice.

岩 ,Ching, Essence, fine, accu-

光片 ,Ts'u, Coarse.

#量 , Liang, Provender.

120. 糸

Yo', (c) yo, Agreement, narrow, sparing.

nary, hitherto.

茶出 Hi, Fine, small.

粉末, Yuen, Because, therefore, a hidden harmony.

終, Chung, End, final, not at all. 家 'So, so', A cord, to seek.

新古 Chie', (c) chie, Tie, connect. 好 Hi, Tie, bind.

ther.

T'ung, Entire, general.

Chiue', (c), chiue, Cut off, ex-

Chi', Period of 12 years, a z 'Jau, (viron, saunter.

,Ching, Rule, classic, warp, longitude, experience.

Pien, To twine, compose verses or books.

Na, Pay, give, receive.

Chi, (c) 'chi, 'kei, Give.

Kang, Main principles.

Mien, Floss, cottony silk, extended, connected.

Tsung, 'tsung, tsung', Let loose & suppose, a direct line.

光弦 Chi^c, To succeed, connect with.

Fan, Numerous, abundant. Lei, Often, entangle.

Sw, Plain, unadorned, ordi- Chun, Pure sincere, perfect.

Wang, A net.

Hung, Red.

Is'an', chan, Arip, rent, hole.

Wei, Connect, only, merely. Hi, Family line, connect.

Tsung, Generally, altoge- Wei, Transverse, woof, latitude.

> Mien, Fine threads, connected thought, ponder.

> Liau, Wind around, en-

Lü, A filament, a nice distinction.

Ti, Indissolubly joined, adapted.

HA Mien, Floss, extended, connected.

'C'hi, Silk gauze.

,Chi, Grass cloth.

於 Hi, Hemp cloth.

Hieu', Embroider, decorate.

Si, Silk thread, raw silk.

Lu', (c) lu', Green.

Chī', (c) ,chī, Weave.

Tsu, Fringe, tape, badge of Hieu, Shame. office.

Draw threads for 美国 ,Shan, Fetid, rank odor. ¿C'heu, weaving, silk, pongee.

為基 F, Draw out, unravel, long, utmost.

新王 Chi, Twist, join, continue, compose; pursue, seize.

121.

THE C'hiue', (c), c'hiue, Deficit, gap, few.

122.

Isui, Sin, guilt.

菜住 Lo, A net, gauze.

Han, Rare, admire.

 $Fa^{c}(c)$ fa, Punish, fine.

ME Lo li, Encounter.

Shu' (c) shu, Yamun, office, manage, act pro tempore.

* 'Wang, Without, privative.

123.

F. Yang, Sheep, goat.

型, Chiùn, Herd.

I, Justice, righteousness, kindness, friendship, patriot-

'Mei, Beautiful.

Kau, Lamb.

Hien, Covet, long for.

124.

Hau', A quill.

翼 I, Wing, aid.

Hi' (c) ,hi, Repeat, imitate,

Chien, Destroy.

Trsui, A green bird.

Yo' yau', Splendor.

Hi, Unite, combine.

'Chu, To soar.

Hiang, Gyrate.

Ngau, Hover.

Chiau, High, raise the head.

125. 老

Che, A relative ref. to persons and things.

Lau, Old, aged.

Chi, Aged, an elder.

Keu, Superannuated wrinkled.

126.

Ri, And, but.

Chwen, Solely, bent on.

Nai, Patience perseverance. Pei, Back, carry on the back,

127.

某井, Keng, Plow.

128. 耳

F'Ri, Ear, a euphonic.

\$\sum_{\text{Sheng}}\text{, Sacred, sage, holy.}

Ting ting, Hear, allow.

Wen, Hear, perceive.

斯, Ya (e) eye, Interrogative fi- 原, Fu, Bosom, belly, nal, Ye su, Jesus.

聲, Sheng, Sound, report.

Chū', Collect.

Tsung, Wise, quickeared.

取 Chī (c) chī, Office.

Lung, Deaf.

耳痒 Lien, Unite.

129. 重

F Chau', Strike, commence. Su, Respectful.

星 F, Practice, assiduous.

130. 内

HE Neng, Able, can.

太 Ju' (c) jeu', Flesh.

To' (c) to, Extricate.

青 ,Kau, Grease, anoint.

turn the back, recite.

Tai, The womb.

Ü, Rear, nurture.

目 'Ken, Willing.

Fei, Leg bones.

Fei, Fat.

片篇 'Tan, Gall; courage.

唐, Fu, Skin.

Pau, Womb.

Pi, Conception.

HE Lu, Order, record.

Chi, Fat, essence.

Hu, Why? Northern bar-

是 Hing, A fishy odor.

看, Yau, Meats, viands.

Loan, Joan, Minced meat.

Fu, Decayed, rotten.

青 川ü, Altogether, almost.

131.

Chen, Officer, liege.

后, Lin, Arrive, confront.

Wo, Slumber.

H Tsi, Self, of course, from. 見 Hieu' (e) c'heu', Smell, decay. I Wan', A myriad, all.

133. 牟

Chi', Arrive at, most. Tau, To, at, arrive. 景, Tai, Terrace, stage.

练, Chen, Arrive, extend, in the highest degree.

134. 日

姐 'Ü, With, give, interrogative? E Chieu', Old, ancient.

Hing, Rise, raise, flourish. J.Ü, Bear aloft, sustain.

135. 舌

舍 She, Cottage, yield, give up. 夹, Ying, Bloom, brave, heroic.

137. 舟

H. Cheu, Ship, vessel. HI Chwen, Boat, ship.

138. 艮

Liang, Good, virtuous, rather & Choc chw, An affix expres-单尺 : Chien, Difficult.

139. 色

Se'sho' (c)'shai, Color, beauty, amorous.

140. 邮

Jo', If, suppose, like, that,

Kai, Because, cover.

Hwa hwa, Flower, glory.

Meng, 'meng, Simple, cover, receive favor.

Ku, Bitter.

Tsang', Inter.

,Lien, Water lily.

Lan, A flower, Aglaia odor-

T'sang, tsang', Conceal, store.

Hwang, Wild, waste, barren.

Mo, No, not, must not.

Hwa, Flower.

Chie', Reliance, pretext, record.

新 Pu. Grape.

sive of completion, to send, publish, display.

洛 Lo' (c) law, Fall.

'Keu, If, doubtful, irregular,

Tesang, Azure.

Po' (e) pau, Thin.

Po' (e) spau, Protect.

Ho', ho, Lotus, to bear, receive favor.

Pi, Veil, to obscure.

Miau, Minute, slight.

Yo' (c) yau', Medecine.

if 'Fu, wu, Weeds, rubbish.

'Hung, Death of a noble.

Kwo, Fruits.

Ye, Leaves.

,Su, Cheerful, also

早 'T'sau, Grass.

Miau, Germ, aboriginal.

Maw, meu', Flourishing, abundant.

Chien', Recommend.

'Ko (c) ko, Flax.

Yin', Shade.

Yuen', Pasture, park, luxu- Chung, Insect, worm. riant.

Fang, Fragrance.

🚉 I, Plant, cultivate, craft, art.

Hw, Nourish, hoard.

Ts'ai, Herbs.

, Wei, Pot herbs.

,Kw'ei, Malvaceous plants, the sunflower.

Chie', Mustard.

, Fen, Perfume of opening flowers.

Tang', Vagrant, vast.

Luxuriant.

141.

C'hu, C'hu', Place, dwell.

Hü, Empty, vain.

Haw, Sign, title, cry.

,C'hien, Earnest, devout.

Nio, (c) niau, Oppress, in-

Lo, Prisoner, ravage.

142.

She, Serpent.

Mi, Honey.

Man, Savage.

, Lo, A Small sea shell.

鬼旱, Hwang, Locust.

,Hia, Shrimp, crawfish.

*Ko (c) ,ko, Oyster, muscle.

T'san, Silk worm.

e朱, Chu, Spider.

Yin, Earthworm.

LE Chan, A kind of locust.

中義 I, Ants.

Ying, Flies.

143. MI.

III Blood.

144. 行

行, Hing, Hang, Walk, act, hong.

街, Chie, Street.

信 Wei, Protect, defend.

TIT Shw, Method.

雀,Chü, Street, road.

伊丁 Heng, Transverse.

孙丁 'Yen, Inundate, amplify.

街, Hiuen, Brag, boast, display,

for to dazzle.

145. 衣

不,I, Clothes.

,C'hu, Beginning.

大 *Pei*, Receive, prefix to passive verbs.

太 ,I, Posterity.

Ai, Grief, sorrow melancholly.

Hi, (c), hi, Lurk, take by surprise, hereditary.

衷, Chung, Heart, nature.

Chr, Manufacture.

表, Shwai, Decay.

和, P'au, Mantle robe.

Nang, Bag, sack, yesterday.

水田 'Pu, Patch, mend.

'Piau, Outside, display, example.

水果,Lo, Naked.

, C'hang, Clothes, lower garments.

移 Fu, Repeated, double.

,C'hieu, Jacket, vest.

不禁, Chin, Skirt.

Hiew, Sleeve.

Chwang, Adorn, repair, lade a ship.

*Ts'ai, Cut, trim, shear.

Lie, Rend, tear.

146.

Hi, West.

Yau, Wish, will, important.

酒 Fu, Reply, repeat.

Ho', Investigate, search, verify, distinguish.

147. 見

R. Chien', hien', See, be seen, appear.

親, C'hin, Kindred, intimacy, 最 Chie', Ordinance, commandself, own.

Hien', At present, appear.

Kwan, Behold, consider. Chio, (c) chiau, Conscious,

feel, awake.

Tw, Look, see.

Chin', Interview with a superior.

Ti, See, face to face.

Mi, Seek.

148. 角

Chio', (c)'chiau, Horn, corner 简在 'Chie, Untie, explain.

Hu, ku, Square, law, plan, a square vessel, a wine cup. The 'U, Words, discourse.

149. ≡

= Yen, Words, speak.

Wei', Say, call.

.Chu, Many, all, plural prefix, in, at.

Hin', Instruct.

Hiang, Full, minute, in de-

Pi, Compare, parable.

Shi, Try, endeavor.

高间 Ü, Edict, command.

Mu, meu, Plan, plot.

高久, Kai, Ought, altogether, the

Hie', To thank, to decline.

青午 'Hü, Promise, intensive particle.

'Tsu, Curse, imprecation.

FF' Ching, Invite, request, inquire.

Tsan', Praise.

The Chi, Record, remember.

記成, C'heng, Sincere, honest.

Cheng', Evidence, witness.

F. Visit. Trative. Shwo', (c) shwo, Speak, nar-

Chi, Count, calculate. Fife Shui, Who? Jang, Yield, relinquish. Lun lun, Discourse, treatise. , Kw'a, Boast. Shi, Oath, swear. 表 F, Discuss, negotiate. Pien, Turn, change. Sung', Accuse, law suit. Ts'i, Words, verses, state- $T^{i}o', (c)$ st'o, Entrust, pre-El Chau', Summon. Yew, Win, beguile, persuade. H. Hwei, Instruct, admonish. Ngeu, Recite, sing. Sung, Read, recite. Shī, Verses, poetry. ·Chiang, Speak, discourse. 三地 Tan, Birth, advent of a great man, great, false. TE 'C'hien, Rebuke, punish. Kwei, Deceit. 'C'hien, Modest.

 $\exists \exists Tu^{\epsilon}, (c), tu, \text{ Read.}$ The Jen', Recognize, acknowledge. Chie', Inquire. Shi, (c) shi, Know, remem- Line Chin, Careful, respectful. \ddot{U} , Praise. Pang, Slander. Wu, Mistake, error. Mieu', Error. Triau, tiau, Turn, temper, mix. 指文 Pien, Eloquent, distinguish, vindicate. Ya', Frightened, astonished. Chan, Flattery. Chi, Ridicule. Ping, Censure, criticism. Yung, Sing. Hie, Harmony. Thu, Who? How? 量量 Pu, Record, catalogue. Tseu, Consult, inquire. *Ching, Warn, caution, ex-

hort to respect.

150. 谷

Ku, (c)?ku, Valley.

i 'Chi, How?

Feng, Opulent.

Yen', Beauty.

152. 水

Hiang, Elephant, ivory.

Pin, Name of a state.

Tun, A pig.

Hau, Rich, opulent.

Ü, Beforehand, doubt, suspicion, luxury.

153.

Ma, Appearance. 3 Mo', Barbarian.

154. 貝

Sī (c) t'sī', Bestow, confer.

Shu' (c) Shu, Redeem.

Fu, Bear on the back, turn Ho, Awful, majestic. the back.

 $Che^{\epsilon}(c)$ tse, Rebuke, reprove.

Tsai, Riches.

Kwei, Honorable.

Sai se, Vie, display.

Tin, Poor, impoverished.

Ho', Goods..

Fw, Conferred by heaven.

Chic, Talent, matter.

,Tan, Covet.

'Mai, Buy.

Mait, Sell.

Kung', Tribute.

Hien, Worthy, wise.

Pin, Guest, retainer.

Shang, Reward.

Tse (c) tsei, Thief, steal, injure.

育,Tsi, Means, rely on.

Chu, Hoard, store up.

,Keng, Repeat a song, join, continue.

155. 赤

派 She, Forgive.

术 Chr, Red, sincere.

156. 走

Tue, Pass, leap over.

The 'Chi, Rise, raise.

'Tseu, Walk, run.

Chu, Run,

Fu, Go.

C'hen', Follow, improve opportunity.

157. 足

Lw, Road, way.

Tsu' (c) tsu, Foot, enough.

Chiene, Tread.

Chi, Track.

Kwei Kneel.

Tau, Tread, stamp.

是更 Chi', Going back and forth.

子童, Chu chu, Walk, unsteady.

Chu, Hastily overleaping, Chwen, chwen', Turn. hesitating.

语言 Cheu, Undecided.

Chi, Cling, climb, rise.

K Tiau, Leap.

Yo, Spring, dance.

语: Hi, Barefoot.

Kwei, Kneel.

T'su', Walk circumspectly.

Chi, Walk with measured, steps, reverently.

158.

Shen, Body, person.

Fiskung, Person, self.

開始, Chü, Body, person.

159. 重

Chū ,c'he, Wagon, chariot.

Chiau', Compare.

in , Chian, Army.

Hia (e) , hia, Control.

Tsai, Convey, a year.

Ching, Light.

Pei, Class, grade.

Lun, Wheel.

Shu, Rotate, pay out, lose, be beaten.

Hwei, Splendor, lustre.

 \tilde{U} , Imperial domain.

Fu, Spokes of a wheel, with next to collect.

康素,T'scu, Hub of a wheel.

Fu, Aid.

Hung, Booming, as of cannon.

160. 辛

Hing', Fortunate.

,Ku, Offence, guilt.

Tsi, Words, to decline.

辨 Piew, Distinguish. 主 'Hin, Bitter, acrid.

161. 辰

导 Ju, Shame, disgrace. 農, Nung, Husbandman.

辰, Chen, Time, the 5th hour.

162. 辵

游, Sui, Then, thereon, at once.

Taw, Way, method, truth, doctrine, reason.

Kwo', Pass, cross over, transgress.

M. Tau, Escape, fly.

'Hiuen, Select, choose.

追,Chui, Pursue.

造 Tsau, Create, make.

遠 'Yuen, Far, long.

避 Pi, Avoid, escape.

迨 Tai, Until.

¿Fan, Return.

適 Shī', Meet, suit, go.

道, I, Omit, transmit, let fall, leave behind.

遵,Tsun, Observe, obey.

道 'Chien, Send.

章, Wei, Oppose, withdraw from.

Ni, Contrary, resist.

Tsau, Meet, encounter.

までu, Path, road.

扁 Pien', Everywhere.

速 Su (c) su, Hasten.

, Tung, Open, reasonable.

译 Tu^c (c) ,ta, Open, intelligent, prosperous.

Chu', Eject, persecute.

近 Chin', Near.

波, Yau, Invite.

Shu',(c), shu, Narrate, relate.

進 Chin', Enter.

泊 Po' p'o', Urge.

米 Mi, Delude, astray.

反 Hia, hia, Remote.

Ri, Near.

Chwen, twen, Go and come, haste.

遊, Yeu, Roam, rove.

Yūn', Revolve, circulate, transport.

景, Hwan, Return.

Lien, Connect, together.

Ying, Meet, welcome.

,Chien, Remove. Sung, Present, send away. Tun', Escape. Tui, Retire. J, Ü, Leap over, surpass. Hiün', Yielding, modest. C'C'hi, End, finish. Chi, Footstep. Hiūn', Vivid, energetic. Shi, Passing, vanishing. Chū', Suddenly. Tiau, Distant, remote. Ti, Transmit, distant. Lin, Elect, covetous, mean Ya', Meet, welcome, invite. , Hwan, Liesure, vacant. L I, Pleasure, escape.

逢,Feng, Meet. 邊,Pien, Side, border.

as a suite of rooms.

163. 邑

Sui, In the rear, far back,

F, City, district.

/ Miang, Village, neighbor-hood, the country.

Pang, Nation, state.

者 , Tu, Capital city.

交队, Chiau, Suburban fields.

式 C'hio', Reject, forsooth, also.

Nacana, That, how, where?

fill, Hiùn, Name of a place, Zion.

Hie, Oblique, perverse, corrupt.

Pu', Class, sort, bureau, board, volume.

光 Lin, Neighbor.

164. 酉

殿,I, Heal.

Hing, hing, Awake.

¿Chcu, Reciprocate, friendly intercourse.

Hin', Fault, defect quarrel.

Ngau, angau, Roam, saunter. Kiau', Leaven, yeast.

P'ei, Unite, fit together.

襄 'Niang, Ferment.

H- ,Han, Intoxicate.

西众 ,Soan, Sour.

165. 采

形, Loose, release expound, protect, Budha.

166. 里

Li, Neighborhood, Chinese A 'Chin, Gilding, brocade. mile, 1897½ Eng. ft, in Hiang, Border, inlaid. of a deg.

Ye, Pasture, wilderness.

重 Chung chung, Heavy, dou- 解, Chiang, A tinkling-ring. ble, again.

量 "Liang, liang", Measure.

167. 全

Chin, Gold, metal.

Hi (c) hi, Tin, bestow.

£ Lu', Record.

纸尺, Yin, Silver.

Tung, Copper, brass.

Tie, Iron.

全上 Chien', Mirror.

Chien', Inspect, oversee.

震 Chu, Cast, found, manufacture.

Chien, Cash, money,

无 ,Ting, Nail.

全, Feng, Point, edge.

T'so', Mistake, scattered.

Tso' (c) tsau, Bore, chisel.

to Cho', (c) icho, Bracelet.

震 Hwan, Ring.

美苗, Chung, Bell, clock.

能 Lu, Furnace.

Keng, Ringing, jingling

Ling, A small bell.

鉅, Chung, To love, a measure, goblet.

£ Chiun, Equal, just, arbiter, creator, venerable.

168. 長

Chang, Chang, Elder, superior, long.

169. 瓜

Men, Gate, door.

 $P^{c}i^{c}$, Open.

Chien schien, In, between.

Kai, Open.

Pi, Shut.

'Shan, Dart.

Ko, Wide.

Yue', Look over, pass over.

Koc (c) ko, Gallery.

Hien, Vacant.

170. 阜

Chiang hiang, Come down, send down, degrade surren-Li, Leave. der.

》等 'Yin, Hide, conceal.

以東, Chen, Display, arrange, order of battle.

Hien', Fall into, entrap.

H Sui, Follow, at option.

,Ngo ,ngo, Cringe, flatter, lean on, partial, prefix to

Yin, The dark, or female principle.

以余, Chu, Exclude, besides.

以出 说, Corner.

Chi, Limit, border, junction

'Tsu, Obstacle, hinder.

走 Lu', Dry land, by land.

Hi, A quarrel, cranny.

,Fang, Guard against.

Yuen', Court, hall, office.

'Fu (c) fu, Append.

Hien, Steep, perilous.

Chic, Climb, promotion.

Hien', Limit.

172. 隹

*Ya, Refined, literary.

典臣 Nan nan', Hard, difficult.

KE Sui, sui, Though.

深E Tsa (c) tsa, Mixed, promis-

雙, Shwang, Double, a pair.

清集, Tiau, Carve, adorn, tattoo.

美康, Chi, Chicken.

f Chio' (c) 'chiau, Sparrow.

维, Yung, Harmony.

173. 南

Ling, Spirit, intelligent, effectual.

d'Ü, Rain.

Yün, Clouds.

Chen', Quake, convulse.

Hive, (c) hive, Snow.

Lw, Dew.

,Hü, Need, must.

¿Ling, Scattring, remnant.

Hiau, A halo, fleecy clonds,

Hia, Glow of sunset.

Ni, Rainbow.

下, Lui, Thunder.

\$\int_{\infty} \text{Lui, Thunder.}\$

\$\int_{\infty} \text{Yin, Excessive rains.}\$

\$\int_{\infty} \text{T'ing, Sharp thunder.}\$

\$\int_{\infty} \text{Tien', Lightning.}\$

174. 青

青,C'hing, Green. 群 Ching', Still, silent. 生 'Sheng', Fault, crime, meagre, reduce.

175. 非

手, Fei, Not, is not, wrong. 於, Mi, Profuse, not, without.

176. 面

Mien, Face.

177. 革

Ko, (c) ko, Leather, change, dismiss.

描 Chū, Judge, condemn.

中国 ,Chiang, Bridle.

178. 韋

#阿 Yūn, Guard, conceal.

180. 音 音,Yin, Voice, sound. 響'Hiang, Echo. 量子 Yün^c, Rhyme. 立子 Shau, Name of an air.

181. 頁

别,Hien, Reveal, display.

類 Lei, Class, species.

Tun', Bow the head, instantly, at once.

Yüen, Willing, desirous.

顧 Ku, Look, regard.

東真 Lai, Depend on.

Shun, Obey, yield, unimpeded.

頂 Ü, Beforehand, prepare.

公員 Sunge, Praise.

頂,Hū, Must.

分負, Pan, Distribute.

以真,Teu, Head.

'Ling, Stretch the neck, receive with respect.

'Ting, Bear on the head, superlative.

南京, Man , man, Large face.

Han, Bald, with the preceding, stupid.

皮魚,Po, Somewhat, rather.

親,Ti, Theme, subject.

月, Ching, 'c'hing, 100 mow, an 日上 'Ri, Pastry, bait, allurement. instant.

Pin, Incessant, urgent.

Yen', Color, countenance. T月, Wan, Stupid, perverse.

182. 風

風, Feng, Wind, custom, influ- 香, Hiang, Incense. ence.

184. 食

Shi (c) shi, Eat, food.

Ping, Loaf, cake.

'Yang, Nourish.

'Yin, Drink.

Ö, Overplus.

,Chi, Hunger, dearth.

Shi, Ornament.

Chi, Hunger.

色垂 Jau, Generous in fare, in treatment, forgive.

美, Yung, Breakfast.

知 Sun, Supper.

'Pau, Full fed, satisfied.

U, Sated, filled.

'Tsoan, chwen', Meats, dressed food.

Hieu, Viands, dainties.

[又 Fan', Boiled rice.

185. 首

Sheu, Head, chief, beginning.

186. 杏

黑 Hin, Fragrance.

187. 馬

Ma, Horse.

温 Lü, Mule.

ந் ,C'hü, Drive, expel.

Hai, Fright.

斯喬 , Chiau, Pride.

Chu', Reside.

Yen', Test.

Chia', Equipage, the Emperor, thou.

意, Ching, Fright.

¿C'hi, chi, Ride, rider.

To, Camel.

Cheu, Sudden, gallop.

馬史'Shì, Sail.

Chi, A fine horse.

Teng, Mount up, run swiftly. 野莊, Hwa, An elegant horse. Lieu A bay or sorrel. , C'hi, Run, gallop. Cheng, Run swiftly. 188. 曾

Ti, Body, substance, members, sympathy.

Fi 'Ku (c) ku, Bone.

高,Kau, High.

190. 影

Fa fa', Hair.

"Tiau, Loos eringlets, young, IIII Ngau', ngo, Alligator. youthful.

Maw, Hair, eminent, courageous.

191.

Tew, Contend.

Hung', A confused noise.

192. 鬯

Ü, Fragrant, pent, vexed.

193. 昆

尝 Ü, Buy, sell.

Yung, Bright, harmonious. Yen, Salt.

194.

Kwei, Ghost, devil.

Mo, Devil, temptation.

Hwun, Soul.

195. H , U, Fish.

Lu, Stupid, name of a king-

鱼羊 Hien hien, Fresh, rare.

Lin, Scales, fish.

Kw'un, Leviathan.

Au, A monster said to sustain the earth.

無呆, Ching, Whale.

Niau, Bird.

All Koc (c) ko, Dove, pigeon.

Ming, Cry, sound.

Feng', Phoenix.

,Loan, Bird of paradise.

Ho' (c) hau, Stork, crane.

Hung, Wild goose.

C'hio', Magpie, daw, jay.

197.

198. 鹿

Li, Beautiful, splendid.

mix Lin, An animal, which ap- Ting, A censer. pears at the birth of a sage.

Pe 'Chu, A deer with a bushy

Ts'u, Coarse.

199. 麥

麥 Mo' (c) mai, Wheat.

200. 厭

Ma, Hemp.

Mo (c) ma ma, Minute, de-Ling, Front teeth, sign of licate, interrogative.

201.

黃 Hwang, Yellow.

203. 黑

黑术 Mo', Silent.

Ho' (c) ,hei', Black.

堂, Tang, Clan, company.

Tai', Dark green.

205. 黽

Hin', Strive, urge, a frog.

林族 日間 Pie, (c) pie, A turtle supposed to hear with its eyes.

fi Yuen, Tortoise.

To, A large iguana.

206. 鼎

207. 鼓

读 'Ku, Drum, excite.

210. 齊

产,Cihi, Evenly, united, name of a state.

Chai, Studio, penance.

211. 協

 $C^{i}h^{i}$, Upper front teeth.

age.

龍 Lung, Dragon.

213. 읣

Kwei, Tortoise.

214. 龠

篇 Yo', Supplicate.

CORRIGENDA.

read V. Page. 14 for VI. 36-23 " North and South " South and North. 68–13 " Banisters Arbors. 22 69-16 ,, 69-19 " Diamond Gem. " Keng. 22 71–22 " Tsih 72-24 " Pear Plum. 22 74-29 ,, Shark Alligator. 22 In Vocabulary, 38th, rad. I numbered 39, and misplaced. University of California
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